



NDOR

Nebraska
Department of Roads

State of Nebraska
Department of Roads
Materials and Research Division

Materials Sampling Guide

**MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE
INDEX OF SECTIONS**

SECTION	PAGE NUMBER
SECTION 1 – GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS AND DEFINITIONS	
1 General Instructions	1-1
2 General Definitions	1-1
3 Instructions for Local Public Agency (LPA) Projects	1-2
SECTION 2 – ASPHALTIC MATERIALS	
1 Asphaltic Oils	2-1
2 Asphalt, Emulsified Anionic and Cationic	2-1
3 Performance Grade Binder	2-2
SECTION 3 – ASPHALTIC CONCRETE	
1 Asphaltic Concrete Type SP1-SP5, SPR	3-1
2 Asphaltic Concrete Type SPS	3-1
3 Asphaltic Concrete Type HRB	3-1
4 Asphaltic Concrete Type SPL	3-1
5 Asphaltic Concrete Type OGFC CRM, OGFC, GGCCRM, LV, LV, RLC	3-2
6 Asphaltic Concrete Mixtures	3-2
7 Asphaltic Concrete Pavement	3-2
8 Hydrated Lime or Type S Lime	3-3
SECTION 4 – ASHALTIC CONCRETE MATERIALS	
1 Mineral Aggregate (Gravel, Sand, Sand-Gravel)	4-1
2 Mineral Aggregate (Crushed Rock)	4-1
3 Crushed Rock (Screenings, Man-Sand)	4-1
4 Quartzite and Granite	4-1
5 Quartzite, Chat, and Granite (Screenings, Man-Sand)	4-1
6 Crushed Mineral Aggregate or Chat for Microsurfacing	4-2
7 Mineral Filler	4-2
SECTION 5 – COLD MIX BITUMINOUS SURFACING AND BASE	
1 Subgrade Sand	5-1
2 Mineral Filler	5-1
3 Combined Materials (Sand and Filler)	5-1
4 Bituminous Aggregates (Includes Mixed In Place Bituminous Surfacing)	5-2
5 Mineral Aggregates (Experimental Bituminous Mixture)	5-2
6 Mineral Filler (Experimental Bituminous Mixture)	5-2
SECTION 6 – GRAVEL AND CRUSHED ROCK FOR SURFACING	
1 Gravel for Surfacing	6-1
2 Crushes Rock for Surfacing	6-1
SECTION 7 – MINERAL AGGREGATE FOR ARMOR COAT	
1 Mineral Aggregate for Armor Coat	7-1
2 Chip Seal (Limestone, Dolomite, Granite, Quartzite)	7-1
3 Lightweight Aggregate	7-2
SECTION 8 – CRUSHED ROCK AND CRUSHED ROCK SCREENINGS FOR BASE COURSE	
1 Crushed Rock for Base Course	8-1
2 Crushed Rock Screenings for Base Course	8-1

MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE

INDEX OF SECTIONS

SECTION 9 – GRADING

1	Embankment (Cohesive and Granular)	9-1
---	------------------------------------	-----

SECTION 10 – COMPACTION – SUBGRADE (COHESIVE SOILS)

1	Subgrade Compaction, Subgrade Reconstruction	10-1
2	Fly Ash	10-2
3	Hydrated Lime or Pebble Quicklime	10-2
4	Subgrade Soil and Hydrated Lime or Pebble Quicklime for Mix Design	10-2

SECTION 11 – COMPACTION – STABILIZED PORTION OF GRANULAR SUBGRADE

1	Stabilized Portion of Granular Subgrade	11-1
2	Soil Binder	11-2

SECTION 12 – FOUNDATION COURSE (REGULAR AND CRUSHED CONCRETE)

1	Crushed Concrete Foundation Course	12-1
2	All Aggregates and Soil Binder	12-1
3	Bituminous	12-1
4	Aggregate Foundation Course – D	12-2
5	Soil Binder	12-2
6	Foundation Course	12-2

SECTION 13 – GRANULAR BASE, GRANULAR FILL, GRANULAR BACKFILL, SANDBLANKET AND MSE WALL

1	All Mineral Aggregates and Soil Binder (Experimental Base Course Mixtures)	13-1
2	Mineral Aggregates (Commercial Production)	13-1
3	Course Sand	13-2
4	Fine Sand	13-2
5	Soil Binder	13-3
6	Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill and Sand Blanket	13-4
7	Stabilized Portion of Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill and Sand Blanket	13-5
8	Granular Backfill for Structures	13-6
9	Granular Subdrains	13-7
10	Granular Backfill for Pipe Underdrain	13-7
11	Select and Random Granular Backfill for MSE Walls	13-8

SECTION 14 – PORTLAND CEMENT/FLY ASH

1	Portland Cement	14-1
2	Blended Cement	14-1
3	Fly Ash	14-2
4	Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS)	14-2
5	Silica Fume	14-2

SECTION 15 – PORTLAND CEMENT FOR PAVEMENT, BASE COURSE AND PAVEMENT PATCHING

1	Coarse Aggregate – Gradation and Quality	15-1
2	Fine Aggregate Sand Gravel – Gradation and Quality	15-1
3	All Aggregates – Moisture	15-2
4	Mixing Water – Quality	15-2
5	Plastic Concrete – Air Content	15-2
6	Concrete Test Cylinders – Compressive Strength	15-2
7	Concrete Cores – Slab Thickness	15-3
8	PCC Pavement	15-3
9	Concrete Curing Materials	15-4

MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE INDEX OF SECTIONS

	A	Liquid Compounds	15-4
	B	Plastic Film	15-4
	C	Burlap Cloth	15-4
10		Reinforcement Bars (Including Dowel Bars)	15-4
11		Welded Steel Wire Fabric	15-4
12		Deformed Metal Joint Material	15-4
13		Elastomeric Compression Joint Steel	15-4
14		Lubricant Adhesive for Elastomeric Compression Joint Seals	15-4
15		Epoxy Compound	15-4
16		Joint and Crack Seal Fillers	15-4
	A	Cold Applied Type	15-4
	B	Hot Poured Type	15-4
17		Load Transfer Devices for Reinforced Concrete Pavement Joints	15-5
18		Preformed Joint Filler	15-5
	A	Non-Extruding	15-5
	B	Bituminous	15-5
	C	Sponge Rubber	15-5
19		Pressure Relief Joint Filler, Preformed Flexible Polyurethane	15-5
20		Concrete Chemical Admixtures	15-5
21		Calcium Chloride	15-5

SECTION 16 – PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE FOR STRUCTURES, CULVERTS AND MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION

1		Coarse Aggregate – Gradation and Quality	16-1
2		Fine Aggregate Sand Gravel – Gradation and Quality	16-1
3		Lightweight Aggregate – Gradation and Quality	16-2
4		All Aggregates – Moisture	16-2
5		Mixing Water – Quality	16-2
6		Plastic Concrete – Air Content and Slump	16-3
7		Lightweight Concrete – Air Content, Slump and Unit Weight	16-3
8		Concrete Test Cylinders – Compressive Strength	16-4
9		Concrete Curing Methods	16-5
	A	Liquid Compounds	16-5
	B	Plastic Film	16-5
	C	Burlap Cloth	16-5
10		Reinforcement Bar (Including Dowel Bars)	16-5
11		Welded Steel Wire	16-5
12		Concrete Chemical Admixtures	16-5

SECTION 17 – GUARD RAIL

1		Beam Guard Rail	17-1
	A	Beam Element	17-1
	B	Steel Posts, End Posts, Special Posts and Adapter Plates	17-1
	C	End Anchor Assembly and Breakaway Terminal Section	17-1
	D	Miscellaneous Hardware, Bolts, Washers, etc	17-1
	E	Wood Guard Rail Posts and Blocks	17-1
	F	Insert Assembly	17-1
2		Cable Guard Rail	17-1
	A	Cable	17-1
	B	Posts and Hook Bolts	17-1
	C	Tension Spring Assemblies	17-1
	D	Anchor Assemblies	17-1

SECTION 18 – FENCE MATERIALS

1		Barbed Wire	18-1
2		Chain Link	18-1

MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE INDEX OF SECTIONS

3	Fence Fasteners and Ties	18-1
4	Fittings and Hardware	18-1
5	Stables	18-1
6	Steel 'T' Line Posts	18-1
7	Tension Wire	18-1
8	Tubular 'H' and 'C' Sections for Post Braces, Top Rail, etc	18-1
9	Wooden Posts	18-1
10	Woven Wire	18-1

SECTION 19 – CULVERT PIPE, DRAIN TILE, SEWER PIPE, SLOPE DRAINS, ETC

1	Culvert Pipe	19-1
	A Zinc, Coated Galvanized Steel, Aluminum Coated Steel, Polymer Coated Steel and Plastic	19-1
	a Culverts (All Shapes)	19-1
	b Culverts (Plastic)	19-1
	c Underdrains	19-1
	d Flared End Sections	19-1
	e Structural Plate Pipe	19-1
	B Concrete	19-1
	a Culverts (All Shapes)	19-1
	b Flared End Sections	19-1
2	Drain Tile	19-1
	A Concrete	19-1
	B Bituminous Fiber	19-1
3	Sewer Pipe	19-2
	A Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings	19-2
	B Plastic	19-2
	C Reinforced Concrete	19-2
4	Slope Drains (Metal)	19-2
5	Related Materials	19-2
	A Sealing Compound for Concrete Pipe Joints	19-2
	B Bituminous Plastic Cement	19-2
	C Sewer Joint Compound	19-2
	D Sewer Pipe Gaskets	19-2
	E Flexible Pipe Joints	19-2
	F Post Applied Coatings	19-2

SECTION 20 – BRIDGE MATERIALS

1	Aluminum Filled Resilient Dealing Compound	20-1
2	Asphalt Plank	20-1
3	Lock Pin and Collar Fasteners (High Strength Steel)	20-1
4	Bridge Deck Drainage System	20-1
5	Caulking and Sealing Compounds	20-1
6	Deck Joint Seal	20-1
7	Form Insulation	20-1
8	Galvanized Sheet Metal	20-1
9	Galvanized Steel Wire Stand	20-1
10	Lead Sheet	20-1
11	Bolts, Nuts, Washers	20-2
	A Anchor	20-2
	a High Tensile	20-2
	b Low Carbon (Common)	20-2
	c Swedge	20-2
	B Structural Fasteners for Steel Bridges	20-2
	a High Tensile (Regular and Weather Resisting Types)	20-2
	b Low Carbon (Common)	20-2

**MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE
INDEX OF SECTIONS**

12	Elastomeric Bearings	20-3
	A Elastomeric Bearing Pads – Neoprene or Neoprene with Steel Shim	20-3
	B Bearing Pads – Cotton Duck	20-3
13	Fixed and EXPANSION Bearings, TFE Type	20-3
14	Confined Elastomeric Bearings (Pot Bearings)	20-3
15	Strip Seal	20-3
16	Epoxy compounds	20-3
17	Grouting Materials	20-3
	A Non-Shrink Grout	20-3
	B Epoxy Type	20-3
18	Joint Sealing Filler	20-3
	A Cold Poured Type	20-3
	B Hot Poured Type	20-3
19	Paint	20-4
20	Preformed Joint Filler	20-4
21	Pressure Relief Joint Filler, Preformed Flexible Polyurethane	20-4
22	Waterstop	20-4
23	Wood Piling	20-4
24	Wood Preservatives	20-4
25	Zinc (Sheet)	20-4
26	Reinforcement Bars	20-4
	A Bars (Including Dowel Bars)	20-4
	B Mechanical Splices	20-4
27	Steel	20-4
	A Piling, Sheet Piling, Shells for Cast in Place and Crossbracing for Piling	20-4
	B Structural	20-4
	a Substructure	20-4
	b Superstructure	20-4
28	Precast and Prestressed Concrete Units	20-4
29	Prestressed Steel Wire Strand	20-5
30	Prestressed Fine and Concrete Girder Bridges	20-5
31	Structural Steel for Concrete Girder Bridges	20-5
32	Structural Fasteners for Concrete Girder Bridges	20-5
	A High Tensile (Regular and Weather Resisting Types)	20-5
	B Low Carbon (Common)	20-5

SECTION 21 – LIGHTING AND SIGNAL MATERIALS

1	Bolts, Nuts, and Washers	21-1
	A Anchor Bolts for Light, Signal, Span Wire, and Combination Poles	21-1
	B Anchor Bolts for High Mast Towers and Overhead Sign Supports	21-1
2	Electrical Items	21-1
	A Cast Iron Frames and Covers for Pull Boxes	21-1
	B Cast Iron Junction Boxes	21-1
	C Conduit	21-1
	a Aluminum	21-1
	b Asbestos Cement	21-1
	c Fiber	21-1
	d Plastic	21-1
	e Steel (Rigid, Flexible)	21-1
	f Rigid Nonmetallic	21-1
	D Light Poles	21-2
	a Conventional Light Poles	21-2
	b High Mast Poles	21-2
	c Signal Standards	21-2
	d Span Wire Poles	21-2

MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE INDEX OF SECTIONS

	e Breakaway Base	21-2
E	Ground Rod	21-2
F	Ground Wire	21-2
G	Electrical Wire and Cable	21-2
H	Span Wire, Tie Wire, and Guy Wire	21-2
I	Electrical Equipment	21-3
	a Photo Electric Cells	21-3
	b Traffic Signals and Controllers	21-3
	c Transformers	21-3
	d Vehicle Detectors	21-3
	e Luminaries	21-3
	f Circuit Breakers	21-3
	g Fittings and Hardwire	21-3
	h Pull Boxes	21-3
J	Galvanized Steel Wire	21-3
K	Grouting Material	21-3
	a Non Shrink Grout	21-3
	b Epoxy Type	21-3
L	Preformed Joint Filler	21-3
M	Poles (Wood)	21-3
N	Polyurethane Foamed Footings	21-3
 SECTION 22 – SIGNING MATERIALS		
1	Bolts, Nuts and Washers	22-1
	A High Tensile	22-1
	B Low Carbon (Common)	22-1
	C Sign Fasteners	22-1
	D Anchor	22-1
2	Brackets and Fasteners	22-1
	A Aluminum	22-1
	B Steel	22-1
3	Detachable Letters, Numerals, Symbols, and Border	22-1
4	Acrylic Plastic Prismatic Reflectors	22-1
5	Reflective Sheeting	22-1
6	Extrusheet	22-2
7	Sheet Aluminum	22-2
8	Sheet Metal Sleeves	22-2
9	Signing Supports and Structures	22-2
	A Aluminum	22-2
	B Steel	22-2
	C Wood Posts	22-2
10	Sign Supports, Overhead	22-2
	A Main Members	22-2
	a Truss Chords and Bracing	22-2
	b Chord End Flanges	22-2
	c Vertical Posts and Bracing	22-2
	d Catwalk Supports and Post Braces	22-2
	B Secondary Members	22-2
	a Catwalk Grating	22-2
	b Railing	22-2
	c Bolts	22-2
	d U-Bolts	22-2
	e J-Bolts	22-2
	f Chains	22-2
	g Miscellaneous Hardware	22-2

MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE

INDEX OF SECTIONS

SECTION 23 – TRAFFIC CONTROL

1	Barricades and Warning Signs Reflective Materials	23-1
2	Barricade warning Lights	23-1
3	Thermoplastic Pavement Marking	23-1
4	Glass Beads for Thermoplastic Pavement Marking	23-1
5	Epoxy Pavement Marking	23-1
6	Glass Beads for Epoxy Pavement Marking	23-1
7	Durable Retroreflective Performed Pavement Marking Tape (Type I, II, III, IV)	23-1
8	Temporary Pavement Marking Tape (Type I, II)	23-1
9	Paint for Temporary Pavement Marking	23-1
10	Glass Beads for Temporary Pavement Marking	23-1
11	Raised Pavement Markers (Plowable, Temporary)	23-1
12	Overlay Markers	23-1
13	Tubular Posts	23-1
14	Opposing Lane Dividers	23-2
15	Changeable Message Sign	23-2
16	Flashing Arrow Panel	23-2

SECTION 24 – ROADSIDE DEVELOPMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

1	Erosion Control	24-1
2	Rock Riprap	24-1
	A Rock Riprap	24-1
	B Filter Fabric for Rock Riprap	24-1
3	Filter Fabric for Pipe Underdrains	24-1
4	Subsurface Drainage Matting	24-1
5	Geocell Cellular Confinement System	24-1
6	Gabions	24-1
	A Gabion Baskets	24-1
	B Gabions Stone Fill	24-1
7	Revet Mattress	24-1
	A Revet Mattress	24-1
	B Revet Mattress Stone Fill	24-1

SECTION 25 – MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

1	Automatic Flood Control Gates	25-1
2	Bar Grates	25-1
3	Bricks	25-1
4	Concrete Filler Block	25-1
5	Dampproofing	25-1
	A Asphalt	25-1
	B Asphalt Primer	25-1
6	Flexible Delineators	25-1
7	Delineators	25-1
	A Fasteners	25-1
	B Reflectors	25-1
	C Posts	25-1
8	Glass Fiber Mulch	25-1
9	Gray Iron Castings (Cast Iron Grates, Frames, Covers, etc)	25-1
10	Pipe	25-1
	A Copper	25-1
	B Plastic	25-1
	C Steel	25-1
	D Wrought Iron	25-1
	E Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings	25-2
11	Cold Drawn Steel Wire	25-2
12	Prestressed Steel Wire Strand	25-2

MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE

INDEX OF SECTIONS

13	Right of Way Markers	25-2
14	Waterstop	25-2
15	Wood Products	25-2
	A Lumber	25-2
	B Timber	25-2
16	Hot Pour Sealant	25-2
17	Fill material for Inertial Barrier Modules	25-3
18	Culvert Sandfill	25-3
19	Sand and Sawdust for Absorption Field	25-4
20	Sand for Absorption Field	25-4
21	Sawdust	25-4
22	Combined Sand/Sawdust	25-5

SECTION 26 – BUILDING MATERIALS

1	Building Inspection and Acceptance	26-1
---	------------------------------------	------

SECTION 27 – NOTES

1	Sampling and Testing Small Quantities of Noncritical Materials	27-1
2	Asphaltic Oils, Performance Graded Binders, and Emulsified Asphalt	27-2
3	Asphaltic Concrete Small Quantities	27-3
4	Quality Tests of Aggregates	27-3
5	Crushed Rock Aggregate Inspected at the Source	27-3
6	Portland Cement Concrete	27-4
7	Concrete Chemical Admixture	27-4
8	Liquid Curing Compound	27-4
9	Reinforcing Steel, Bars and Fabric	27-5
10	Beam and Cable Guard Rail and Fittings	27-5
11	Metal Culvert Pipe Field Inspection and Reporting	27-5
12	Bolts, Nuts and Washers, and Structural Fasteners	27-6
13	Precast and Prestressed Concrete Units(Bearing Piling, Sheet Piling, Girders, Etc.)	27-6
14	Steel Bearing Piling, Steel Sheet Piling and Steel Shells for Cast-in-Place Piling	27-6
15	Structural Steel for Superstructure, Substructure, and Handrail	27-6
16	Combination Mast Arm Signal and Lighting Poles, Mast Arm Signal Poles, Span Wire Poles, Pedestal Traffic Signal Poles and Light Poles	27-7
17	Electrical Items	27-7
18	Gray Iron Castings (Cast Iron Grates, Frames, Pull Box Frames and Covers, Junction Boxes, etc.)	27-7
19	Source of Certificate of Compliance	27-7
20	Luminaire Settings	27-8
21	Signing Items	27-8
22	Reflectors and Fasteners	27-8
23	Delineator Posts	27-8
24	Right of Way Markers	27-8
25	Treated and Untreated Timber Piling, Treated Timber Sheet Piling, Fence Posts, Treated and Untreated Lumber, Treated and Untreated Timber, Wood Guard Rail Posts, Offset Blocks, Treated Poles and Sign Posts	27-9
26	Rock Riprap and Gabion Stone Fill	27-9

SECTION 28 – QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION

		28-A
1	Introduction	1-1
2	Definitions	2-1
	2.1 Acceptance Program	2-1
	2.2 Engineer	2-1
	2.3 Independent Assurance Program	2-1
	2.4 Proficiency Samples	2-1

MATERIALS SAMPLING GUIDE

INDEX OF SECTIONS

	2.5	Qualified Laboratories	2-1
	2.6	Qualified Sampling and Testing	2-1
	2.7	Quality Assurance	2-1
	2.8	Quality Control	2-1
	2.9	Random Sample	2-1
	2.10	Vendor	2-1
	2.11	Verification Sampling and Testing	2-1
3		Acceptance Program	3-1
	3.1	General	3-1
	3.2	Verification Sampling and Testing (Frequency, Location, and Attributes)	3-1
		3.2.1 Project Produced Materials	3-1
		3.2.2 Manufactured Materials	3-1
		3.2.3 Approved Products Lists	3-1
	3.3	Quality Control Sampling and Testing	3-2
		3.3.1 Quality Control Plan	3-2
		3.3.2 Dispute Resolution System	3-2
4		Independent Assurance Program	4-1
	4.1	General	4-1
		4.1.1 System Approach	4-1
		4.1.2 Project Based Approach	4-1
	4.2	Sampling and Testing Frequency and Location	4-1
	4.3	Testing Equipment	4-1
	4.4	Testing Personnel	4-2
	4.5	Comparison of Test Results	4-2
	4.6	Annual Report of Independent Assurance Program Results	4-2
5		Materials Certification	5-1
6		Conflict of Interest	6-1
7		Qualification of Laboratories, Sampling and Testing	7-1
	7.1	Laboratories	7-1
	7.2	Sampling and Testing Personnel	7-1
App A		Sampling and Testing Personnel Qualification Program	A-1
App B		Laboratory/Equipment Qualification Program	B-1
App C		Quality Control Plan – Minimum Requirements	C-1
App D		Acceptable Tolerance Limits for Independent Assurance	D-1
App E		Materials Certification	E-1
App F		FHWA Annual Report	F-1
		SECTION 29 – MATERIALS AND RESEARCH DIVISION POLICIES	29-A
1		Precast/Prestressed Concrete Plant Inspection – NDOR Inspector	29-1
2		Precast/Prestressed Concrete Plant Inspection – Plant Inspector	29-7
3		Precast/Prestressed Concrete Plant Products – Grooming and Repair Procedures	29-12
4		Acceptance Policy for Cement and Blended Cement	29-13
5		Acceptance Policy for Pozzolan (Fly Ash or Calcined Natural Pozzolan)	29-18
6		Acceptance Policy for Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS)	29-21
7		Certification of Ready Mix Plants	29-24
8		Pipe Material Policy	29-27
9		Policy Concerning Concrete Pipe Plant Certification Including Testing, Inspection and Approval of Reinforced Concrete Culvert and Sewer Pipe and Concrete Flared-End Sections	29-39

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

**Section 1
General Instructions and Definitions**

1. General Instructions 1-1

2. General Definitions 1-1

3. Instructions for Local Public Agency (LPA) Projects 1-2

Section 1

General Instructions and Definitions

General Instructions

- 1) When the sample or testing requirements of a material mentioned in this Materials Sampling Guide differs from those previously listed in our various field manuals, the Materials Sampling Guide will take precedence.
- 2) The Materials and Research Division pre-approves several materials before they reach the jobsite. When approved or pre-tested stock arrives on the project, certain requirements must be complied with before the material can be used. These requirements are stipulated in this guide.
- 3) The Materials and Research Division will be notified immediately of any substandard material arriving on a project.
- 4) It is recognized that in ordinary construction, some tests and observations may not comply with specification requirements. All test results obtained will be reported. The Project Manager will identify what action was taken regarding materials not meeting specification requirements. This disposition will include reasons for use of material, corrective action taken or reference to a check sample.

General Definitions

Certificate of Compliance: Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance shall state that the material or item meets all requirements. "Blanket-Type" certifications covering many different materials are not acceptable. Each certification will include all pertinent data (i.e. size, quantity, specification number, codes, contractor performing work, project number, project location, etc). An authorized representative of the manufacturing firm will sign the certification.

Certificate of Tests: Manufacturer's Certificate of Tests shall show the required test results and certify that they are correct. In some instances, such as steel for reinforcement, the process of manufacture must also be shown. The project number, project location and contractor will be indicated on the certification. An authorized representative of the manufacturing firm will sign the certification.

The cost of providing the Certificate of Compliance, the Certificate of Test and all expenses incurred regarding testing and sampling will not be paid for directly. This will be considered subsidiary to items for which the contract provides direct payment.

Minimum Materials Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements:

Q.C. Testing by Contractor – Contractor performs testing to control the quality of the material.

Verification Sampling and Testing by NDOR – Nebraska Department of Roads personnel perform verification testing to correlate with contractor’s test results and/or to verify the quality of material for acceptance.

Independent Assurance Testing – Nebraska Department of Roads, Contractor, Consultant personnel, equipment and laboratories are evaluated on an annual basis. This evaluation will determine the testing personnel’s competence performing their job. The evaluation will also assure that all equipment and testing facilities meet specification requirements.

The descriptions listed above are a very brief synopsis of the Quality Assurance Program for Construction.

The Quality Assurance Program for Construction manual is located in this sampling guide.

Please refer to it for a more in-depth description of the program.

Instructions for Local Public Agency (LPA) Projects

The Materials Sampling Guide is written to define roles and responsibilities for field, branch lab and central lab personnel who sample or test on an NDOR Project. On LPA projects, the LPA/Consultant Construction Engineering (CE) agreement defines who will fill each of the roles required by the Sampling Guide. All LPA/Consultant CE agreements are saved in the project file under the Local Project Divisions Environment in FALCON.

The LPA/Consultant CE agreement will define the following:

- 1) Field Personnel –The certified consultant or LPA field inspector/s assigned
- 2) Central Lab – Dependent on the material and agreement, this will be conducted by the NDOR Central Lab, or a NDOR Qualified Consultant or LPA lab.
- 3) Branch Lab – Dependent on the material and agreement, this will be conducted by the NDOR Central Lab or a NDOR Qualified Consultant or LPA lab.
- 4) Sample Required – It is the responsibility of the inspecting agency to determine which laboratory (NDOR Central, NDOR Branch, or NDOR qualified consultant or LPA) will perform the testing on a specific material. This responsibility extends to obtaining and delivering the sample to the appropriate laboratory.

Technician Requirements

All consultant and LPA field inspection personnel and lab technicians must be certified to test and sample the materials for which they are responsible. The list of certified technicians is maintained in SiteManager.

Qualified Laboratory Requirements

All consultant and LPA laboratories must be pre-qualified by NDOR to conduct the testing in the CE agreement. A list of NDOR qualified laboratories and the tests they are qualified to perform is maintained on the NDOR Materials and Research website.

NOTE: The NDOR Laboratory Qualification Manual is located on the Materials and Research Division's website and defines requirements that must be met to become a NDOR Qualified Laboratory.

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 2 Asphaltic Materials

1. Asphaltic Oils.....	2-1
2. Asphalt, Emulsified Anionic and Cationic.....	2-1
3. Performance Graded Binder	2-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
SECTION: 2 – Asphaltic Materials			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Asphaltic Oils	Quality	-----	<p>When requested by the Central Laboratory, a sample consisting of two one quart cans from a tank car or truckload following receipt at project.</p> <p>Sample to be submitted no later than five days to the Central Laboratory.</p>	-----	Acceptance samples to be tested in the Central Laboratory	Section 27 Note1 Note2
2) Asphalt, Emulsified Anionic and Cationic	Quality	-----	<p><u>Diluted Emulsions</u> Unless diluted under the supervision of the engineer, a sample consisting of two one quart plastic containers from each tank car or truckload following receipt at project.</p> <p><u>Undiluted Emulsions</u> When requested by the Central Laboratory, a sample consisting of two one quart plastic containers from a tank car or truckload following receipt at project.</p> <p>Sample to be submitted no later than five days to the Central Laboratory.</p> <p>No further samples are required unless the appearance of the material or any physical characteristics of it indicates contamination or noncompliance with the specifications.</p>	-----	Acceptance samples to be tested in the Central Laboratory.	Section 27 Note 1 Note 2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
SECTION: 2 – Asphaltic Materials (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
3)Performance Graded Binder	Quality	-----	<p>Using two one quart cans submit a two quart sample for each lot (3750 tons) or parts thereof of asphaltic concrete produced. A minimum of two two-quart samples per project.</p> <p>Sample to be submitted no later than 10 days to the Central Laboratory.</p> <p>(This sampling frequency must be followed for each grade and source of PG Binder used on the project).</p> <p>The sample information must be entered in SiteManager. The following information must be included on the SiteManager sample tag: sample id number, project number, contract number, project manager, binder grade, date sampled, refinery, and lot number.</p> <p>Sample to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.</p>	-----	Acceptance samples to be tested in the Central Laboratory.	Section 27 Note 2

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 3 Asphaltic Concrete

1. Asphaltic Concrete Type SP1-SP5, SPR.....	3-1
2. Asphaltic Concrete Type SPS	3-1
3. Asphaltic Concrete Type HRB.....	3-1
4. Asphaltic Concrete Type SPL	3-1
5. Asphaltic Concrete Type OGFCCRM, OGFC, GGCRM, GGCRV LV, LC, RLCSPS	3-2
6. Asphaltic Concrete Mixtures	3-2
7. Asphaltic Concrete Pavement.....	3-2
8. Hydrated Lime or Type S Lime.....	3-3

MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements				
		Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section 3 – Asphaltic Concrete			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Asphaltic Concrete Type SP1-SP5, SPR	Air Void VMA Binder % FAA CAA Gradation	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions. (Normally one per 750 ton sub-lot)	Insure a sample for each 750 ton sub-lot is retained by the contractor for possible Branch Lab testing.	One sample representing a 750 ton sub-lot will be tested for each 3750 ton lot.	Testing and sampling only for dispute resolution.	Section 27 Note 3
	Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) T-283	-----	A sample consisting of six specimens is required from the first lot of field production. Additional samples if requested by the Materials and Research Division.	-----	Testing for Lot Field Production. A Sample consisting of six specimens is required from the first lot of field production.	Section 27 Note 3
2) Asphaltic Concrete Type SPS	Air Void Gradation Binder %	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions. (Normally one per 750 ton sub-lot)	Insure a sample for each 750 ton sub-lot is retained by the contractor for possible Branch Lab testing.	One sample representing a 750 ton sub-lot will be tested for each 3750 ton lot.	Testing and sampling only for dispute resolution.	Section 27 Note 3
3) Asphaltic Concrete Type HRB	Binder % FAA (Virgin Material Only)	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions. (Normally one per 750 ton sub-lot)	Insure a sample for each 750 ton sub-lot is retained by the contractor for possible Branch Lab testing	One sample representing a 750 ton sub-lot will be tested for each 3750 ton lot.	Testing and sampling only for dispute resolution.	Section 27 Note 3
4) Asphaltic Concrete Type SPL	Air Void Gradation Brg. Cap. FAA CAA Binder %	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions. (Normally one per 750 ton sub-lot)	Insure a sample for each 750 ton sub-lot is retained by the contractor for possible Branch Lab testing.	One sample representing a 750 ton sub-lot will be tested for each 3750 ton lot. All Bearing Capacity Samples will be shipped to the Central Lab for testing.	Testing and sampling only for dispute resolution. All Bearing Capacity Samples will be tested at the Central Lab.	Section 27 Note 3

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section 3 – Asphaltic Concrete			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
5) Asphaltic Concrete Types OGFC CRM, OGFC, GGCRM, GGCRM LV, LC, RLC	Quality	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions. (Normally one per 750 ton sub-lot)	Insure a sample for each 750 ton sub-lot is retained by the contractor for possible Branch Lab testing.	One sample representing a 750 ton sub-lot will be tested for each 3750 ton lot.	Testing and sampling only for dispute resolution.	Section 27 Note 3
6) Asphaltic Concrete Mixtures	Density	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions. (Normally one per 750 ton sub-lot)	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions.	Testing and sampling for correlation testing and dispute resolution as needed.	Testing and sampling for correlation testing and dispute resolution as needed.	-----
7) Asphaltic Concrete Pavement	Surface Smoothness	Contractor performs all QC pavement smoothness testing specified in the NDOR Standard Specifications for Highway Construction and/or Project Special Provisions.	Approximately 10 percent of contractor's results shall be randomly verified. Project personnel will submit requests for pavement smoothness verification testing to the following individuals: <u>District 1,2,4,5,6,7,8</u> Ron Bohling, Lincoln. <u>District 3</u> Rob Davis, Norfolk. Submit requests at least 7 days in advance to allow for scheduling.	-----	-----	-----

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
Section 3 – Asphaltic Concrete						
8) Hydrated Lime or Type S Lime	Quality	-----	Project personnel will supply one one-pound sample for each 1000 tons (minimum of three samples per project) of material used to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. (Place the lime in a plastic bag before putting in the cloth sample bags).	-----	One one-pound sample for each 1000 tons (minimum of three samples per project) of material used for quality tests.	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

**Section 4
Asphaltic Concrete Materials**

1. Mineral Aggregate (Gravel, Sand, Sand-Gravel)	4-1
2. Crushed Rock (Limestone).....	4-1
3. Crushes Rock (Limestone Screenings, Man Sand)	4-1
4. Quartzite and Granite.....	4-1
5. Quartzite, Chat, and Granite (Screenings, Man Sand)	4-1
6. Crushed Mineral Aggregate or Chat for Microsurfacing	4-2
7. Mineral Filler	4-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 4 – Asphaltic Concrete Materials			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Mineral Aggregate (Gravel, Sand, Sand-Gravel)	Quality	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project stockpile.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests for source approval, if so designated on the DR Form 324 "Source of Aggregates To Be Used" when changes in quality or characteristics occur. No other samples for quality or correlation are needed.</p>	Section 27 Note 4
2) Crushed Rock (Limestone)	Quality	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project stockpile.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests for 5000 tons of aggregate used or fraction thereof.</p>	-----
3) Crushed Rock (Limestone Screenings, Man-Sand)	Quality	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 20 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project stockpile.</p>	-----	<p>One 20 pound sample for quality tests for each 5000 tons of aggregate used or fraction thereof.</p>	-----
4) Quartzite and Granite	Quality	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project stockpile.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests each 5000 tons of aggregate used or fraction thereof.</p>	-----
5) Quartzite, Chat and Granite (Screenings, Man-Sand)	Quality	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 20 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project stockpile.</p>	-----	<p>One 20 pound sample for quality tests for each 5000 tons of aggregate used or fraction thereof.</p>	-----

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
Section: 4 – Asphaltic Concrete Materials (continued)						
6) Crushed Mineral Aggregate or Chat for Micro-surfacing	Quality and Gradation, FAA, L.A. and Sand Equivalent	-----	<p>One sample for gradations every 500 tons of material used or fraction thereof.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for first 1000 tons of aggregate used. Subsequent samples will be one 10 pound sample for each 1000 tons used, or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p>	Section 27 Note 4
7) Mineral Filler	Plasticity Index and Gradation	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample per project at production for gradation and plasticity index, unless changes in quality or characteristics occur.</p>	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 5 Cold Mix Bituminous Surfacing and Base

1. Subgrade Sand.....	5-1
2. Mineral Filler.....	5-1
3. Combined Materials (Sand and Filler).....	5-1
4. Bituminous Aggregates (Includes Mixed In Place Bituminous Surfacing	5-2
5. Mineral Aggregates (Experimental Bituminous Mixture)	5-2
6. Mineral Filler (Experimental Bituminous Mixture).....	5-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 5 – Cold Mix Bituminous Surfacing and Base			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Subgrade Sand	Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation test each 10th station.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The samples shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation test each mile. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p>	-----
2) Mineral Filler	Plasticity Index and Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation test each 100 cubic yards or fraction thereof. The sample shall be taken at the project.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The samples shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound pre-construction sample per project for gradation and plasticity index.</p>	-----
3) Combined Materials (Sand and Filler)	Gradation and Moisture	-----	<p>One sample for gradation and moisture each 10th station or in cases of short sections Project Manager to determine sampling for compliance.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation test each mile (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p>	-----

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
SECTION: 5 – Cold Mix Bituminous Surfacing and Base (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	.
4) Bituminous Aggregates (Includes Mixed in Place Bituminous Surfacing)	Quality	-----	<p>One test for moisture and aeration as soon as each design section is well mixed. Then test as necessary to control moisture and aeration.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 1 gallon sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Branch Lab column.</p>	<p>One 1-gallon sample for progressive and other tests as soon as each design section is well mixed.</p> <p>Followed by one 1-gallon sample for correlation tests each 2000 feet of windrow, or at the discretion of the Project Manager, as laid.</p> <p>(Submitted sample will be a duplicate of the sample tested in the field)</p>	-----	Section 27 Note 1
5) Mineral Aggregates	Experimental Bituminous Mixture	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p>	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 4
6) Mineral Filler	Experimental Bituminous Mixture	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 40 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p>	-----	-----	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

**Section 6
Gravel and Crushed Rock for Surfacing**

1. Gravel for Surfacing.....	6-1
2. Crushed Rock for Surfacing.....	6-1

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 6 – Gravel and Crushed Rock for Surfacing			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Gravel For Surfacing	Quality & Gradation	-----	<p>See Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or the Project Provisions for sampling and testing requirements.</p> <p>Project personnel will provide the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests first 1000 cubic yard if so designated DR FORM 324 "Source Of Aggregates To Be Used."</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation test each 1,000 cubic yard or fraction thereof (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p> <p>NOTE: A Central Lab sample is required on all projects. If the DR Form 324 – "Source of Aggregates To Be Used" form designates that a 60 pound sample is not needed field personnel must still submit a 10 pound sample.</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4
2) Crushed Rock for Surfacing	Quality & Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for each 750 cubic yards or fraction thereof, at the project. Project personnel will provide the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>No samples required if source is Kerford or Martin Marietta @ Weeping Water or Martin Marietta @ Fort Calhoun.</p> <p>One 60 pound sample is required for each 3,000 cubic yards or fraction thereof, from all other sources.</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 5

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

**Section 7
Mineral Aggregate for Armor Coat**

1. Mineral Aggregate for Armor Coat.....	7-1
2. Chip Seal (Limestone, Dolomite, Granite, Quartzite).....	7-1
3. Lightweight Aggregate	7-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
SECTION: 7 – Mineral Aggregate for Armor Coat			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Mineral Aggregate for Armor Coat (Gravel)	Quality and Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation test each 200 cubic yard or fraction thereof.</p> <p>Project personnel will provide the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The samples shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests first 1,000 cubic yards. If so designated on the DR FORM 324 "Source of Aggregates to Be Used".</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 1000 cubic yard or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p> <p>NOTE: A Central Lab sample is required on all projects. If the DR Form 324 – "Source of Aggregates To Be Used" form designates that a 60 pound sample is not needed field personnel must still submit a 10 pound sample.</p>	Section 27 Note 4
2) Chip Seal (Limestone, Dolomite, Granite, Quartzite)	Quality and Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation test each 200 cubic yard or fraction thereof.</p> <p>Project personnel will provide the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The samples shall be taken at the project</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests first 1,000 cubic yards. If so designated on the DR FORM 324 "Source of Aggregates to Be Used".</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 1000 cubic yard or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p>	Section 27 Note 4

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
SECTION: 7 – Mineral Aggregate for Armor Coat			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
3) Lightweight Aggregate	Quality and Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation test each 200 cubic yard or fraction thereof.</p> <p>Project personnel will provide the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The samples shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests first 1,000 cubic yards. If so designated on the DR FORM 324 "Source of Aggregates to Be Used".</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 1000 cubic yard or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p> <p>NOTE: A Central Lab sample is required on all projects. If the DR Form 324 – "Source of Aggregates To Be Used" form designates that a 60 pound sample is not needed field personnel must still submit a 10 pound sample.</p>	Section 27 Note 4

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 8

Crushed Rock and Crushed Rock Screenings for Base Course

1. Crushed Rock for Base Course 8-1

2. Crushed Rock Screenings for Base Course 8-1

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR		LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Section: 8 – Crushed Rock and Crushed Rock Screenings for Base Course			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Crushed Rock for Base Course	Quality, Gradation and Compaction	-----	<p>One sample for gradation testing, each 1000 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (The approximate sample size for field performed gradation testing should consist of a 25 pound sample for crushed rock for base course and a 10 pound sample for crushed rock screenings for base course)</p> <p>Additional samples should be taken at the discretion of the Project Manager to confirm that segregation, degradation or contamination of the material has not occurred prior to incorporation in to the work.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The samples shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality and gradation tests each 3000 cubic yards or fraction thereof. This will be a duplicate of sample tested in the field.</p> <p>One 60 pound sample for moisture density curve if required. This sample shall be submitted prior to placement.</p>	-----
2) Crushed Rock Screenings for Base Course		-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

**Section 9
Grading**

1. Embankment (Cohesive and Granular)..... 9-1

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 9 – Grading			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Embankment (Cohesive and Granular)	Moisture - Density	-----	<p>In-place moisture-density tests for each 1000 - 3000 cubic yards, depending on the soil type or as need is indicated by changes in soil material. In cases of structure backfill, short deep embankments or other special situations, the sampling frequency should be increased as determined by the Project Manager to adequately represent the soil material.</p> <p>If tested layer is disturbed by construction operations, rain, etc., check tests shall be taken to assure compliance with specifications prior to subsequent construction.</p> <p>Project personnel to supply the sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Branch/Central Lab column.</p>	<p>Compaction curve data usually will be furnished by the Materials and Research Division. In those cases where these are not available, large samples (approximately 60 pounds) for compaction curves shall be submitted to the Central Laboratory or Branch Laboratory by project personnel.</p>	<p>Compaction curve data usually will be furnished by the Materials and Research Division. In those cases where these are not available, large samples (approximately 60 pounds) for compaction curves shall be submitted to the Central Laboratory or Branch Laboratory by project personnel.</p>	-----
	Gradation (if specified)	-----	<p>One sample each 1000 – 3000 cubic yards depending on the soil type, or as need is indicated by changes in soil material. In cases of short sections or structure backfill, each section should be represented by tests to adequately represent the material in the fill.</p> <p>Project personnel to supply the sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Branch/Central Lab column.</p>	<p>One 10 pound sample for correlation test each mile, or in cases of short sections, or structure backfill, the number of samples is to be increased to adequately correlate the samples taken in the field. (Duplicate of sampled tested in the field) This sample can be submitted to the Central Laboratory or Branch Laboratory by project personnel.</p>	<p>One 10 pound sample for correlation each mile, or in cases of short sections, or structure backfill, the number of samples is to be increased to adequately correlate the samples taken in the field. (Duplicate of sample taken in the field) The sample can be submitted to the Central Laboratory or Branch Laboratory by project personnel.</p>	-----
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or a clean five gallon bucket.						

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

**Section 10
Compaction – Subgrade (Cohesive Soils)**

1. Subgrade Compaction and Subgrade Reconstruction.....	10-1
2. Fly Ash.....	10-2
3. Hydrated Lime or Pebble Quicklime	10-2
4. Subgrade Soil and Hydrated Lime or Pebble Quicklime for Mix Design	10-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 10 – Compaction – Subgrade (Cohesive Soils)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Subgrade Compaction and Subgrade Re-construction	Moisture - Density	-----	<p>In-place moisture density tests each 1000 feet or less, or in cases of short sections, moisture-density tests to confirm the Project Manager's judgment on compliance with specification requirements. Also each soil change should be represented. Moisture-density tests each 1000 feet or less, per side of the subgrade for concrete base course widening.</p> <p>If tested layer is disturbed by construction operations, rain etc., check tests shall be taken to assure compliance with specifications prior to subsequent construction. Moisture-density tests should also be taken at bridge ends, railroad crossings, project ends, county road intersections, driveways, patches etc., to confirm Project Manager's judgment on compliance with specifications.</p> <p>Project personnel to supply the sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Branch/Central Lab column.</p>	<p>Compaction curve data usually will be furnished by the Materials and Research Division. In those cases where these are not available, large samples (approximately 60 pounds) for compaction curves shall be submitted to the Central Laboratory or the Branch Laboratory by project personnel.</p>	<p>Compaction curve data usually will be furnished by the Materials and Research Division. In those cases where these are not available, large samples (approximately 60 pounds) for compaction curves shall be submitted to the Central laboratory or Branch Laboratory by project personnel.</p>	-----
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements								
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. TESTING BY CONTRACTOR			VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR		LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
					FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB		CENTRAL LAB
Section: 10 – Compaction – Subgrade (Cohesive Soils)								
2) Fly Ash	Quality	-----			Refer to Section 1 of the Approved Products List. Fly Ash is sampled at the fly ash mill and is accepted for use with a manufacturer's certification. A one-gallon sample is required when requested by the Materials and Research Division, the inspector questions the material or the material has been in storage for 90 days or more. Sample to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.	-----	One-gallon sample when submitted from fly ash plant or field.	-----
3) Hydrated Lime or Pebble Quicklime	Quality	-----			Project personnel will supply one one-pound sample for each 1000 tons (minimum of three samples per project) of material used to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. (Place the lime in a plastic bag before putting in the cloth sample bags).	-----	One one-pound sample for each 1000 tons (minimum of three samples per project) of material used for quality tests.	-----
4) Subgrade Soil and Hydrated Lime or Pebble Quicklime for Mix Design	Quality	-----			Project personnel will supply a 60-pound sample of subgrade soil and a five-pound sample of lime to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. (Place the lime in a plastic bag before putting in the cloth sample bags).	-----	One 60-pound sample of subgrade soil and one five-pound sample of lime to perform the testing for mix design.	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 11

Compaction – Stabilized Portion of Granular Subgrade

1. Stabilized Portion of Granular Subgrade.....	11-1
2. Soil Binder	11-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 11 – Compaction Stabilized Portion of Granular Subgrade			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Stabilized Portion of Granular Subgrade	Moisture – Density	-----	<p>In-place moisture-density tests for each 1000 feet or less, or in cases of short sections, moisture-density tests to confirm the Project Manager's judgment of compliance with specification requirements. If tested layer is disturbed by construction operations, rain, etc. check tests shall be taken to assure compliance with specifications prior to subsequent construction.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab/Branch lab columns.</p> <p>Samples to be taken in the field.</p>	<p>One 60 pound sample of the granular material and one 20 pound sample of the soil binder, or one 60 pound sample of the combined mixture shall be submitted to the Central or Branch Laboratory for compaction curve data.</p>	<p>One 60 pound sample of the granular material and one 20 pound sample of the soil binder,) or one 60 pound sample of the combined mixture shall be submitted to the Central or Branch Laboratory for compaction curve data.</p>	-----
	Gradation and Quality (If Specified)	-----	<p>One sample each fifth station for gradation, or in cases of short sections, each should be represented by tests to adequately represent the material in the fill.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab/Branch Lab columns.</p> <p>Samples to be taken in the field.</p>	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each mile or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p> <p>This sample to be submitted to the Branch Laboratory or the Central Laboratory.</p>	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each mile or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p> <p>This sample to be submitted to the Central or Branch Laboratory.</p>	-----
Laboratory Samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or a clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 11 – Compaction Stabilized Portion of Granular Subgrade (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
2) Soil Binder	Gradation and Plasticity Index	-----	<p>One sample for gradation tests each 50 cubic yards or fraction thereof. If less than 10 percent retained on the No. 200 sieve, one sample for each 200 cubic yards of fraction thereof.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Branch Lab/Central Lab column.</p> <p>Sample to be taken at the project.</p>	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests (lab to run PI) each 1000 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field).</p> <p>This sample to be submitted to the Branch Laboratory or the Central Laboratory</p>	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests (lab to run PI) each 1000 cubic yards, or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p> <p>This sample to be submitted to the Branch laboratory or the Central Laboratory</p>	-----
Laboratory Samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or a clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

**Section 12
Foundation Course (Crushed Concrete, Aggregate-D, and Bituminous)**

1. Crushed Concrete Foundation Course.....	12-1
2. All Aggregates and Soil Binder	12-1
3. Bituminous	12-1
4. Aggregate Foundation Course-D	12-2
5. Soil Binder	12-2
6. Foundation Course	12-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 12 – Foundation Course (Crushed Concrete, Aggregate-D, and Bituminous)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Crushed Concrete Foundation Course	Gradation	-----	One sample for testing each 500 cubic yard or fraction thereof. The sample shall be taken at the project. (The recommended sample size is 50 pounds) Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. The sample shall be taken at the project.	-----	One 60 pound sample for gradation each 2500 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)	-----
2) All Aggregates and Soil Binder	Experimental Base Course Mixtures	-----	Project personnel will submit the 60 pound samples of aggregates and the 20 pound sample of soil binder needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. The sample shall be taken at the project.	-----	One 60 pound sample of each aggregate and one 20 pound sample of soil binder for EBCM mix design and moisture-density information. This sample is to be submitted prior to production.	-----
3) Bituminous Foundation Course	Gradation	-----	One sample for testing each 500 cubic yard or fraction thereof. The sample shall be taken at the project. (The recommended sample size is 35 pounds)	-----	-----	-----
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or a clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements							
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Section: 12 – Foundation Course (Crushed Concrete, Aggregate-D, and Bituminous)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	NOTE No.	PAGE No.
4) Aggregate Foundation Course – D	Gradation, FAA and Compaction	-----	<p>One sample for testing each 500 cubic yard or fraction thereof. The sample shall be taken at the project. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 25 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>First sample will be one 60 pound sample for gradation, FAA, Quality and moisture density tests. (Sample must be submitted prior to placement)</p> <p>Remaining samples will each be one 20 pound sample for gradation and FAA tests each 2500 cubic yard or fraction thereof. (Duplicate sample tested in the field).</p>	-----	
5) Soil Binder	Plasticity Index and Gradation	-----	<p>Project Personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the mixing locations.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample for testing each 1000 cubic yards of binder used or fraction thereof.</p>	-----	
6) Foundation Course	Moisture-Density	-----	<p>In-place density tests each 1000 feet or less, or in case of short sections, moisture-density tests to confirm compliance with the specifications. In-place density tests each 1000 feet or less, per side for concrete base course widening. If tested layer is disturbed by construction operations, rain, etc. Check tests shall be taken to assure compliance with the specifications.</p>	-----	<p>Compaction curve data will be included with the EBCM mix design information.</p>	-----	
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or a clean five gallon bucket with lid.							

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 13

Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls

1. All Mineral Aggregates and Soil Binder (Experimental Base Course Mixtures).....	13-1
2. Mineral Aggregates (Commercial Production).....	13-1
3. Coarse Sand	13-2
4. Fine Sand.....	13-2
5. Soil Binder	13-3
6. Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill and Sand Blanket	13-4
7. Stabilized Portion of Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill and Sand Blanket	13-5
8. Granular Backfill for Structures	13-6
9. Granular Subdrains.....	13-7
10. Granular Backfill for Pipe Underdrain.....	13-7
11. Select and Random Granular Backfill for MSE Walls	13-8

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 13 – Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) All – Mineral Aggregates and Soil Binder	Experimental Base Course Mixtures (When mix design required)	Contractor to submit the 60 pound sample of sand and the 20 pound sample of soil binder needed to perform the testing shown under the Central lab column. The contractor needs to submit the anticipated percentages of granular material and soil binder that will be used for stabilization.	-----	-----	Approximately 60 pounds of each aggregate and approximately 20 pounds of soil binder for EBCM mix design. To be submitted prior to mixture production.	-----
2) Mineral Aggregates (Commercial Production)	Quality and Gradation (if specified)	-----	One sample for gradation each 300 cubic yards either at the source or on the project. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds) A minimum of one check sample for each 1000 cubic yards or fraction thereof shall be taken at the point material is incorporated in the work or at the point the materials is to be mixed with other materials. The gradation sample required may also serve as this acceptance and job control sample if it is taken at the point indicated above. Additional samples should be taken at the discretion of the Project Manager to confirm his judgment that segregation, degradation or contamination of the material has not occurred prior to incorporation into the work. Project personnel will submit the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.	-----	One 60 pound sample for quality tests first 1000 cubic yards if so designated on DR FORM 324 “Source of Aggregates to be Used”, or when changes in quality or characteristics occur. One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 1000 cubic yard or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 13 – Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
3) Coarse Sand	Quality and Gradation (if specified)	-----	<p>One sample for gradation tests each 300 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel will submit the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. Sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests first 1000 cubic yards if so designated on DR FORM 324“Source of Aggregates to be Used”, or when changes in quality or characteristics occur.</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 1000 cubic yard or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4
4) Fine Sand	Gradation (if specified)	-----	<p>One sample for gradation tests each 300 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel to submit the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central lab column. Sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 1000 cubic yards or fraction thereof (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 13 – Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	.
5) Soil Binder	Plasticity Index and Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation tests each 50 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (The recommended sample size is 10 pounds). If less than 10 percent retained on the No. 200 sieve, one sample for each 200 cubic yards or fraction thereof.</p> <p>Project personnel to submit the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central lab column.</p> <p>Samples shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation test (lab to run P.I.) each 1000 cubic yards or fraction thereof (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	-----
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 13 – Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
6) Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill and Sand Blanket	Moisture – Density	-----	In place moisture density tests for each 1000 feet, or less and for each one foot in thickness, or fraction thereof. In cases of short section, moisture density tests to confirm the Project Managers judgment on compliance with specification requirements. NOTE: If the layer is 2" or less, in thickness, density tests may be omitted. If curve data is not furnished, as in cases of some pit run materials, it will be necessary for the project personnel to submit the necessary samples to the Central or Branch laboratories for the determination of this information.	One sample to be submitted if necessary to perform curve data.	One 60 pound sample to be submitted if necessary to perform curve data.	-----
	Gradation (if specified)	-----	Each fifth station for gradation or in cases of short sections the number of samples is to be increased to adequately represent the material in the fill. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds) Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. Sample to be taken at the project.	-----	One 10 pound sample for gradation test each mile, or in cases of short sections the number of samples is to be increased to adequately correlate the samples taken in the field (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 13 – Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
7) Stabilized Portion of Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill and Sand Blanket	Moisture – Density	-----	<p>In place moisture-density tests for each 1000 feet, or less, or in cases of short sections, moisture-density tests to confirm the Project Manager's judgment on compliance with specification requirements. If tested layer is disturbed by construction operations, rain etc., check tests shall be taken to assure compliance with specifications prior to subsequent construction.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	-----	-----
	Gradation (if specified)	-----	<p>One sample each fifth station for gradation, or in cases of short sections the number of samples is to be increased to adequately represent the material in the field. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample for gradation test each mile, or in case of short sections the number of samples is to be increased to adequately correlate the samples taken in the field.</p> <p>(Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	-----
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 13 – Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
8) Granular Backfill for Structures	Quality and Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation tests each 250 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel will submit the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests if so designated on DR FORM 324 "Source of Aggregates to be Used", or when changes in quality or characteristics occur.</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 750 cubic yards or fraction thereof (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4
	Moisture – Density	-----	<p>In place density test each lift of aggregate placed. In case of short sections moisture density tests to confirm compliance with specifications.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sampled needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken on the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for compaction curve data.</p>	-----
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements								
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR			VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR		LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
					FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB		CENTRAL LAB
Section: 13 – Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls (continued)								
9) Granular Subdrains	FAA, Gradation, Quality and Compaction	-----			<p>One sample for gradation tests each 250 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for compaction curve data as necessary.</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 750 cubic yards of aggregate or fraction thereof.</p> <p>(Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4
10) Granular Backfill for Pipe Underdrain	Gradation, Quality and Compaction	-----			<p>One sample for gradation tests each 250 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for compaction curve data as necessary.</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 750 cubic yards of aggregate or fraction thereof.</p> <p>(Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.								

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 13 – Granular Base, Granular Fill, Granular Backfill, Sand Blanket and MSE Walls (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
11) Select and Random Granular Backfill for MSE Walls	Quality Gradation Compaction Chemical Friction Angle	<u>Before the wall is constructed</u> , the Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance certifying that the Granular backfill material complies with Section 714 or 715 of the Specifications. If more than one source is used, a Certificate of Compliance is Required from each Source.	Project personnel will submit one 60 pound sample per Wall needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. No further samples required if material is from the same source (pit location) or unless changes in Quality or Characteristics occur. One Gradation for every 1000 cubic yards of material or portion thereof.	-----	One 60 pound sample for quality, gradation, compaction and chemical tests.	-----
Laboratory samples must be submitted in a canvas bag or clean five gallon bucket with lid.						

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 14

Portland Cement/Blended Cement/Pozzolans/Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag/Silica Fume

1. Portland Cement	14-1
2. Blended Cement.....	14-1
3. Pozzolans (Fly Ash or Calcined Natural Pozzolan).....	14-2
4. Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS).....	14-2
5. Silica Fume	14-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR		LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Section: 14 – Portland Cement/Blended Cement/Pozzolans/Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag/Silica Fume			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Portland Cement	Quality	-----	<p>Refer to the Approved Products List. Cement is sampled at the cement mill and accepted for use with a manufacturer's certification. A one gallon sample is required when requested by the Materials and Research Division, the inspector questions the material, or the material has been in storage for 90 days or more. Sample to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.</p>	<p>One gallon sample from each concrete producing facility each calendar year.</p> <p>This sample is to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.</p>	<p>One gallon sample when submitted from cement mill or field.</p>	Section 29 Policy 4
2) Blended Cement	Quality	-----	<p>Refer to the Approved Products List. Blended cement is sampled at the blended cement mill and accepted for use with a manufacturer's certification. A one gallon sample is required when requested by the Materials and Research Division, the inspector questions the material, or the material has been in storage for 90 days or more. Sample to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.</p>	<p>One gallon sample from each concrete producing facility each calendar year.</p> <p>This sample is to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.</p>	<p>One gallon sample when submitted from cement mill or field.</p>	Section 29 Policy 4

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 14 – Portland Cement/Blended Cement/Pozzolans/Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag/Silica Fume			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
3) Pozzolans (Fly Ash or Calcined Natural Pozzolan)	Quality	-----	Refer to the Approved Products List. Pozzolans are sampled at the Pozzolan plant and is accepted for use with a manufacturer's certification. A one gallon sample is required when requested by the Materials and Research Division, the inspector questions the material or the material has been in storage for 90 days or more. Sample to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.	One gallon sample from each concrete producing facility each calendar year. This sample is to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.	One gallon sample when submitted from fly ash plant or field.	Section 29 Policy 5
4) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS)	Quality	-----	Refer to the Approved Products List. A one gallon sample is required when requested by the Materials and Research Division, the inspector questions the material, or the material has been in storage for 90 days or more. Sample to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.	One gallon sample from each concrete producing facility each calendar year. This sample is to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.	One gallon sample when submitted from cement mill or field.	Section 29 Policy 6
5) Silica Fume	Quality	-----	Refer to the Approved Products List. Silica Fume is accepted for use with a manufacturer's certification. A one gallon sample is required when requested by the Materials and Research Division, the inspector questions the material, or the material has been in storage for 90 days or more. Sample to be submitted to the Central Laboratory.	-----	-----	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 15

Portland Cement Concrete for Pavement, Base Course, Pavement Patching

1. Coarse Aggregate – Gradation & Quality	15-1
2. Fine Aggregate Sand Gravel – Gradation & Quality	15-1
3. All Aggregates – Moisture	15-2
4. Mixing Water – Quality	15-2
5. Plastic Concrete – Air Content	15-2
6. Concrete Test Cylinders – Compressive Strength	15-2
7. Concrete Cores – Slab Thickness	15-3
8. PCC Pavement.....	15-3
9. Concrete Curing Materials.....	15-4
a. Liquid Compounds.....	15-4
b. Plastic Film	15-4
c. Burlap Cloth.....	15-4
10. Reinforcement Bars (Including Dowel Bars).....	15-4
11. Welded Steel Wire Fabric	15-4
12. Deformed Metal Joint Material	15-4
13. Elastomeric Compression Joint Seal	15-4
14. Lubricant Adhesive for Elastomeric Compression Joint Seals	15-4
15. Epoxy Compound	15-4

16. Joint and Crack Seal Fillers.....	15-4
a. Cold Poured Type.....	15-4
b. Hot Poured Type.....	15-4
17. Load Transfer Devices for Reinforced Concrete Pavement Joints	15-5
18. Preformed Joint Filler	15-5
a. Non-Extruding.....	15-5
b. Bituminous.....	15-5
c. Sponge Rubber.....	15-5
19. Pressure Relief Joint Filler, Preformed Flexible Polyurethane	15-5
20. Concrete Chemical Admixtures	15-5
21. Calcium Chloride.....	15-5

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR		LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Section 15 - Portland Cement Concrete For Pavement, Base Course, Base Course Widening, Pavement Patching, etc.			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Coarse Aggregates	Gradation & Quality	-----	<p>One gradation test for each 750 cubic yards of aggregate, or fraction thereof, for acceptance either at the plant or on the project. Minimum of one gradation test for each project.</p> <p>The number of samples taken from the plant is determined by plant volume supplied to State and Federal projects, not per project (the recommended sample size is 50 pounds).</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality and gradation tests each 2,250 cubic yards, or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 5
2) Fine Aggregate Sand Gravel	Gradation & Quality	-----	<p>One gradation test for each 750 cubic yards of aggregate, or fraction thereof, for acceptance either at the plant or on the project. . Minimum of one gradation test for each project. The number of samples taken from the plant is determined by plant volume supplied to State and Federal projects, not per project (the recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central lab column.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality test first 2,250 cubic yards if designated on DR FORM 324 "Source of Aggregates to be Used"</p> <p>One 10 pound sample for gradation tests each 2,250 cubic yards, or fraction thereof, thereafter. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section 15 - Portland Cement Concrete For Pavement, Base Course, Base Course Widening, Pavement Patching, etc. (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
3) All Aggregates	Moisture	-----	Determinations as necessary for adequate control of aggregate proportions and total water content of the concrete. A minimum of one for every 1/3 day of operation.	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 1
4) Mixing Water	Quality	-----	One Gallon sample to be submitted to Central Lab, when of questionable nature.	-----	Mixing water will be tested in the Central Laboratory.	-----
5) Plastic Concrete	Air Content	-----	<u>Paving</u> First load and then one per 300 cubic yards <u>Patching</u> Minimum of one test each one-third day's operation or sufficient number for proper control.	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 1 Note 6 Section 29 Policy 5
6) Concrete Test Cylinders	Compressive Strength	-----	One set of four 4x8 concrete cylinders representing each day's concrete placement. Cylinders will be tested in the Branch Lab or Central Lab.	Cylinders will be tested in the Branch Lab or Central Lab.	Cylinders will be tested in the Branch Lab or Central Lab.	Section 27 Note 1 Note 6

MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements				
		Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section 15 - Portland Cement Concrete For Pavement, Base Course, Base Course Widening, Pavement Patching, etc. (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
7) Concrete Cores	Slab Thickness	-----	-----	-----	To be sampled by the Materials & Research Division in accordance with the Standard Specifications or Special Provisions.	-----
8) PCC Pavement	Surface Smoothness	Contractor performs all QC pavement smoothness testing specified in the NDOR Standard Specifications for Highway Construction and/or Project Special Provisions.	<p>Approximately 10 percent of contractor's results shall be randomly verified.</p> <p>Project personnel will submit requests for pavement smoothness verification testing to the following individuals: <u>District 1,2,4,5,6,7,8</u> Ron Bohling, Lincoln. <u>District 3</u> Rob Davis, Norfolk.</p> <p>Submit requests at least 7 days in advance to allow for scheduling.</p>	-----	-----	-----

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
Section 15 - Portland Cement Concrete For Pavement, Base Course, Base Course Widening, Pavement Patching, etc. (continued)					
9) Concrete Curing Materials					
a) Liquid Compounds	Yes – One quart sample from each lot or batch unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 8
b) Plastic Film	No	No	No	No	---
c) Burlap Cloth	No	No	No	No	---
10) Reinforcement Bars (Including Dowel Bars)	Yes – Two samples six foot long from every bar designation and heat number unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 9
11) Welded Steel Wire Fabric	Yes – One sample 36 inches square from each 75,000 square feet of fabric unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 9
12) Deformed Metal Joint Material	No – Project Manager shall check material for compliance with Standard Plans.	No	No	No	-----
13) Elastomeric Compression Joint Seal	No	No	No	Yes	-----
14) Lubricant Adhesive for Elastomeric Compression Joint Seals	No sample required. However, material should be as recommended or approved by the manufacturer for use with the joint seal.	No	No	No	-----
15) Epoxy Compound	No	Yes	No	Yes	-----
16) Joint and Crack Sealing Fillers					
a) Cold Applied Type	Yes – One five pound sample from each lot, unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	Yes	Yes, if not on the approved products list	No	-----
b) Hot Poured Type	Yes – One sample per lot unless shipped from tested and approved stock. Additional samples are required if any physical characteristic of the material demonstrates non-compliance with the specification.	Yes	No	No	-----

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
Section 15 - Portland Cement Concrete For Pavement, Base Course, Base Course Widening, Pavement Patching, etc. (continued)					
17) Load Transfer Device Assemblies for Reinforced Concrete Pavement Joints	Yes – See Standard Specifications for Highway Construction or Special Provisions.	No	No	Yes	-----
18) Preformed Joint Filler	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
a) Non-extruding	No	Yes	No	No	-----
b) Bituminous	No	Yes	No	No	-----
c) Sponge Rubber	No	Yes	No	No	-----
19) Pressure Relief Joint Filler, Preformed Flexible Polyurethane	Yes – One sample five inches wide and 30 inches long from each shipment of 1000 square feet or less of each thickness and kind, unless shipped from tested and approved stock, or specified brands used	No	No	Yes	-----
20) Concrete Chemical Admixtures.	No	Yes	No	No	Section 27 Note 7
21) Calcium Chloride	No	No	No	No	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 16

Portland Cement Concrete for Structures, Culverts and Miscellaneous Construction

1. Coarse Aggregate – Gradation & Quality	16-1
2. Fine Aggregate Sand Gravel – Gradation & Quality	16-1
3. Lightweight Aggregate – Gradation & Quality	16-2
4. All Aggregates – Moisture	16-2
5. Mixing Water – Quality	16-2
6. Plastic Concrete – Air Content & Slump.....	16-3
7. Lightweight Concrete – Air Content, Slump & Unit Weight.....	16-3
8. Concrete Test Cylinders – Compressive Strength	16-4
9. Concrete Curing Materials.....	16-5
a. Liquid Compounds.....	16-5
b. Plastic Film	16-5
c. Burlap Cloth.....	16-5
10. Reinforcement Bars (Including Dowel Bars).....	16-5
11. Welded Steel Wire Fabric	16-5
12. Concrete Chemical Admixtures	16-5

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section 16 - Portland Cement Concrete For Structures, Culverts, and Miscellaneous Construction			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
1) Coarse Aggregates	Gradation & Quality	-----	<p>One gradation test for each 750 cubic yards of aggregate, or fraction thereof, for acceptance either at the plant or on the project. Minimum of one gradation test for each project. The number of samples taken from the plant is determined by plant volume supplied to State and Federal projects, not per project. (the recommended sample size is 50 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel to submit 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality and gradation tests each 2,250 cubic yards, or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 5
2) Fine Aggregate Sand Gravel	Gradation & Quality	-----	<p>One gradation test for each 750 cubic yards of aggregate, or fraction thereof, for acceptance either at the plant or on the project. Minimum of one gradation test for each project. The number of samples taken from the plant is determined by plant volume supplied to State and Federal projects, not per project (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel to submit the 10 and 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central lab column.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality test first 2,250 cubic yards, if so designated on DR FORM 324 "Source of Aggregates to be Used"</p> <p>One 10 lb. sample for gradation tests each 2,250 cubic yards, or fraction thereof. (Duplicate of sample tested in the field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1 Note 4

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section 16- Portland Cement Concrete For Structures, Culverts, and Miscellaneous Construction (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
3) Lightweight Aggregate	Gradation & Quality	-----	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions Project personnel to submit the 20 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.	See Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or Project Special Provisions	One 20 pound sample per project	-----
4) All Aggregates	Moisture	-----	Determinations as necessary for adequate control of aggregate proportions and total water content of the concrete. A minimum of once for each one-third day's operation.	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 1
5) Mixing Water	Quality	-----	One Gallon sample to be submitted to Central Lab, when of questionable nature.	-----	Mixing water will be tested in the Central Laboratory.	-----

MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements				
		Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 16 – Portland Cement Concrete For Structures, Culverts, and Miscellaneous Construction (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
6) Plastic Concrete	Air Content	-----	First load and then test one-third day's operation, or sufficient number for proper control. <u>Bridge Deck</u> Air content shall be taken in front of the paver on the deck.	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 7
	Slump	-----	Minimum of one test for each day's operation, or sufficient number for proper control. Except for patching.	-----	-----	
7) Lightweight Concrete	Air Content	-----	First load and then test one-third day's operation, or sufficient number for proper control. <u>Bridge Deck</u> Air content shall be taken in front of the paver on the deck.	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 7
	Slump	-----	Minimum of one test for each day's operation, or sufficient number for proper control. Except for patching.	-----	-----	
	Unit Weight	-----	<u>Bridge Deck</u> Unit weight shall be taken in front of the paver on the deck.	-----	-----	

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 16 – Portland Cement Concrete For Structures, Culverts, and Miscellaneous Construction (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
8) Concrete Test Cylinders	Compressive Strength	-----	<p>One set of four 4x8 cylinders for any placement up to 100 yards.</p> <p>A second set of four 4x8 cylinders are required if the days placement of concrete exceeds 100 cubic yards.</p> <p>Cylinders will be tested in the Branch Lab or the Central Lab.</p>	Cylinders will be tested in the Branch Lab or the Central Lab.	Cylinders will be tested in the Branch Lab or Central Lab.	-----

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 16 – Portland Cement Concrete For Structures, Culverts and Miscellaneous Construction (continued)					
9) Concrete Curing Materials	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Liquid Compounds	Yes – One quart sample from each lot or batch unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 8
B) Plastic Film	No	No	No	No	-----
C) Burlap Cloth	No	No	No	No	-----
10) Reinforcement Bars (Including Dowel Bars)	Yes – Two samples six foot long from every bar designation and heat number unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 9
11) Welded Steel Wire Fabric	Yes – One sample 36 inches square from each 75,000 square feet of fabric unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 9
12) Concrete Chemical Admixtures	No	Yes	No	No	Section 27 Note 7

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 17 Guard Rail

1. Beam Guard Rail	17-1
a. Beam Element.....	17-1
b. Steel Posts, End Posts, Special Posts, Adapter Plates	17-1
c. End Anchor Assembly and Breakaway Terminal Section	17-1
d. Miscellaneous Hardware, Bolts, Washers, etc	17-1
e. Wood Guard Rail Posts and Blocks	17-1
f. Insert Assembly.....	17-1
2. Cable Guard Rail	17-1
a. Cable	17-1
b. Posts and Hook Bolts.....	17-1
c. Tension Spring Assemblies.....	17-1
d. Anchor Assemblies	17-1

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 17 – Guard Rail					
1) Beam Guard Rail					
A) Beam Element	Yes – At least one sample of each of the items used in the guard rail assembly unless shipped from tested and approved stock. Sample will be returned.	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 10
B) Steel Posts, End Posts, Special Posts, Adaptor Plates	Yes – At least one sample of each of the items used in the guard rail assembly unless shipped from tested and approved stock. Sample will be returned.	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 1 Note 10
C) End Anchor Assembly and Breakaway Terminal Section	Yes – At least one sample of each the items used in the guard rail assembly unless shipped from tested and approved stock. Sample will be returned.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 10
D) Miscellaneous Hardware Bolts, Washers, etc.	Yes – At least one sample of each of the items used in the guard rail assembly unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 1 Note 10
E) Wood Guard Rail Posts and Blocks	No – Unless requested by the Materials and Research Division.	No	See Note	See Note	Section 27 Note 25
F) Insert Assembly	No – Unless requested by the Materials and Research Division	No	No	Yes	-----
2) Cable Guard Rail	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Cable	Yes – At least one sample 6 ft long from each reel unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 10
B) Posts and Hook Bolts	Yes – At least one sample of each of the items used in the guard rail assembly unless shipped from tested and approved stock. Sample will be returned.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 10
C) Tension Spring Assemblies	Yes – At least one sample of each of the items used in the guard rail assembly unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 10
D) Anchor Assemblies	Yes – At least one sample of each of the items used in the guard rail assembly unless shipped from tested and approved stock. Sample will be returned.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 10

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 18 Fence Materials

1. Barbed Wire.....	18-1
2. Chain Link.....	18-1
3. Fence Fasteners and Ties	18-1
4. Fittings and Hardware.....	18-1
5. Staples	18-1
6. Steel 'T' Line Posts	18-1
7. Tension Wire	18-1
8. Tubular 'H' and 'C' Sections for Post Braces, Top Rail, etc.....	18-1
9. Wooden Posts	18-1
10. Woven Wire	18-1

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 18 – Fence Materials					
1) Barbed Wire	Yes – One sample 4 ft long from one of each 50 spools	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
2) Chain Link	Yes – One sample 4 ft long from one of each 50 spools	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
3) Fence Fasteners and Ties	Yes – Five from each 1000 lbs	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
4) Fittings and Hardware	Yes – One sample of each item. Samples will be returned.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
5) Staples	Yes – Five staples from one of each 15 kegs or each 1000 lbs	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
6) Steel “T” Line Posts	Yes – One post from each 5000 posts or fraction thereof. Samples will be returned.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
7) Tension Wire	Yes – One sample 4 ft long from each 2000 lb or fraction thereof.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
8) Tubular “H” and “C” Sections for Post Braces, Top Rail, etc.	Yes – One full section sample from each lot. Samples will be returned.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
9) Wooden Posts	No – Unless required by the Materials and Research Division	No	See Note	See Note	Section 27 Note 1 Note 25
10) Woven Wire	Yes – One sample 3 ft long from one of each 50 rolls	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 19

Culvert Pipe, Drain Tile, Sewer Pipe, Slope Drains, etc.

1. Culvert Pipe	19-1
a. Zinc Coated Galvanized Steel, Aluminum Coated Steel, Polymer Coated Steel, Plastic	19-1
a) Culverts (All Shapes)	19-1
b) Culverts (Plastic)	19-1
c) Underdrains	19-1
d) Flared End Sections	19-1
e) Structural Plate Pipe	19-1
b. Concrete	19-1
a) Culverts (All Shapes)	19-1
b) Flared End Sections	19-1
2. Drain Tile	19-1
a. Concrete	19-1
b. Bituminous Fiber	19-1
3. Sewer Pipe	19-2
a. Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings	19-2
b. Plastic	19-2
c. Reinforced Concrete	19-2
4. Slope Drains (Metal)	19-2
5. Related Materials	19-2
a. Sealing Compound for Concrete Pipe Joints	19-2

b. Bituminous Plastic Cement 19-2
c. Sewer Joint Compound..... 19-2
d. Sewer Pipe Gaskets..... 19-2
e. Flexible Pipe Joints 19-2
f. Post Applied Coatings 19-2

Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements					
Item or Group	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 19 – Culvert Pipe, Drain, Tile, Sewer Pipe, Slope Drains and Related Materials					
1) Culvert	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Zinc Coated Galvanized Steel, Aluminum Coated Steel, Polymer Coated Steel, Plastic	-----	See Section VI for Applicable Joint and Coating Information	-----	-----	-----
a) Culverts (All Shapes)	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 11
b) Culverts (Plastic)	YES – One 10' Section from each lot.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 11
c) Underdrains	Yes – One 24 inch sample of each size to include markings	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 11
d) Flared End Sections	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 11
e) Structural Plate Pipe	Yes – The coupon attached should be submitted for testing. If no coupon, a sample approximately 3 inches square should be submitted. The Project Manager shall advise the Materials and Research Division in writing as to the length, brand, size and heat numbers of the pipe.	No	Yes	No	-----
B) Concrete	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
a) Culverts (All Shapes)	No	No	No	No	*
b) Flared End Sections	No	No	No	No	*
2) Drain Tile	-----				
A) Concrete	Yes – One-half of one percent of pipe required for a project. Minimum of one pipe section for each diameter.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
B) Bituminous Fiber	Yes – One-half of one percent of pipe required for a project. Minimum of one pipe section for each diameter.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
* See Section 29, Page 43 "Policy Concerning Testing, Inspection and Reporting of Reinforced Concrete Culvert and Sewer Pipe and Concrete Flared End Sections"					

Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements					
Item or Group	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 19 – Culvert Pipe, Drain Tile, Sewer Pipe, Slope Drains and Related Materials (continued)					
3) Sewer Pipe	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings	No	No	No	Yes	-----
B) Plastic	Yes – One sample two feet long from each size unless pipe meets requirements shown in the special provisions. If pipe is that shown in special provisions, the Project Manager should verify diameter and advise the Materials and Research Division of the pipe markings.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 11
C) Reinforced Concrete	No	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1 *
4) Slope Drains (Metal)	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 11
5) Related Materials	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Sealing Compound for Concrete Pipe Joints	Yes – One sample four feet long unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	Yes	No	No	-----
B) Bituminous Plastic Cement	Yes – One five pound (1/2 gallon) sample from each lot or batch unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	-----
C) Sewer Joint Compound	No	Yes	No	No	-----
D) Sewer Pipe Gaskets	Yes – One gasket from each lot or batch unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	Yes	No	Yes	-----
E) Flexible Pipe Joints	No	Yes	No	No	-----
F) Post Applied Coatings	No	Yes	No	No	-----
* See Section 29, Page 43 “Policy Concerning Testing, Inspection and Reporting of Reinforced Concrete Culvert and Sewer Pipe and Concrete Flared End Sections”					

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 20 Bridge Materials

1. Aluminum Filled Resilient Sealing Compound	20-1
2. Asphalt Plank	20-1
3. Lock-Pin and Collar Fasteners (High Strength Steel).....	20-1
4. Bridge Deck Drainage System	20-1
5. Caulking and Sealing Compounds	20-1
6. Deck Joint Seal.....	20-1
7. Form Insulation	20-1
8. Galvanized Sheet Metal	20-1
9. Galvanized Steel Wire Strand.....	20-1
10. Lead Sheet.....	20-1
11. Bolts, Nuts, Washers	20-2
a. Anchor.....	20-2
a) High Tensile.....	20-2
b) Low Carbon (Common).....	20-2
c) Swedge	20-2
b. Structural Fasteners for Steel Bridges.....	20-2
a) High Tensile (Regular and Weather Resisting Types	20-2
b) Low Carbon (Common).....	20-2

12. Elastomeric Bearings.....	20-3
a. Elastomeric Bearing Pads – Neoprene or Neoprene with Steel Shim.....	20-3
b. Bearing Pads – Cotton Duck.....	20-3
13. Fixed and Expansion Bearings, TFE Type	20-3
14. Confined Elastomeric Bearings (Pot Bearings)	20-3
15. Strip Seal	20-3
16. Epoxy Compounds	20-3
17. Grouting Materials	20-3
a. Non-Shrink Grout	20-3
b. Epoxy Type	20-3
18. Joint Sealing Fillers	20-3
a. Cold Poured Type.....	20-3
b. Hot Poured Type.....	20-3
19. Paint.....	20-4
20. Preformed Joint Filler	20-4
21. Pressure Relief Joint Filler, Preformed Flexible Polyurethane	20-4
22. Waterstop	20-4
23. Wood Piling	20-4
24. Wood Preservatives.....	20-4
25. Zinc (Sheet)	20-4
26. Reinforcement Bars	20-4
a. Bars (Including Dowel Bars	20-4
b. Mechanical Splices.....	20-4
27. Steel.....	20-4

a. Piling, Sheet Piling, Shells for Cast In Place Piling and Crossbracing for Piling.....	20-4
b. Structural	20-4
a) Substructure.....	20-4
b) Superstructure	20-4
28. Precast and Prestressed Concrete Units	20-4
29. Prestressed Steel Wire Strand	20-5
30. Prestressed Fine and Coarse Aggregate.....	20-5
31. Structural Steel for Concrete Girder Bridges.....	20-5
32. Structural Fasteners for Concrete Girder Bridges.....	20-5
a. High Tensile (Regular and Weather Resisting Types.....	20-5
b. Low Carbon (Common).....	20-5

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 20 – Bridge Materials					
1) Aluminum Filled Resilient Sealing Compound	Yes – One pint or three-pound sample from each lot or batch unless brand from Approved Products List used.	Yes	No	No	-----
2) Asphalt Plank	Yes – Three planks from each 1000 planks of each thickness.	No	No	No	-----
3) Lock-Pin and Collar Fasteners (High Strength Steel)	Yes – One lock-pin and collar fastener of each size and length from each 800 or fraction thereof, unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 12
4) Bridge Deck Drainage System	No	No	No	Yes	-----
5) Caulking and Sealing Compounds	No	Yes	No	No	-----
6) Deck Joint Seal	No – Unless requested	No	Yes	Yes	-----
7) Form Insulation	No - Unless requested	No	Yes	No	-----
8) Galvanized Sheet Metal	Yes – One sample approximately 30-40 square inches from each lot or batch.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
9) Galvanized Steel Wire Strand	Yes – One sample six feet long from each lot of 5000 feet or less and two samples from lots of 5000 to 30,000 feet.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
10) Lead Sheet	Yes – One sample approximately 30-40 square inches from each lot or batch.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 20 – Bridge Materials (continued)					
11) Bolts, Nuts, Washers	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Anchor	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
a) High Tensile	Unless shipped from tested and approved stock, the contractor has the option to either provide certified mill test reports on material used, or submit one sample bolt of each size to the Central Lab for destructive testing. The sample must be taken by the Project Manager and must be accompanied by a manufacturer's certificate of compliance. Materials shall not be approved for incorporation into the work until certified mill tests or sample test results and certificates of compliance are in hand.	No	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 12
b) Low Carbon (Common)	No – Project Manager to measure length and diameter. If galvanized, check in the field by use of magnetic instrument for both bolts and nuts. Report results to the Materials and Research Division on Form TL-5166.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 12
c) Swedge	No – Project Manager to measure length and diameter. If galvanized, check in the field by use of magnetic instrument for both bolts and nuts. Report results to the Materials and Research Division on Form TL-5166.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 12
B) Structural Fasteners for Steel Bridges	* Yes – 0 to 25 3 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 26 to 50 4 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 51 to 90 5 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 91 to 150 6 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 151 to 280 7 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 281 to 500 9 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 501 to 1,200 11 Bolts, Nuts and Washers a) High Tensile 1,201 to 3,200 13 Bolts, Nuts and Washers (Regular and 3,201 to 150,000 15 Bolts, Nuts and Washers Weather Resisting 150,001 and over 15 Bolts, Nuts and Washers Types)	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 12
	These samples are for destructive testing and will not be returned. *Sample frequency is for each lot.				
b) Low Carbon (Common)	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 12

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 20 – Bridge Materials (continued)					
12) Elastomeric Bearings	No - If these bearings have not been inspected by the Bridge Division, call the Steel Fabrication Inspection Unit, at (402)479-4763 and they will be inspected on the jobsite prior to installation	No	Yes	No	-----
A) Elastomeric Bearing Pads - Neoprene or Neoprene with Steel Shim	No – Random sampling may be performed by the Bridge Division, Steel Fabrication Inspection Unit, at (402)479-4763.	No	Yes	No	-----
B) Bearing Pads - Cotton Duck	No – Random sampling may be performed by the Bridge Division, Steel Fabrication Inspection Unit, at (402)479-4763.	No	Yes	No	-----
13) Fixed and Expansion Bearings, TFE Type	No - If these bearings have not been inspected by the Bridge Division, call the Steel Fabrication Inspection Unit, at (402)479-4763 and they will be inspected on the jobsite prior to installation.	No	Yes	Yes	-----
14) Confined Elastomeric Bearings (Pot Bearings)	No - If these bearings have not been inspected by the Materials and Research Division, call the Physical Tests Section at (402)479-3849 and they will be inspected on the jobsite prior to installation.	No	Yes	Yes	-----
15) Strip Seal	No	No	Yes	Yes	-----
16) Epoxy Compounds	No	Yes	No	No	-----
17) Grouting Material	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Non-Shrink Grout	No	Yes	No	No	-----
B) Epoxy Type	No	Yes	No	No	-----
18) Joint Sealing Fillers	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Cold Applied Type	Yes – One five pound minimum sample from each lot, unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	Yes	Yes, if not on the Approved Products List.	No	-----
B) Hot Poured Type	Yes – One sample per lot unless shipped from tested and approved stock. Additional samples are required if any physical characteristic of the material demonstrates non-compliance with the specification.	Yes	No	No	-----

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 20 – Bridge Materials (continued)					
19) Paint	No – The contractor shall furnish a paint manufacturer's certification that the paint complies with the paint system specified.	Yes	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 1
20) Preformed Joint Filler	No	Yes	No	No	-----
21) Pressure Relief Joint Filler, Preformed Flexible Polyurethane	No	Yes	No	No	-----
22) Waterstop	Yes – One sample six inches in length unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	-----
23) Wood Piling	No – Unless requested by the Materials and Research Division.	No	See Note	See Note	Section 27 Note 25
24) Wood Preservatives	Yes – One quart sample from each lot or batch	No	No	No	-----
25) Zinc (Sheet)	Yes – Approximately 30-40 square inches from each lot or batch.	No	No	No	-----
26) Reinforcement Bars	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A. Bars (Including Dowel Bars)	Yes – Two samples six feet long from every bar designation and heat number unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 9
B) Mechanical Splices	Yes – Two six foot samples of each size of reinforcing bar with coupler/splice in the middle	No	Yes	Yes	-----
27) Steel	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Piling, Sheet Piling, Shells for Cast In Place Piling and Crossbracing for Piling	No	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 14
B) Structural	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
c) Substructure	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 15
d) Superstructure	No	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 15
28) Precast and Prestressed Concrete Units	No	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 13

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 20 – Bridge Materials (continued)					
29) Prestressed Steel Wire Strand	Yes – One sample 12 feet long from each reel unless sampled at the manufacturer’s plant by the testing agency of another state.	No	No	No	-----
30) Prestressed Fine and Coarse Aggregate	Yes – One sample every 500 cubic yards of concrete.	No	No	No	-----
31) Structural Steel for Concrete Girder Bridges	No – Engineer will check the structural steel for compliance.	No	No	Yes	-----
32) Structural Fasteners for Concrete Girder Bridges A) High Tensile (Regular and Weather Resisting Types)	* Yes – 0 to 25 3 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 26 to 50 4 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 51 to 90 5 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 91 to 150 6 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 151 to 280 7 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 281 to 500 9 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 501 to 1,200 11 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 1,201 to 3,200 13 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 3,201 to 150,000 15 Bolts, Nuts and Washers 150,001 and over 15 Bolts, Nuts and Washers These samples are for destructive testing and will not be returned. *Sample frequency is for each lot.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 12
B) Low Carbon (Common)	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 12

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 21 Lighting and Signal Materials

1. Bolts, Nuts and Washers	21-1
a. Anchor Bolts for Light, Signal, Span Wire and Combination Poles.....	21-1
b. Anchor Bolts for High Mast Towers and Overhead Sign Supports.....	21-1
2. Electrical Items.....	21-1
a. Cast Iron Frames and Covers for Pull Boxes	21-1
b. Cast Iron Junction Boxes.....	21-1
c. Conduit.....	21-1
a) Aluminum.....	21-1
b) Asbestos Cement.....	21-1
c) Fiber	21-1
d) Plastic	21-1
e) Steel (Rigid, Flexible).....	21-1
f) Rigid Nonmetallic.....	21-1
d. Light Poles	21-2
a) Conventional Light Poles	21-2
b) High Mast Poles.....	21-2
c) Signal Standards.....	21-2
d) Span Wire Poles	21-2

e) Breakaway Base.....	21-2
e. Ground Rod	21-2
f. Ground Wire.....	21-2
g. Electrical Wire and Cable	21-2
h. Span Wire, Tie Wire, and Guy Wire	21-2
i. Electrical Equipment	21-3
a) Photo Electric Cells.....	21-3
b) Traffic Signals and Controllers	21-3
c) Transformers	21-3
d) Vehicle Detectors	21-3
e) Luminaires	21-3
f) Circuit Breakers	21-3
g) Fittings and Hardware.....	21-3
h) Pull Boxes.....	21-3
j. Galvanized Steel Wire	21-3
k. Grouting Material.....	21-3
a) Non-Shrink Grout	21-3
b) Epoxy Type	21-3
l. Preformed Joint Filler.....	21-3
m. Poles (Wood).....	21-3
n. Polyurethane Foamed Footings	21-3

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 21 – Lighting and Signal Materials					
1)Bolts, Nuts and Washers	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Anchor Bolts for Light, Signal, Span Wire and Combination Poles	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 12 Note 16 Note 19
B) Anchor Bolts for High Mast Towers and Overhead Sign Supports	Yes – The contractor shall furnish an extra bolt sample (including nuts and washers) from each heat of steel used on the project (or multiple projects) to the Materials and Research Division for destructive testing (See Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications, and/or the Project Provisions for further information)	No	Yes	Yes	-----
2) Electrical Items	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Cast Iron Frames and Covers for Pull Boxes	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 17 Note 18 Note 19
B) Cast Iron Junction Boxes	No – Project Manager shall measure and determine quantity of galvanizing, if galvanized, and report to the Materials and Research Division.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 17
C) Conduit a) Aluminum b) Asbestos Cement c) Fiber d) Plastic e) Steel(Rigid, Flexible) f) Rigid Nonmetallic	Yes – One sample two feet long of each size from each lot or batch, unless U.L. approved. If U.L. label is attached and physical dimensions are correct, the conduit may be accepted. The Project Manager shall report the results of the field inspection in SiteManager.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 17

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 21 – Lighting and Signal Materials (continued)					
D) Light Poles	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
a) Conventional Light Pole	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 16 Note 17 Note 19
b) High Mast Pole	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 16 Note 17 Note 19
c) Signal Standards	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 16 Note 17 Note 19
d) Span Wire Pole	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 16 Note 17 Note 19
e) Breakaway Base	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 16 Note 17 Note 19
E) Ground Rod	No – Project Manager to measure diameter and length. Report in writing to the Materials and Research Division.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 17
F) Ground Wire	Yes – One sample one foot long from each lot	No	No	No	-----
G) Electrical Wire and Cable	Yes – One sample four feet long from each lot. If requested by the Materials and Research Division a manufacturer's certified test report may also be required.	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 17
H) Span Wire, Tie Wire and Guy Wire	Yes – One sample six feet long from each lot	No	No	No	-----

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 21 – Lighting and Signal Materials (continued)					
I) Electrical Equipment	See Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications and/or the Project Special Provisions.	-----	-----	-----	-----
a) Photo-Electric Cells	-----	-----	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 17
b) Traffic Signals and Controllers	+	-----	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 17
c) Transformers	-----	-----	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 17
d) Vehicle Detectors	-----	-----	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 17
e) Luminaires	-----	-----	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 17 Note 20
f) Circuit Breakers	-----	-----	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 17
g) Fittings and Hardware	-----	-----	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 17
h) Pull Boxes	-----	-----	-----	-----	Section 27 Note 17
J) Galvanized Steel Wire	Yes – One sample six feet long from each lot of 5,000 feet or less and two samples from lots of 5,000 to 30,000 feet.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
K) Grouting Material	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
a) Non-shrink grout	No	Yes	No	No	-----
b) Epoxy Type	No	Yes	No	No	-----
L) Preformed Joint Filler	No	Yes	No	No	-----
M) Poles (wood)	No – Unless requested by the Materials and Research Division.	No	See Note	See Note	Section 27 Note 25
N) Polyurethane Foamed Footings	Yes – The manufacturer's recommended quantity of each component to provide one quart when mixed, unless shipped from tested and approved stock, or specified brands are being used.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 19

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 22 Signing Materials

1. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers	22-1
a. High Tensile	22-1
b. Low Carbon (Common)	22-1
c. Sign Fasteners	22-1
d. Anchor	22-1
2. Brackets and Fasteners	22-1
a. Aluminum	22-1
b. Steel	22-1
3. Detachable Letters, Numerals, Symbols and Border	22-1
4. Acrylic Plastic Prismatic Reflectors	22-1
5. Reflective Sheeting	22-1
6. Extrusheet	22-2
7. Sheet Aluminum	22-2
8. Sheet Metal Sleeves	22-2
9. Signing Supports and Structures	22-2
a. Aluminum	22-2
b. Steel	22-2
c. Wood Posts	22-2
10. Sign Supports, Overhead	22-2
a. Main Members	22-2

a) Truss Chords and Bracing	22-2
b) Chord End Flanges	22-2
c) Vertical Posts and Bracing	22-2
d) Catwalk Supports and Post Braces	22-2
b. Secondary Members.....	22-2
a) Catwalk Grating.....	22-2
b) Railing.....	22-2
c) Bolts.....	22-2
d) U-Bolts	22-2
e) J-Bolts.....	22-2
f) Chains.....	22-2
g) Miscellaneous Hardware.....	22-2

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 22 – Signing Materials					
1) Bolts, Nuts and Washers	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) High Tensile	Unless shipped from tested and approved stock, the contractor has the option to either provide certified mill test reports on material used, or submit one sample bolt of each size to the Central Lab for destructive testing. The sample must be taken by the project manager and must be accompanied by a manufacturer's certificate of compliance. Materials shall not be approved for incorporation into the work until certified mill tests or sample test results and certificate of compliance are in hand.	No	Yes	-----	Section 27 Note 12
B) Low Carbon (Common)	No – Project Manager to measure length and diameter. Galvanizing to be checked in the field by use of magnetic instrument for both bolts and nuts. Report results to Materials and Research Division.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 12
C) Sign Fasteners	Yes – Five bolts, nuts and washers from each lot of 500 fasteners unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 12
D) Anchor	Yes – A bolt sample (including nuts and washers) from each heat of steel used on the project (or multiple projects) shall be submitted to the Materials and Research Division for destructive testing.	No	Yes	No	-----
2) Brackets and Fasteners	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Aluminum	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 21
B) Steel	No – Galvanizing thickness to be checked in the field by the Project Manager and a report of results submitted to the Materials and Research Division.	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 21
3) Detachable Letters, Numerals, Symbols and Borders	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 21
4) Acrylic Plastic Prismatic Reflectors	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 21
5) Reflective Sheeting	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 21

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 22 – Signing Materials (continued)					
6) Extrusheet	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 21
7) Sheet Aluminum	No	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 21
8) Sheet Metal Sleeves	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 21
9) Signing Supports and Structures	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Aluminum	No	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 21
B) Steel	No – Galvanizing thickness to be checked in the field by the Project Manager and a report of results submitted to the Materials and Research Division.	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 21
C) Wood Posts	No – Unless requested by the Materials and Research Division.	No	See Note	See Note	Section 27 Note 25
10) Sign Supports, Overhead	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Main Members	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
a) Truss Chords and Bracing	No	No	Yes	No	-----
b) Chord End Flanges	No	No	Yes	No	-----
c) Vertical Posts and Bracing	No	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 21
d) Catwalk Supports and Post Bases	No	No	Yes	No	Section 27 Note 21
B) Secondary Members	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
a) Catwalk Grating	No	No	No	Yes	-----
b) Railing	No	No	No	Yes	-----
c) Bolts	No	No	No	Yes	-----
d) U-Bolts	No	No	No	Yes	-----
e) J-Bolts	No	No	No	Yes	-----
f) Chains	No	No	No	Yes	-----
g) Misc. Hardware	No	No	No	Yes	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 23 Traffic Control

1. Barricades and Warning Signs Reflective Materials.....	23-1
2. Barricade Warning Lights.....	23-1
3. Thermoplastic Pavement Marking	23-1
4. Glass Beads for Thermoplastic Pavement Marking.....	23-1
5. Epoxy Pavement Marking	23-1
6. Glass Beads for Epoxy Pavement Marking	23-1
7. Durable Retroreflective Preformed Pavement Marking Tape (Type I,II,III,IV)	23-1
8. Temporary Pavement Marking Tape (Type I,II).....	23-1
9. Paint for Temporary Pavement Marking	23-1
10. Glass Beads for Temporary Pavement Marking	23-1
11. Raised Pavement Markers (Plowable, Temporary)	23-1
12. Overlay Markers	23-1
13. Tubular Posts	23-1
14. Opposing Lane Dividers	23-2
15. Changeable Message Sign	23-2
16. Flashing Arrow Panel.....	23-2

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 23 – Traffic Control					
1) Barricade Signs and Warning Signs Reflective Materials	Report the reflectometer test results in SiteManager. If the results are unavailable, submit a sample of the reflective sheeting to the Central Laboratory.	No	No	No	-----
2) Barricade Warning Lights	No	Yes	No	No	-----
3) Thermoplastic Pavement Marking	No	No	Yes	Yes	-----
4) Glass Beads for Thermoplastic Pavement Marking	No	No	Yes	Yes	-----
5) Epoxy Pavement Marking	No	No	Yes	Yes	-----
6) Glass Beads for Epoxy Pavement Marking	No	No	Yes	Yes	-----
7) Durable Retroreflective Preformed Pavement Marking Tape (Type I, II, III, IV)	No	Yes	No	No	-----
8) Temporary Pavement Marking Tape (Type I, II)	No	Yes	No	No	-----
9) Paint for Temporary Pavement Marking	No	Yes	No	No	-----
10) Glass Beads for Temporary Pavement Marking	No	Yes	No	No	-----
11) Raised Pavement Markers (Plowable and Temporary Type)	No	Yes	No	No	-----
12) Overlay Markers	No	Yes	No	No	-----
13) Tubular Posts	No	Yes	No	No	-----

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required <i>(Tests to be made at Central laboratory)</i>	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 23 – Traffic Control (continued)					
14) Opposing Lane Dividers	No	Yes	No	No	-----
15) Changeable Message Sign	No	Yes	No	No	-----
16) Flashing Arrow Panel	No	Yes	No	No	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 24 Roadside Development and Erosion Control

1. Erosion Controls	24-1
2. Rock Riprap	24-1
a. Rock Riprap	24-1
b. Filter Fabric for Rock Riprap	24-1
3. Filter Fabric for Pipe Underdrains.....	24-1
4. Subsurface Drainage Matting.....	24-1
5. Geocell Cellular Confinement System.....	24-1
6. Gabions	24-1
a. Gabion Baskets	24-1
b. Gabion Stone Fill	24-1
7. Revet Mattress.....	24-1
a. Revet Mattress.....	24-1
b. Revet Mattress Stone Fill	24-1

Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements					
Item or Group	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 24 – Roadside Development and Erosion Control					
1) Erosion Control Fabrics	No	Yes	No	No	-----
2) Rock Riprap					
A) Rock Riprap	Yes – One 60 lb. sample for each 2000 tons or fraction thereof. (Sample to be used for quality tests) If material is from an approved source no sample required.	Yes	No	No	Section 27 Note 1 Note 26
B) Filter Fabric for Rock Riprap	No	Yes	No	No	-----
3) Filter Fabric for Pipe Underdrains	No	Yes	No	No	-----
4) Subsurface Drainage Matting	No	Yes	No	No	-----
5) Geocell Cellular Confinement System	No	Yes	No	No	-----
6) Gabions					
A) Gabion Baskets	No	Yes	No	No	-----
B) Gabion Stone Fill	Yes – Unless gabion stone is shipped from an approved source.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 26
7) Revet Mattress					
A) Revet Mattress	No	Yes	No	No	-----
B) Revet Mattress Stone Fill	Yes – Unless revet mattress stone is shipped from an approved source.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 26

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 25 Miscellaneous Materials

1. Automatic Flood Control Gates	25-1
2. Bar Grates.....	25-1
3. Bricks.....	25-1
4. Concrete Filler Block	25-1
5. Dampproofing.....	25-1
a. Asphalt	25-1
b. Asphalt Primer	25-1
6. Flexible Delineators	25-1
7. Delineators	25-1
a. Fasteners	25-1
b. Reflectors.....	25-1
c. Posts	25-1
8. Glass Fiber Mulch	25-1
9. Gray Iron Castings (Cast Iron Grates, Frames, Covers, etc).....	25-1
10. Pipe	25-1
a. Copper.....	25-1
b. Plastic.....	25-1
c. Steel.....	25-1
d. Wrought Iron.....	25-1
e. Ductile Iron Pipe & Fittings	25-2
11. Cold-Drawn Steel Wire.....	25-2

12. Prestressed Steel Wire Strand	25-2
13. Right of Way Markers.....	25-2
14. Waterstop	25-2
15. Wood Products.....	25-2
a. Lumber	25-2
b. Timber	25-2
16. Hot Pour Sealant	25-2
17. Fill Material for Inertial Barrier Modules	25-3
18. Culvert Sandfill.....	25-3
19. Sand and Sawdust for Absorption Field.....	25-4
20. Sand for Absorption Field	25-4
21. Sawdust	25-4
22. Combined Sand/Sawdust	25-5

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 25 – Miscellaneous Materials					
1) Automatic Flood Control Gates	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 18
2) Bar Grates	No	No	No	Yes	-----
3) Bricks	No	No	Yes	Yes	Section 27 Note 1
4) Concrete Filler Block	No	No	Yes	Yes	Section 27 Note 1
5) Dampproofing	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Asphalt	No	No	No	Yes	-----
B) Asphalt Primer	No	No	No	Yes	-----
6) Flexible Delineators	No	Yes	No	No	-----
7) Delineators	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Fasteners	Yes – Five bolts, nuts and washers from each lot of 500 fasteners unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1 Note 12 Note 22
B) Reflectors	Yes – Fifty reflectors from each lot or batch. No sample required if the reflectors are on the approved products list or are shipped from tested and approved stock.	Yes	No	No	Section 27 Note 1 Note 22
C) Posts	Yes – One post of each size from each lot or batch unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1 Note 23
8) Glass Fiber Mulch	No	No	Yes	No	-----
9) Gray Iron Castings (Cast Iron Grates, Frames, Covers, etc)	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 18
10) Pipe	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Copper	Yes – One 12 inch sample of each size	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
B) Plastic	Yes – One 24 inch sample of each size to include marking	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
C) Steel	Yes – One 12 inch sample of each size	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 1
D) Wrought Iron	No	No	No	Yes	Section 27 Note 1

Item or Group	Minimum Material Certificate, Test and Inspection Requirements				
	Sample Required (Tests to be made at Central laboratory)	Approved Products Lists	Manufacturer Certified Tests Required	Manufacturer Certification of Compliance Required	Location of Additional Information
SECTION: 25 – Miscellaneous Materials (continued)					
10) Pipe (continued)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
E) Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings	No	No	No	Yes	-----
11) Cold-Drawn Steel Wire	Yes – One sample four feet long from each ten tons or fraction thereof of each size of wire.	No	No	No	-----
12) Prestressed Steel Wire Strand	Yes – One sample twelve feet long from each reel unless sampled at the manufacturer's plant by the testing agency of another state.	No	No	No	-----
13) Right of Way Markers	No- Project Manager shall measure, test and report on DR Form 247 unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	Section 27 Note 24
14) Waterstop	Yes – One sample six inches in length unless shipped from tested and approved stock.	No	No	No	-----
15) Wood Products	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
A) Lumber	No – Unless requested by the Materials and Research Division.	No	See Note	See Note	Section 27 Note 1 Note 25
B) Timber	No – Unless requested by the Materials and Research Division.	No	See Note	See Note	Section 27 Note 1 Note 25
16) Hot Pour Sealant	Yes – One sample per lot unless shipped from tested and approved stock. Additional samples are required if any physical characteristic of the material demonstrates non-compliance with the specifications.	Yes	No	No	-----

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 25 – Miscellaneous Materials (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
17) Fill Material for Inertial Barrier Modules	Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation tests each 100 cubic yards or fraction thereof. (The recommended sample size is 25 pounds)</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample per project for gradation. (Duplicate of sample tested in field)</p>	Section 27 Note 1
18) Culvert Sandfill	Quality & Gradation	-----	<p>One sample for gradation tests each 100 cubic yards or fraction thereof. The recommended sample size is 25 pounds.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 and 60 pound samples needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The samples shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample for quality tests if so designated on DR FORM 324 "Source of Aggregates to be Used" or when changes in quality or characteristics occur.</p> <p>One 10 pound sample per project for gradation test (Duplicate of sample tested in field)</p>	Section27 Note 1 Note 4

MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements				
		Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR		LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Section: 25 – Miscellaneous Materials (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
19) Sand and Sawdust for Absorption Field	Mix Design & Permeability	-----	<p>Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample of sand and the 20 pound sample of sawdust needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The samples shall be taken at the project or mixing site.</p>	-----	<p>One 60 pound sample of sand and one 20 pound sample of sawdust pre-construction samples for mix design approval.</p>	-----
20) Sand for Absorption Field	Gradation	-----	<p>A minimum of two gradation tests per project The recommended sample size is 25 pounds.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample per project for gradation.</p>	-----
21) Sawdust for Absorption Field	Gradation	-----	<p>A minimum of two gradation tests per project. The recommended sample size is 10 pounds.</p> <p>Project personnel will supply the 10 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column.</p> <p>The sample shall be taken at the project.</p>	-----	<p>One 10 pound sample per project for gradation.</p>	-----

Minimum Material Certificate, Sample and Inspection Requirements						
MATERIAL	TYPE OF TEST	Q.C. SAMPLING AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR	VERIFICATION SAMPLING AND TESTING BY NDOR			LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Section: 25 – Miscellaneous Materials (continued)			FIELD PERSONNEL	BRANCH LAB	CENTRAL LAB	
22) Combined Sand/ Sawdust for Absorption Field	Permeability	-----	Project personnel will supply the 60 pound sample needed to perform the testing shown under the Central Lab column. The sample shall be taken at the project.	-----	One 60 pound construction sample for permeability test.	-----

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

**Section 26
Building Materials**

1. Building Inspection and Acceptance..... 26-1

Section 26
Building Materials
Building Inspection and Acceptance

Inspection of buildings involves checking many items that are not normally encountered in the inspection of highway work. Any questions concerning building inspection should be directed to the Highway Architect of the Roadway Design Division (Rest Area buildings) or to the Architecture Section of the Capital Facilities and Transportation Services Division (all other buildings).

Upon project completion the Project Manager shall advise the Materials and Research Division, in writing, that all materials or items used were approved for use on the basis of tests, field inspection, or that approval was given by the Highway Architect or Architecture Section for use.

A copy of this letter should be sent to the Highway Architect or Architecture Section.

Materials Sampling Guide

Table of Contents

Section 27 Notes

Note 1.	Sampling and Testing Small Quantities of Non-Critical Materials	27-1
Note 2.	Asphaltic Oils, Performance Graded Binders and Emulsified Asphalts.....	27-2
Note 3.	Asphaltic Concrete Small Quantities	27-3
Note 4.	Quality Tests of Aggregates	27-3
Note 5.	Crushed Rock Aggregate Inspected at the Source	27-3
Note 6.	Portland Cement Concrete.....	27-4
Note 7.	Concrete Chemical Admixtures.....	27-4
Note 8.	Liquid Curing Compounds.....	27-4
Note 9.	Reinforcing Steel, Bars and Fabric.....	27-5
Note 10.	Beam and Cable Guard Rail and Fittings	27-5
Note 11.	Metal Culvert Pipe Field Inspection and Reporting	27-5
Note 12.	Bolts, Nuts and Washers and Structural Fasteners	27-6
Note 13.	Precast and Prestressed Concrete Units (Bearing Piling, Sheet Piling, Girders, etc)	27-6
Note 14.	Steel Bearing Piling, Steel Sheet Piling and Steel Shells for Cast-In-Place Piling	27-6
Note 15.	Structural Steel for Superstructure, Substructure and Handrail	27-6
Note 16.	Combination Mast Arm Signal and Lighting Poles, Mast Arm Signal Poles, Span Wire Poles, Pedestal Traffic Signal Poles and Light Poles	27-7
Note 17.	Electrical Items	27-7
Note 18.	Gray Iron Castings (Cast Iron Grates, Frames, Pull Box Frames and Covers, Junction Boxes, etc)	27-7
Note 19.	Source of Certificate of Compliance	27-7
Note 20.	Luminaire Settings	27-8
Note 21.	Signing Items	27-8
Note 22.	Reflectors and Fasteners	27-8
Note 23.	Delineator Posts	27-8
Note 24.	Right Of Way Markers.....	27-8

Note 25.	Treated and Untreated Timber Piling, Treated Timber Sheet Piling, Fence Posts, Treated and Untreated Lumber, Treated and Untreated Timber, Wood Guard Rail Posts, Offset Blocks, Treated Poles and Sign Posts	27-9
Note 26.	Rock Riprap and Gabion Stone Fill	27-9

Note 1
Sampling and Testing Small Quantities of Noncritical Materials

Certain exceptions to the normal sampling and testing procedures may be made where quantities of noncritical items or materials are too small to justify the cost of testing or inspection. These exceptions in sampling and testing are intended for small quantities of materials whose positions on the project are not structurally critical. Such procedures are not to be permitted in materials for major structures, permanent mainline or ramp pavements, or other structurally critical items where use of unsound materials might significantly influence the performance, strength or durability of that item, or the public safety.

By submitting a DR Form 181 "LETTER OF CERTIFICATION BY PROJECT MANAGER" to the Materials and Research Division, the Project Manager may waive their respective sampling and testing requirements where quantities of noncritical items or materials are too small to justify the cost of testing or inspection. When this method is used, records must be documented as provided in Paragraph 1(a) and/or (b) and Paragraph 2 of Dr Form 181.

The following tabulation indicates the approximate maximum quantities of material, excepting Portland cement concrete and asphaltic concrete that may be accepted under the methods indicated above:

- a. Aggregates (except those for Portland cement concrete and asphaltic concrete) – Not to exceed approximately 200 cubic yard per day nor more than approximately 500 cubic yard per project. Rock riprap and Gabion stone fill shall not exceed 1000 tons per project.
- b. Bituminous Mixtures (cold mix) – Not to exceed approximately 50 tons per day nor more than approximately 250 tons per project.
- c. Asphaltic Oils and Emulsified Asphalts – Not to exceed approximately 1500 gallons of each type per project.
- d. Paint – Not to exceed approximately five gallons of each type per project. Brand name paints of the color specified and the weights and analysis on the container label should be the basis for acceptance.
- e. Dimensional Lumber – (2x4, 1x6, etc) Recognized commercial grades only may be used.
- f. Masonry Items – Not to exceed approximately 100 pieces of each item. Acceptance should be based on physical measurements for nominal size and visual inspection. Masonry items may include but are not exclusive to bricks, concrete blocks, etc.

Portland cement concrete for the items and approximate quantities listed below may be accepted by entering a sample in SiteManager and selecting the "Small Quantities of Non-Critical Materials" Test Method:

- a. Sidewalks –not to exceed 200 cubic yards per day
- b. Median Surfacing – not to exceed 200 cubic yards per day
- c. Concrete Base Course – not to exceed 200 cubic yards per day
- d. Concrete Base Course Widening – not to exceed 200 cubic yards per day
- e. Curb and Gutter – not to exceed approximately 500 lineal feet per project, or 50 cubic yards per day, for more than two consecutive days
- f. Slope paving and headers – not to exceed 50 cubic yards
- g. Paved ditch (intermittent water flow)
- h. Single culvert headwalls and collars

- i. Catch basins, manhole bases and inlets
- j. Concrete ditch checks
- k. Post hole concrete (fence and guardrail)
- l. Miscellaneous Concrete – Concrete placements of five cubic yards or less and which are non-critical. Non-critical refers to placements that will not be subject to traffic loading and for which failure is not likely to disrupt traffic or pose a threat of harm to the traveling public.

Acceptance under this system shall be based on the following:

- a. Delivery tickets shall accompany each load
- b. The concrete plant must comply with the specifications
- c. Only state tested and approved aggregates, cements and admixtures may be used.
- d. Project personnel will perform necessary testing on any material they feel may be of inferior quality
- e. The Project Manager will determine that the concrete for these items is from a known reliable source and fulfills the requirements for the purpose intended.

The above system is intended to provide a method whereby the Project Manager may be relieved of sampling and testing small quantities of material which in his judgment are placed in such a location within the project that the absence of sampling and testing does not materially affect the principle of sound engineering control. This program includes, but is not exclusive to, the items in the list above. Many other miscellaneous minor items (e.g., 3 or 4 posts, a few bolts, washers, nuts, a few pieces of pipe, short pieces of wire, a few pieces of reinforcing steel, a few feet of fencing material, etc) will be within the definition of the above but cannot all be listed inasmuch as location on the project will determine the need to sample and test.

A word of caution: this system should not be used as a means of reducing sampling and testing of materials by adjusting daily delivery of quantities, nor to allow the contractor to provide non-specifications materials. It is intended that all materials shall comply with specification requirements but that this compliance is determined by experience and judgment and that the Project manager shall retain absolute control over the determination of items to be accepted without the usual engineering controls.

Note 2

Asphaltic Oils, Performance Graded Binders, and Emulsified Asphalt

Acceptance Procedures:

General – The Project Manager must send his/her address to each supplier which is expected to ship asphaltic material to projects under his/her supervision.

Since payment for the asphalt materials is based on the number of net gallons shown on the supplier's certificate of compliance, it is important that the Project Manager check each truck to make sure that it has been completely emptied.

The suppliers who may furnish asphaltic material to the state have been instructed to furnish a copy of their certificate of compliance to the Project Manager for each truck shipped to his project.

The certificate of compliance is to be sent with the truck driver for delivery to the Project Manager. The certificate of compliance must meet the requirements of the Special Provisions as stated in the contract.

A certificate of compliance is required and must certify:

- a) the specific gravity of the material

- b) mixing and compaction temperatures for Performance Graded Binders
- c) any special handling/storage requirements
- d) net gallons at 60° F of the shipment
- e) that the material meets the specification requirements for that grade
- f) Certificates of compliance must be signed by an authorized employee of the supplier.

Asphaltic materials may be used immediately on the basis of the supplier's certificate of compliance.

A Bill of Lading may serve as a certificate of compliance, provided it contains all the required information.

Samples shall be taken in accordance with AASHTO T 40, Section 10, as applicable.

The contractor's certified sampling technician, under the supervision and direction of Nebraska Department of Roads personnel, will sample bituminous materials.

The contractor's certified sampling technician will fill out the Certified Sample Registration form (DR184) whenever a sample is taken. The Certified Sample Registration form will be located at the plant site.

No penalties on Emulsified Asphalt can be assessed if more than 14 days have elapsed between sampling and completion of testing.

Performance Graded Binders shall be sampled from the line between the storage tank and the mixer, or from the storage tank itself supplying material to that line. Samples are not required for individual truckloads.

Note 3 Asphaltic Concrete Small Quantities

The testing requirements of asphaltic concrete identified in the contract for quantities of less than one lot (3750 tons) may be modified by the District Construction Engineer.

When testing requirements are modified, the method of acceptance, with agreement of the Contractor, will be established by the Engineer.

Note 4 Quality Tests of Aggregates

In order to reduce the duplication of quality tests of aggregates from the same source by the Central Laboratory, it is requested that DR Form 324, "Source of Aggregates to be Used", (required for quality tests), be completed by the Project Manager for each project or purchase order. After recording the necessary information, this form should be forwarded to the Materials and Research Division prior to actual production of any aggregate.

After review by the Materials and Research Division, this form will be returned indicating if it will be necessary to submit a 60 pound sample to the Central Laboratory for quality tests or if the quality tests will be waived.

Quality test results obtained by the Central Laboratory for aggregates from the various sources throughout the state will be kept on file in the Central Laboratory.

Note 5 Crushed Rock Aggregate Inspected at the Source

Crushed rock aggregates from eastern Nebraska which are inspected at the source by Department personnel or by the producers' Certified Inspector are governed as follows:

The scale weigh ticket accompanying truck shipments will show information pertinent to the material and will also certify that the material was from stock tested by approved methods. The State

Inspector will forward to the Project Manager DR Form 156, "Aggregate Shipments". These forms will furnish record of shipment, and other pertinent information. When received on the project, the same procedure as outlined previously regarding the use of the aggregate should be observed.

Should any type or class of crushed rock be received without a Certification of Inspection tag, the Materials and Research Division should be contacted for verification of whether or not the material is acceptable for use.

Note 6 **Portland Cement Concrete**

The minimum frequency for determining the yield, air content and gradation of aggregates used is based on the average daily production. In some instances, for adequate control, it may be necessary to perform the required test more often.

Concrete Cylinders Size – 4x8 inch and 6x12 inch cylinder molds may be used on all projects. When testing 4x8 cylinders, 2 cylinders will be averaged for one test result. Starting January 1, 2011, the Department will accept 4x8 cylinders exclusively, and 6x12 cylinders will no longer be accepted.

Concrete Cylinders for Pavement – A set of two 6x12 or four 4x8 cylinders will be made for each day's placement. Starting January 1, 2011, the Department will accept 4x8 cylinders exclusively, and 6x12 cylinders will no longer be accepted.

Mandatory testing is required at 7 and 28 days. The Project Manager may request a change in the age of testing providing there are two cylinders for the 28-day strength. Extra cylinders shall be made, in addition to, the required number if early testing is requested by the contractor.

Concrete Cylinders for Structures – A set of three 6x12 or four 4x8 cylinders will be made for the first 100 cubic yards placed. An additional set of three 6x12 or four 4x8 cylinders are required for placements in excess 100 cubic yards. Mandatory testing is required at 7 and 28 days. If 6x12 cylinders are used, one cylinder will be tested for the 7-day strength, and two cylinders will be averaged for the 28-day strength. If 4x8 cylinders are used, the 7-day and 28-day strength will be the average of two cylinders tested. Extra cylinders shall be made, in addition to, the required number if early testing is requested by the contractor. Starting January 1, 2011, the Department will accept 4x8 cylinders exclusively, and 6x12 cylinders will no longer be accepted.

Note 7 **Concrete Chemical Admixtures**

Concrete Chemical admixtures are on the Approved Products List. This list can be viewed on the Materials and Research website.

A sample must be entered in SiteManager to report the type and brand of admixture(s) that was used.

If a concrete admixture is of a questionable nature, the ready mix producer must contact the company representative to address the concerns regarding the admixture. The findings of this investigation will be given to the Project Manager who must give his approval before the admixture can be used.

Note 8 **Liquid Curing Compound**

This material is pretested by the Materials and Research Laboratory with samples coming directly from the manufacturer. Upon passing the required tests, the cure compound is approved for one year from the date of approval. Approved lot numbers can be obtained by the Department of Roads Materials and Research website. Curing compound lot numbers not found must be sampled, tested and approved before being used. The Project Manager will notify the Materials and Research Division as to which project the material is to be used on.

Note 9

Reinforcing Steel, Bars and Fabric

Reinforcing steel, supplied by Nebraska jobbers or fabricators, is usually sampled and tested by the Central Laboratory, which maintains a stock record of tested material at these plants. The Materials and Research Division is notified by the fabricator when fabrication has been completed for a shipment to a state project. Department of Roads' inspection tags (Form TL-5401) are then attached to the shipment by an inspector from the Materials and Research Division. Inspection tags will usually show the project, report number, size, manufacturer and, if possible, the station and type of structure where the steel is to be used. Shipments of reinforcing steel having Department of Roads' inspection tags attached are approved for immediate use.

A "Report of Shipment of Steel for Concrete Reinforcement" is issued by the Materials and Research Division to cover each shipment to a project.

Reinforcing steel is sometimes supplied from sources outside the state. In this case, it may be tested by a testing agency of the state in which it originates and the shipments tagged by that agency. Reports covering the tests for these shipments are sent to the Materials and Research Division from which copies will be distributed. The material should not be used until the results shown on the test reports are received. Some agencies tag all material with an identification number tag before the material is tested. This identification tag does not indicate the acceptability of the material; therefore, the test report must be checked for the results.

Reinforcing steel may occasionally be furnished directly to the project from a jobber without being previously tested. In this case, samples and certificates should be submitted to the Central Laboratory as prescribed by the "Materials Sampling Guide". Reinforcing steel furnished under these circumstances should not be used until tests are completed and approved.

Note 10

Beam and Cable Guard Rail and Fittings

Beam and Cable guardrail and associated hardware furnished by each supplier is tested once each year to check their respective stock of material. Any material shipped from the tested stock of these suppliers to State Projects will not require any additional sampling, testing, or certification. Shipping reports showing the material shipped will be distributed by the Materials and Research Division to the Project Manager and others concerned.

When the supplier's tested stock is exhausted, he may continue to ship additional material to State Projects, however, this material must be covered by the type of certification shown in this sampling guide for the particular item involved. The certifications and supplier's shipping report will be sent to Materials and Research Division for approval and distribution to the Project Manager and others concerned.

Occasionally, guardrail material may be sampled on the project for a supplier's stock. In this case, the Project Manager will be notified by the Materials and Research Division concerning the samples required.

When steel posts (end posts, special posts, mounting brackets, etc.) used with beam guard rail are shipped to a project on the basis of certificates of compliance, they will be field checked by the Project Manager for correct dimensions and for the amount of zinc coating or paint thickness. A report showing the number of posts, the measurements, and coating thickness will be sent to the Materials and Research Division for distribution.

Note 11

Metal Culvert Pipe Field Inspection and Reporting

The random sampling procedure at the pipe fabricators plant requires the supplier to send a copy of his shipping report with the truck delivering the materials. The report will be addressed to "Project Manager". If the Project Manager or his inspector is not present when the material is unloaded, the

report will be left with the contractor, if he is present, for transmittal to the Project manager. Should the material be stockpiled at a site where neither the contractor nor his inspector is present, the truck driver will return the report to his office and it will be mailed to the Project Manager.

The shipping report may be either a Form MT-750 or a fabricator's bill of lading and will show the following information for the culvert pipe in the shipment: Quantity (lineal feet), size, heat number, thickness of sheets for each size of pipe, brand, and the fabricator's certification of compliance.

The pipe may be approved for use as soon as the Project Manager verifies that the material received is as described on the shipping report and that the pipe has not been damaged in shipment or handling. Any corrections or notes should be made on the Project Manager's copy of the shipping report that should then be sent to the Materials and Research Division. A copy of the project report covering the shipment will be sent to the Project Manager by the Materials and Research Division.

Refer to the Approved Products List, Section 6 – Miscellaneous, for additional corrugated metal pipe information.

Note 12

Bolts, Nuts and Washers, and Structural Fasteners

Tested and approved stock will be tagged with a Department of Roads' white inspection tag (TL-5401) inside or outside of the container. Shipments so tagged may be used immediately. Shipment reports referencing to the stock test will be issued by Materials and Research.

Note 13

Precast and Prestressed Concrete Units (Bearing Piling, Sheet Piling, Girders, Etc.)

Precast and prestressed concrete units are usually produced by commercial plants within the state. Inspection of these units is generally provided by Department of Roads' personnel.

When shipment from the fabricating plant is made to a project, a shipping report (Form DR 214, Report of Shipment of Precast and Prestressed Concrete Units from Tested Stock) is completed by the inspector with copies to the Materials and Research Division, Division Engineer, and the Project Manager. A preliminary copy shall accompany the units with the driver of the hauling vehicle.

The shipping report gives the inspector's coding of each unit shipped and is verification of acceptability provided the units shipped show no evidence of damage incurred through handling enroute to the project.

No unit received on the project shall be used in the work until the Project Manager has checked the inspector's identification as shown on the shipping report with that shown on the units.

Note 14

Steel Bearing Piling, Steel Sheet Piling and Steel Shells for Cast-in-Place Piling

These items are accepted at the time of manufacture. The contractor shall be required to supply the Project Manager with the certified test reports when the material is delivered to the project. The Project Manager shall check the heat numbers shown on these reports with those on the piling. He shall forward the mill test reports to the Materials and Research Division.

Note 15

Structural Steel for Superstructure, Substructure, and Handrail

Structural steel is accepted for use on the basis of physical and chemical tests made at the time of manufacture. The Department Inspector at the fabrication plant will obtain from the fabricator the certified mill tests representing the structural shapes being fabricated. He will obtain a certificate of compliance listing all other items, which are considered as miscellaneous and for which mill tests cannot be obtained. These miscellaneous items include tie rods and turnbuckles, bearing devices, nose angles, roadway devices and dam plates, armor angles, floor drains, and all bolts except high strength bolts, etc. He will review all mill tests for compliance with the specifications and approval will be stamped or written and signed by him. The Project Manager shall not accept for use any

structural steel shapes until he has received the shop inspection reports and approved mill tests or certificates of compliance from Materials and Research Division, or approval to use this material. All mill test report sheets shall show the project number for which material will be used.

Note 16

Combination Mast Arm Signal and Lighting Poles, Mast Arm Signal Poles, Span Wire Poles, Pedestal Traffic Signal Poles and Light Poles

The Standard Specifications require that the manufacturer of the pole shall supply the anchor bolts, anchor bolt covers, pole bases, and all miscellaneous hardware. The pole manufacturer shall furnish a certificate stating that the poles and anchor bolts shall be capable of supporting the required load under the specified design criteria and shall withstand the specified wind and ice load. Upon request by the Project Manger, the pole manufacturer shall furnish mill tests of any materials used in the manufacturer of the pole and its accessories.

The specific requirement for each of the pole types and accessories is shown in the Standard Specifications.

Note 17

Electrical Items

Electrical items are accepted for use on the basis of sample inspection and testing, receipt of certified test reports, or certificates of compliance. Where required, certified tests or certificates of compliance shall be furnished by the contractor to the Project Manager. The Project Manager shall forward the certified tests and/or certificates of compliance to the Materials and Research Division for review and distribution.

The Project Manager shall not accept or permit the installation of any electrical items until he has received the required tests and/or certification documents indicating approval for use through communication with the Materials and Research Division, Traffic Engineering or concerned authority, pending receipt of the documentation. Special attention shall be given to those items which will not be readily available to inspection during or after completion of the work or where removal and replacement under adverse conditions such as under traffic, etc. would be an inconvenience to the contractor, the state, or the traveling public.

Note 18

Gray Iron Castings (Cast Iron Grates, Frames, Pull Box Frames and Covers, Junction Boxes, etc.)

When these items are furnished from the Lincoln or Omaha area, they will probably be supplied from a tested pour representing stock at the foundry. Shipments to projects from these stocks will be reported to the Materials and Research Division by the foundries. Castings will usually be identified by a letter or symbol representing the foundry, followed by numbers representing the date the casting was poured. The Materials and Research Division will issue a "Report of Shipment of Gray Iron Castings" which will include a list of the items shipped to the project, the quantity, identification and references to the stock tests. This report constitutes approval of the tensile strength of the iron used in these castings. Since the finished castings are not inspected prior to shipment, acceptance should be based on field inspection showing good workmanship and compliance with the dimensional and weigh requirements specified in the contract documents.

Cast Iron materials furnished from other sources may not be supplied from tested stocks. In this case, the Project Manager shall obtain the manufacturer's certificate of compliance for this material from the contractor prior to installation.

Note 19

Source of Certificate of Compliance

The certificate of compliance must be from the manufacturer, not the supplier.

Note 20
Luminaire Settings

Luminaire sockets have adjustments that provide for a choice of light distribution patterns. The Project Manager shall inspect the settings on each luminaire socket and report this setting to the Lighting Engineer. Adequate descriptive literature is provided with each type of luminaire to determine the setting. The report may be in the form of a letter, sketch, etc.

Note 21
Signing Items

Signing items are accepted for use on the basis of sample inspection, testing and receipt of certified test reports, and certificates of compliance. Sample inspection and testing will be performed by Traffic Engineering and Materials and Research Divisions. Where required, certified tests or certificates of compliance shall be furnished by the contractor to the Project Manager. The Project Manager shall forward the certified tests and certificates of compliance to the Materials and Research Division for approval and distribution.

The Project Manager shall not accept signing items for use until he has received the required tests and/or certification documents indicating approval for use or has verified acceptability of the signing items for use through communication with the Materials and Research Division, the Traffic Engineering Division, or concerning authority, pending receipt of the documentation.

Note 22
Reflectors and Fasteners

When shipment is made from approved stock, inspection tags will be attached to or placed within the container. Units can be used upon delivery to the project on the basis of the inspection tag. The Materials and Research Division will issue an acceptance report upon shipment of the units.

The brand of reflector used must be entered in SiteManager.

Note 23
Delineator Posts

When delineator posts are delivered to a project from a tested and approved stock, the bundles will be tagged with a Department of Roads' white inspection tag (TL-5401). The Project Manager does not need to notify the Materials and Research Division and can use this material upon delivery to the project. A shipment report will be issued by the Materials and Research Division which will refer to the stock test report numbers covering the posts and show the sizes and quantities represented.

Posts delivered to a project which are not supplied from a previously tested and approved stock should not be used until they have been tested and approved by the Materials and Research Division.

Note 24
Right of Way Markers

These units are usually produced by commercial plants within the state. Inspection of these units is generally provided by department personnel.

When shipment from the fabricating plant is made to a project, a shipping report (Report of Shipment of Precast Concrete ROW Markers From Approved Stock) is completed by the inspector with copies to the Materials and Research Division, District Engineer, and Project Manager.

The shipping report gives the lot number and quantity shipped and is verification of acceptability provided the units shipped show no evidence of damage incurred through handling enroute to the project.

Note 25

Treated and Untreated Timber Piling, Treated Timber Sheet Piling, Fence Posts, Treated and Untreated Lumber, Treated and Untreated Timber, Wood Guard Rail Posts, Offset Blocks, Treated Poles and Sign Posts

These materials are normally accepted on the basis of Certificates of Compliance from the producer and treater or Certificates of Inspection and Treatment from a commercial testing laboratory arranged for by the supplier and approved by the Materials and Research Division.

Materials accepted on the basis of Certificates of Compliance from the producer and treater will usually not have any identifying hammer mark on the end.

Materials accepted on the basis of Certificate of Inspection and Treatment from a commercial testing laboratory will have a hammer mark on the end of each piece.

Wood materials may be used upon delivery to the project provided they have not been damaged and the proper identifying hammer mark is on the end of each piece and the report covering the inspection is on hand or the Project Manager has received from the Materials and Research Division the approved Certificates of Compliance for the materials delivered.

If material is delivered to the project prior to receipt of the test reports or Certificate of Compliance, the Project Manager shall notify the Materials and Research Division promptly, giving all pertinent data such as project number, name of Jobber or supplier, the mill or treating plant, car number, hammer mark, number of pieces, and any other information available. Action can then be started to obtain the test report of Certificate of Compliance in the event it has not been received at the laboratory.

Wood items are sometimes tested and placed in stock at jobber's plants. The Materials and Research Division has the test reports supplied by the commercial testing agency or the Certificates of Compliance from the producer and treater for any material which they have inspected and approved for the Department. When the jobber makes a shipment to a State project, he submits a shipment report (Form TL-5162) to the Materials and Research Division showing the project number and other pertinent information. If the material shown on the shipment report is as specified for the project and reports covering the inspection and approval of the material are on file at the Materials and Research Division, the report is signed by Materials and Research and sent to the Project Manager.

Note 26

Rock Riprap and Gabion Stone Fill

The sampling of rock riprap and gabion stone fill is not required if the material is received from any of the following sources:

- Concrete Materials Company (Sioux Falls, SD)
- Fisher Sand & Gravel (Mitchell, SD)
- Martin Marietta Materials (Ft Calhoun, NE)
- Martin Marietta Materials (Guernsey, WY)
- Hills Materials Company (Hot Springs, SD)
- Kerford Limestone (Weeping Water, NE)
- L. G. Everst (Del Rapids, SD)
- Martin Marietta Materials (Weeping Water, NE)
- Martin Marietta Materials (Granite Canyon, WY)
- Spencer Quarry (Spencer, SD)

Since acceptance will be at the source, field inspection will normally be limited to observation for cleanliness and segregation problems. A delivery ticket for each load of rock riprap or gabion stone fill delivered to the project or work site should include the name of the producer, the date, the location of the quarry, the quantity delivered (in tons), the name of the contractor and the project number. The

delivery ticket should be given to the Department representative at the time of arrival. At the completion of the project, the Project Manager should advise the Materials and Research Division as to the producer, the location of the quarry, and the date shipped.

If the rock riprap is from a source that is not pre-approved contact the Materials and Research Division's Aggregate laboratory for sample criteria.

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM

FOR

CONSTRUCTION

MATERIALS

Materials Sampling Guide, Section 28

Page 28-A

January 1, 2011

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 1.	Introduction.....	1-1
Section 2.	Definition of Terms	2-1
Section 3.	Acceptance Program	3-1
	3.1 General	3-1
	3.2 Verification Sampling and Testing – Frequency, Location and Attributes	3-1
	3.2.1 Project Produced Materials	3-1
	3.2.2 Manufactured Materials	3-1
	3.2.3 Approved Product List.....	3-1
	3.3 Quality Control Sampling and Testing	3-2
	3.3.1 Quality Control Plan	3-2
	3.3.2 Dispute Resolution System	3-2
Section 4.	Independent Assurance Program.....	4-1
	4.1 General	4-1
	4.1.1 System Approach.....	4-1
	4.1.2 Project Based Approach.....	4-1
	4.2 Sampling and Testing Frequency and Location.....	4-1
	4.3 Testing Equipment	4-1
	4.4 Testing Personnel.....	4-2
	4.5 Comparison of Test Results	4-2
	4.6 Annual Report of Independent Assurance Program Results	4-2
Section 5.	Materials Certification.....	5-1
Section 6.	Conflict of Interest	6-1
Section 7.	Qualification of Laboratories, Sampling and Testing Personnel.....	7-1
	7.1 Laboratories.....	7-1
	7.2 Sampling and Testing Personnel	7-1
Appendix A	Sampling and Testing Personnel Qualification Program.....	A-1
Appendix B	Laboratory/Equipment Qualification Program	B-1
Appendix C	Quality Control Plan – Minimum Requirements.....	C-1
Appendix D	Acceptable Tolerance Limits for Independent Assurance	D-1
Appendix E	Materials Certification.....	E-1
Appendix F	FHWA Annual Report.....	F-1

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 This manual describes a "Quality Assurance Program for Construction" established by the Nebraska Department of Roads (NDOR). The intent of this program is to provide adequate assurance that the materials and workmanship incorporated in highway construction projects are in reasonable conformity with the requirements of the plans and specifications including any approved changes.

1.2 The first level of assurance is provided by qualified laboratories and testing personnel. This assures that equipment and personnel are capable of performing the tests properly. An Independent Assurance program provides the second level of assurance. This level assures that testing personnel and equipment remain capable of performing the tests properly. The third level of assurance is provided by verification sampling and testing. This level assures the quality of the product.

1.3 This program has been developed in conformance with the criteria contained in 23 CFR 637 (B). It consists of an Acceptance Program and Independent Assurance Program. The Acceptance Program provides sampling and test results, obtained by qualified testing personnel and laboratories,

used in the acceptance decision. The Independent Assurance Program provides for checking the testing personnel and test equipment.

1.4 This Quality Assurance Program allows for the use of validated contractor-performed quality control (QC) test results for the acceptance decision. It also allows for the use of test results obtained by commercial laboratories in the Independent Assurance Program, as well as in acceptance decisions. Contractor and commercial laboratories and their personnel performing Quality Control sampling and testing used in the acceptance decision must be evaluated by the Independent Assurance Program.

1.5 *Applicability* – This "Quality Assurance Program for Construction" is required for all highways on the State Highway System. It does not apply to roadside appurtenances to the State Highway System such as rest areas and weigh stations, except for any driving surfaces or parking areas associated with a roadside appurtenance. The program is desirable, but not required, for construction on local roads and streets. A local jurisdiction may, at their discretion, specify the requirements contained herein for any or all construction projects under their authority.

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Acceptance Program – All factors that comprise NDOR's determination of the quality of the product as specified in the contract requirements. These factors include verification sampling, testing, and inspection, as well as results of quality control sampling and testing.

2.2 Engineer – A representative duly authorized by the Director, such representative acting within the scope of the particular duties assigned to him/her or the authority given to him/her.

2.3 Independent Assurance Program – Activities that are an unbiased and independent evaluation of all sampling and testing procedures used in the acceptance program. Test procedures used in the acceptance program which are performed in the Materials and Research Central Laboratory are not covered by the Independent Assurance Program since the central laboratory maintains accreditation through the AASHTO Accreditation Program.

2.4 Proficiency Samples – Homogeneous samples that are distributed and tested by two or more laboratories. The test results are compared to assure that the laboratories are obtaining the same results.

2.5 Qualified Laboratories – Laboratories that are capable of performing test procedures as established by the NDOR Laboratory/Equipment Qualification Program (Appendix B). This program includes, as a

minimum, provisions for checking test equipment and a requirement that the laboratory maintain records of all calibration checks.

2.6 Qualified Sampling and Testing Personnel – Personnel who are capable of sampling and testing construction materials as established by the NDOR Sampling and Testing Personnel Qualification Program (Appendix A). This program includes, as a minimum, requirements that personnel demonstrate their ability to perform sampling and testing procedures, as well as, pass a written examination.

2.7 Quality Assurance – All those planned and systematic actions necessary to provide confidence that a product or service will satisfy given requirements for quality.

2.8 Quality Control – All contractor/vendor operational techniques and activities that are performed or conducted to fulfill the contract requirements.

2.9 Random Sample – A sample drawn from a lot in which each increment in the lot has an equal probability of being chosen.

2.10 Vendor – A supplier of project-produced material that is not the contractor, such as an aggregate producer or ready-mix concrete supplier.

2.11 Verification Sampling and Testing – Sampling and testing performed to validate the quality of a product.

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

3. ACCEPTANCE PROGRAM

3.1 General – Materials incorporated into any highway construction project shall be subject to verification sampling and testing, as well as, QC sampling and testing when required by the specifications.

3.2 Verification Sampling and Testing (Frequency, Location and Attributes) – Frequency of the verification sampling and testing will depend on whether or not the contractor's QC testing (See Section 3.3) is a part of the acceptance decision. Verification sampling and testing shall be performed at the location and frequency, and for the attributes (gradation, density, air content, etc.) established in the NDOR Materials Sampling Guide. Verification sampling and testing personnel, laboratories, and equipment shall be qualified in accordance with the NDOR Sampling and Testing Personnel Qualification Program (Appendix A) and the NDOR Laboratory/Equipment Qualification Program (Appendix B) and shall be evaluated under the Independent Assurance Program shown in Section 4 of this document. Qualified NDOR personnel or their designated agents shall perform verification sampling and testing. Copy of the verification test results will be sent to the contractor, NDOR project manager, and the Materials and Research Central Laboratory.

3.2.1 Project Produced Materials – These materials can generally be described as those that are produced to meet the requirements of a specific project. They are characterized by being sampled at the construction project site and tested either at the project site or at a qualified laboratory. Aggregates, asphaltic concrete, and Portland cement concrete are considered project produced materials. The NDOR Materials Sampling Guide identifies the location and

frequency for sampling and testing the various attributes (gradation, density, air content, etc.) of project produced materials.

3.2.2 Manufactured Materials – These materials can generally be described as those that are manufactured to meet the requirements of a specific AASHTO, ASTM, or other standard. They can be used on numerous construction projects, provided they meet specification requirements for those projects. These materials may require sampling at the project site with the sample forwarded to the Materials and Research Central Laboratory for testing. These materials may also require manufacturer certifications and/or manufacturer certified test reports. Some manufactured materials may be pre-tested through arrangements with the Materials and Research Central Laboratory. Pre-tested materials are identified by approved lot numbers or identification tags indicating an NDOR approved material. Pre-tested materials that have been primarily tested or approved by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory may be used without further sampling and testing.

3.2.3 Approved Products List – Materials identified in the NDOR Approved Products List may be used on a project by notifying the Engineer of the specific brand name. The NDOR Materials and Research Central Laboratory approves these materials for use on projects. Materials on the NDOR Approved Products List do not require sampling and testing on the project site, unless requested by the Engineer. They do not require a certificate of compliance or certified test report unless the need for such a document is specifically identified in the NDOR Approved Products List or the project specifications.

3.3 Quality Control Sampling and Testing – Contractor performed Quality Control (QC) sampling and testing may be used as a part of the acceptance decision when required or allowed by the project specifications. Quality Control sampling and testing personnel, laboratories, and equipment shall be qualified in accordance with the NDOR Sampling and Testing Personnel Qualification Program (Appendix A) and the NDOR Laboratory/Equipment Qualification Program (Appendix B) and shall be evaluated under the Independent Assurance Program shown in Section 4 of this document. Quality control test results shall be validated by verification test results (See Section 3.2) obtained from independently taken samples. Qualified NDOR personnel or their designated agents shall perform verification sampling and testing.

3.3.1 Quality Control Program – When required by the specifications a Quality Control Program must be developed by the contractor and submitted as required by the contract for approval. The minimum requirements of a Quality Control Program are shown in Appendix C. Specifications may require that additional information be provided in the Quality Control Program.

3.3.2 Dispute Resolution System – When quality control test results are used in the acceptance decision, discrepancies arising between the verification sampling and testing performed by NDOR, or its designated agents, and quality control sampling and testing performed by the contractor, shall be resolved in a reliable, unbiased manner, by referee testing or evaluation performed by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory. On every sample, NDOR will retain enough material to conduct a dispute resolution on the original sample material. If NDOR doesn't have enough original material to sample, NDOR reserves the right to test from in-place material or other means of investigation. The decision by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory will be final. The Materials and Research Central Laboratory may obtain the services of an independent commercial laboratory accredited in the testing to be performed, by the AASHTO Accreditation Program or a comparable laboratory accreditation program approved by FHWA, to aid in resolving any dispute. The decision to utilize the services of an independent commercial laboratory rests solely with the Materials and Research Central Laboratory.

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

4. INDEPENDENT ASSURANCE PROGRAM

4.1 General – All sampling and testing procedures, personnel and equipment used as part of the acceptance decision shall be evaluated by the Independent Assurance (IA) Program. Any non-NDOR laboratory which performs Independent Assurance sampling and testing shall be accredited in the testing to be performed, by the AASHTO Accreditation Program or a comparable laboratory accreditation program approved by FHWA. The Independent Assurance Program includes both system and project-based approaches. The system approach shall be used unless the specifications for a project specifically require a project-based approach for independent assurance sampling and testing.

4.1.1 System Approach – The system approach bases frequency of independent assurance activities on time, regardless of the number of tests, quantities of materials, or number of projects being tested by an individual being evaluated.

4.1.2 Project-Based Approach – The project-based approach bases frequency of independent assurance activities primarily on quantities of materials being tested and requires minimum independent assurance activities on the project.

4.2 Sampling and Testing Frequency and Location – Independent assurance sampling and testing shall be performed at the location and frequency, and for the attributes (gradation, density, air content, etc.)

established in the NDOR Materials Sampling Guide. Sampling and testing procedures performed by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory are not subject to the independent assurance program since the laboratory maintains accreditation through the AASHTO Accreditation Program.

4.3 Testing Equipment – Branch Laboratory equipment used for independent assurance sampling and testing shall be qualified by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory in accordance with the NDOR Laboratory/Equipment Qualification Program (Appendix B). The Central Laboratory shall qualify any AASHTO accredited commercial laboratory equipment used for independent assurance sampling and testing by verifying that the equipment has been calibrated/verified and that supporting calibration/verification data is on file. The frequency for qualifying independent assurance sampling and testing equipment shall not exceed one year. Qualification shall be scheduled on a more frequent basis if the operation of the equipment is suspect. The independent assurance equipment shall be other than that used for quality control sampling and testing. Any equipment used to perform verification and/or quality control sampling and testing for an acceptance decision shall be evaluated by independent assurance sampling and testing personnel. This evaluation shall include calibration checks and split or proficiency sample tests. The requirements for, and frequency of, verification and/or quality control equipment calibration are shown in Appendix B. Acceptable tolerance limits for the comparison of test results for split or proficiency samples are shown in Appendix D.

4.4 Testing Personnel – Branch Laboratory personnel who perform Independent Assurance sampling and testing shall

be qualified by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory in accordance with the NDOR Sampling and Testing Personnel Qualification Program (Appendix A). The Central Laboratory shall qualify any AASHTO accredited commercial laboratory personnel performing independent assurance sampling and testing by verifying that the laboratory is accredited in the applicable test procedures and that the personnel meet the AASHTO Accreditation Program requirements. When contractor's QC testing is part of the acceptance program, Individuals performing independent assurance sampling and testing may also perform the verification sampling and testing. When contractor's QC testing is not part of the acceptance program, Individuals performing independent assurance sampling and testing shall be other than those who perform verification sampling and testing. Any individual who performs verification or quality control sampling and testing shall be evaluated by independent assurance sampling and testing personnel at least once a year. This evaluation shall include observation and spilt or proficiency sampling and testing. Acceptable tolerance limits for the comparison of test results from spilt or proficiency samples are shown in Appendix D. An IA will not be required of any individual for the year they receive certification or recertification for AASHTO and ASTM test methods.

4.5 Comparison of Test Results – A prompt comparison of test results obtained by the individual being evaluated and the independent assurance tester shall be per-

formed by a Quality Assurance Manager, a qualified evaluator designated by the Quality Assurance Manager, or AASHTO accredited commercial laboratory personnel. Acceptable tolerance limits for the comparison of test results from split or proficiency samples are shown in Appendix D. If the comparison of test results do not comply with the tolerances, a review of the test procedure and testing equipment shall be performed immediately to determine the source of the discrepancy. Corrective action must be identified and incorporated as appropriate, followed by additional independent assurance testing. Test results from all samples involved in the Independent Assurance Program shall be documented with reports maintained in Branch Laboratory files. Copies of these reports shall be transmitted to the appropriate District. When a project-based approach is used for the Independent Assurance Program, copies of the reports shall also be maintained in the project files. If an AASHTO accredited commercial laboratory performs independent assurance testing, all test results and reports shall be forwarded to the Central Laboratory for distribution to the appropriate Branch Laboratory and District.

4.6 Annual Report of Independent Assurance Program Results – An annual report, conforming in substance to that shown in Appendix F, shall be submitted to the FHWA Division Administrator summarizing the results of the NDOR system approach Independent Assurance Program.

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

5. MATERIALS CERTIFICATION

5.1 A materials certification, conforming in substance to that shown in Appendix E shall be submitted to the FHWA Division Administrator for each construction project which is on the National Highway System (NHS).

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

6. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

6.1 To avoid the appearance of a conflict of interest, any qualified non-NDOR laboratory shall perform only one of the following types of testing on the same project: verification testing, quality control testing, independent assurance testing, or dispute resolution testing.

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

**7. QUALIFICATION OF LABORATORIES
AND SAMPLING AND TESTING PER-
SONNEL**

7.1 Laboratories:

7.1.1 The NDOR Materials and Research Central Laboratory shall be accredited and maintain accreditation through the AASHTO Accreditation Program.

7.1.2 After June 29, 2000, all contractor, vendor and NDOR testing used in the acceptance decision shall be performed by qualified laboratories and/or equipment in accordance with the NDOR Laboratory/Equipment Qualification Program (Appendix B).

7.1.3 After June 29, 2000, any non-NDOR laboratory designated to perform in-

dependent assurance sampling and testing shall be accredited in the testing to be performed by the AASHTO Accreditation Program.

7.1.4 After June 29, 2000, any non-NDOR laboratory that is used in dispute resolution sampling and testing shall be accredited in the testing to be performed by the AASHTO Accreditation Program.

7.2 Sampling and Testing Personnel
– After June 29, 2000, all sampling and testing data to be used in the acceptance decision or the independent assurance program shall be performed by qualified sampling and testing personnel in accordance with the NDOR Sampling and Testing Personnel Qualification Program (Appendix A).

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

APPENDIX A

**SAMPLING AND TESTING PERSONNEL
QUALIFICATION PROGRAM**

A1. Purpose – This program provides uniform statewide procedures for sampling and testing personnel qualifications to ensure that tests required by the specifications are performed in accordance with prescribed sampling and testing methods.

A2. Qualification of Sampling and Testing Personnel:

A2.1 Any individual who samples and/or performs required tests on materials for acceptance or verification must be qualified.

A2.2 Sampling and testing personnel will be qualified to perform tests for the acceptance or verification of materials in the areas of aggregates, soils, bituminous materials and Portland cement concrete. The test methods for which individuals will be qualified shall include, but are not limited to, those shown in Table A1. There may be other test procedures used in specific geographical locations of the state or used on unique construction projects in which sampling and testing personnel need to be qualified.

A3. Responsibility for Qualifying Sampling and Testing Personnel:

A3.1 The following personnel may qualify an individual to perform required tests on materials by observing each test and administering the required examinations:

A3.1.1 Materials and Research Central

Laboratory personnel.

A3.1.2 Quality Assurance Managers; responsible for Branch Laboratory personnel and operations and responsible for Independent Assurance Sampling.

A3.1.3 Qualified Branch Laboratory personnel who have been authorized by a Quality Assurance Manager.

A3.1.4 Other NDOR personnel who have been qualified to perform specific tests may be authorized by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory to qualify others.

A 3.1.5 Independent sources, such as the American Concrete Institute (ACI) or qualified consultants, with the approval of the Materials and Research Central Laboratory.

A3.2 Each Branch Laboratory shall maintain a minimum of one individual qualified by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory for each test procedure performed within the Branch Laboratory's area of responsibility.

A4. Qualification Procedure:

A4.1 Except as noted in paragraph A4.2.1, to qualify, an individual must successfully perform the specific test or series of tests related to a specific level of qualification as identified in Table A1. The test performance, and any calculations required to determine specification compliance, must be done in the presence of an authorized evaluator as identified in Section A3.1. Successful performance is defined as demonstrating the ability to properly perform key elements for each test method. Anyone failing to demonstrate the ability to perform a test will, at the evaluator's convenience, be allowed a maximum of two re-tests per test method in a calendar year.

A4.2.1 Newly hired and temporary NDOR employees may obtain provisional certifica-

tion issued by NDOR Quality Assurance Manager, to be qualified to conduct limited sample and testing as Asphalt, PCC, or Soils/Aggregate Field Technician certification. The provisional certification will permit the employee to perform the material testing while within sight and sound of a certified field or qualified laboratory technician. An employee will be able to perform testing under the provisional certification for a maximum of one construction season, however, the person must attend the first available certification training session.

A4.2 After successful performance of a test method, the individual must also pass a written examination administered by an authorized evaluator with a minimum score of 70 percent. An individual failing the written examination may request a retest. The individual will be allowed an unlimited number of retests in a calendar year; however, the scheduling of retests for the written examination is at the evaluator's convenience.

A4.3 Any individual who performs verification or quality control sampling and testing that fails to be qualified in that calendar year, or if the qualification is revoked, the individual must obtain additional training and again complete the testing requirements identified in Sections A4.1 and A4.2.

A4.4 A standard set of examinations will be used statewide. The examination will be developed by a committee of personnel from the Materials and Research Central laboratory, Branch Laboratories, and may include industry representatives for test procedures used in contractor performed quality control testing.

A4.5 As a part of the qualification process the individual must participate in proficiency or split sample testing through the independent assurance program. The results of the proficiency or split sample testing will be evaluated within the acceptable tolerance limits identified in Appendix D. If the comparison of test results does not comply with the tolerances, a review of the

test procedure and equipment shall be performed immediately to determine the source of the discrepancy. Corrective action must be identified and incorporated as appropriate, prior to the individual performing additional testing on that test method.

A4.6 Qualification of an individual is valid for not more than five years, after which the individual must be re-qualified.

A4.7 Individuals certified through an independent source approved by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory are exempt from the qualification procedure outlined above.

A4.8 Individuals performing contractor quality control testing who have been qualified or certified by another state transportation department may be exempt from all or portions of the qualification procedure outlined above. The Materials and Research Central Laboratory will make decisions regarding the granting of a total or partial exemption. To apply for an exemption, the contractor must submit to the Materials and Research Central Laboratory, the names of the individuals seeking exemption, a listing of test procedures for which the individual has been qualified or certified by another state transportation department and the individual's name, address and telephone number from the state transportation department having responsibility for that state's qualification/certification program.

A5. Documentation:

A 5.1 The Materials and Research Central Laboratory will be responsible for maintaining documentation of all individuals qualified to perform required tests for the acceptance of materials. The Central Laboratory will provide District Offices with records of the qualification certificates for individuals performing testing on projects in their area of responsibility. The requirement for maintaining documentation is applicable to both NDOR personnel performing acceptance and verification testing, and contractor personnel performing quality control testing.

A5.2 Documentation to be maintained by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory includes:

A5.2.1 *Sampling and Testing Personnel Qualification Record* – A record for each individual listing all tests the individual has been qualified to perform.

A5.2.2 *Qualification Worksheet* – A form listing the key elements of the test method as used by the evaluator conducting the observation to record results.

A5.2.3 Copies of written examinations.

A5.3 Retention of documents will be for the life of the qualification.

A5.4 The qualification certificate issued to an individual will show each test procedure for which the individual was qualified or a title, such as "Field Tester I", which can be identified as encompassing a series of test procedures, and the date the qualification will expire.

A6. Disqualification:

A6.1 Notice of abuse or neglect for any procedures or responsibilities identified in this Quality Assurance Program shall be made to the Qualification Advisory Committee, chaired by the Materials and Research Engineer. The Advisory Committee will notify the person being investigated of the allegation and that the charges are being reviewed. The difference between neglect and abuse is intent and shall be determined by the Qualification Advisory Committee. Penalties shall be imposed upon the recommendation of the Qualification Advisory Committee. Penalties shall range from a minimum of 10-day suspension to a maximum of permanent revocation of the qualification certificate.

A6.2 *Neglect* – The first instance of neglect shall result in a 10-day suspension of the qualification certificate. The second instance of neglect shall result in a 30-day suspension of the qualification certificate. A

third instance of neglect shall be considered as and treated the same as abuse. Example of Neglect – failing to post or properly record a test result.

A6.3 *Abuse* – The first instance of abuse shall result in a 90-day suspension of the qualification certificate. The second instance of abuse shall result in permanent revocation of the qualification. Permanent revocation of a qualification shall result in that individual being ineligible for qualification at any level. Example of Abuse – falsification of test results.

A6.4 *Qualification Advisory Committee* – In addition to the Materials and Research Engineer as chair of the committee, two other NDOR members and two industry members shall be appointed to the committee by the Materials and Research Engineer. The Nebraska Chapter of the Associated General Contractors shall be consulted concerning the selection of the two industry members. The appointed members shall have no direct involvement with the case. The Qualification Advisory Committee may, at their discretion, conduct a hearing involving the individual accused of neglect or abuse and other interested parties.

A6.5 The policies and procedures described above are applicable to NDOR personnel, or designated agent, involved in the acceptance and verification of materials as well as contractor personnel or vendor involved in quality control testing.

A6.6 The reference made above to "suspension" applies only to suspension of the qualification certificate and is not intended to imply that an individual will be suspended from work. While suspension from work or termination of employment may be a consideration depending on the level of neglect or abuse exhibited, such action would be taken through normal NDOR or contractor procedures for disciplinary action.

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

**TABLE A1 – TEST METHODS FOR QUALIFICATION
OF SAMPLING AND TESTING PERSONNEL**

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	
CONCRETE FIELD TEST TECHNICIAN – LEVEL 1	
ASTM C 31	Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field
ASTM C 138	Unit Weight, Yield and Air Content (Gravimetric) of Concrete
ASTM C 143	Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete
ASTM C 172	Sampling of Freshly Mixed Concrete
ASTM C 173	Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method
ASTM C 231	Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method
ASTM C 1064	Temperature of Freshly Mixed Concrete
CONCRETE PLANT TECHNICIAN – LEVEL 2	
NOTE: A Concrete Plant Technician, Level 2 must be qualified in the test methods identified for Concrete Field Technician, Level 1, in addition to the following test methods.	
AASHTO T 2	Sampling Aggregates
AASHTO T 27	Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates
AASHTO T 248	Reducing Field Samples of Aggregate to Testing Size
AASHTO T 255	Total Moisture Content of Aggregate by Drying
NDR T 506	Determination of the Free Moisture Content of Aggregates

**TABLE A1 – TEST METHODS FOR QUALIFICATION
OF SAMPLING AND TESTING PERSONNEL
(CONTINUED)**

ASPHALT CONCRETE	
ASPHALT CONCRETE TEST TECHNICIAN	
NOTE: An Asphalt Concrete Field Inspector must be qualified in the test methods identified for Aggregate Inspector in addition to the following test methods.	
AASHTO T 166	Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Bituminous Mixtures Using Saturated Surface-Dry Specimens
AASHTO T 168	Sampling Bituminous Paving Mixtures
AASHTO T 209	Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Bituminous Paving Mixtures
AASHTO T 27	Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregate
AASHTO T 30	Mechanical Analysis of Extracted Aggregates
AASHTO T 84	Specific Gravity and Absorption of Fine Aggregate
AASHTO T 85	Specific Gravity and Absorption of Coarse Aggregate
AASHTO T 269	Volumetric Analysis of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)
AASHTO T 304	Uncompacted Void Content of Fine Aggregate
AASHTO T 248	Reducing Samples of Aggregate to Testing Size
ASTM D 5821	Determining the Percentage of Fractured Particles in Coarse Aggregate
AASHTO T 312	Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the SHRP Gyratory Compactor
AASHTO T 308	Asphalt Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method
AASHTO T 269	Percent Air Voids in Compacted Dense and Open Bituminous Mixtures
NDR T 587	Density of Bituminous Concrete In-Place by Nuclear Method

**TABLE A1 – TEST METHODS FOR QUALIFICATION
OF SAMPLING AND TESTING PERSONNEL
(CONTINUED)**

SOILS	
SOIL TEST TECHNICIAN	
AASHTO T 87	Dry Preparation of Disturbed Soil and Soil Aggregate Samples for Test *
AASHTO T 89	Determining the Liquid Limit of Soils *
AASHTO T 90	Determining the Plastic Limit and Plasticity Index of Soils *
AASHTO T 99	Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 2.5-kg (5.5-lb) Rammer and a 305-mm (12 in.) Drop *
ASTM D 2167	Density of Soil In-Place by the Rubber Balloon Method **
AASHTO T 310	Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate In-Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth) **
AASHTO T 248	Reducing Samples of Aggregate to Testing Size *
AASHTO T 265	Laboratory Determination of Moisture Content of Soils *
AASHTO T 272	Family of Curves – One Point Method *
ASTM D 2488	Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure) **

** Project personnel Performing sampling and testing

* Branch Lab Personnel Performing sampling and testing

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

APPENDIX B

**LABORATORY/EQUIPMENT
QUALIFICATION PROGRAM**

B1. Purpose – This program provides uniform statewide procedures to ensure that laboratory facilities and equipment are adequate for performance of the required sampling and testing of materials.

B2. Scope – The scope of this program covers the qualification of all laboratories and equipment used for acceptance, verification, quality control, independent assurance and dispute resolution sampling and testing. The qualification of non-NDOR equipment is intended only to ensure that the equipment has been calibrated and/or verified on a regularly scheduled basis. The actual calibration and/or verification of equipment is the responsibility of the owner, unless otherwise required by NDOR. The Materials and Research Central Laboratory will calibrate branch laboratory equipment. All other NDOR-owned test equipment used for verification and independent assurance testing at the construction site will be calibrated by the Quality Assurance Manager. Equipment may be subjected to calibration, verification or other inspection prior to qualification or through the Independent Assurance program.

B3. Laboratory/Equipment Qualification and Responsibility for Qualification – All laboratories that perform testing for NDOR require qualification. Laboratory and equipment qualification shall be as follows:

B3.1 NDOR Materials and Research Central Laboratory – The Materials and Research Central Laboratory shall be accredited through the AASHTO Accreditation

Program.

B3.2 NDOR Branch Laboratories – Branch Laboratories shall be qualified by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory.

B3.3 Field Laboratories – Field laboratories at construction sites generally consist of a laboratory building provided by a contractor and testing equipment owned and provided by NDOR.

B3.3.1 Laboratory Building Qualification – The laboratory building and any contractor furnished testing equipment shall be qualified by the NDOR Branch Laboratory Quality Assurance manager. The Quality Assurance Manager may authorize other Branch Laboratory personnel to perform the laboratory building qualification.

B3.3.2 Equipment Qualification – NDOR owned testing equipment used in a field laboratory shall be qualified by the NDOR Branch Laboratory Quality Assurance Manager. The Quality Assurance Manager may authorize other Branch Laboratory personnel to perform equipment qualification activities.

B3.4 Commercial Laboratories –
B3.4.1 Commercial laboratories performing independent assurance testing or dispute resolution testing shall be accredited by the AASHTO Accreditation Program or a comparable laboratory program approved by the Federal Highway Administration. In addition, commercial laboratories performing independent assurance testing or dispute resolution testing must be qualified by the Materials and Research Division Central Laboratory to ensure that accreditation has occurred in the sampling and testing procedure being performed

B3.4.2 Commercial laboratories per-

forming contract quality control testing shall be qualified by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory or the Branch Laboratory Quality Assurance Manager. The Materials and Research Central Laboratory shall determine the responsibility for qualifying commercial laboratories.

B3.5 Contractor Laboratories – Contractor laboratories, when performing quality control testing, shall be qualified by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory or a Branch Laboratory Quality Assurance Manager. The Materials and Research Central Laboratory shall determine the responsibility for qualifying contractor laboratories. If the responsibility is assigned to the Branch Laboratory, the Quality Assurance Manager may authorize other Branch Laboratory personnel to perform contractor laboratory qualification activities.

B3.6 Vendor Laboratories (Material Suppliers) – Vendor laboratories, when performing quality control testing, shall be qualified by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory or a Branch Laboratory Quality Assurance Manager. The Materials and Research Central Laboratory shall determine the responsibility for qualifying vendor laboratories. If the responsibility is assigned to the Branch Laboratory, the Quality Assurance Manager may authorize other Branch Laboratory personnel to perform vendor laboratory qualification activities.

B4 Equipment Qualification and Responsibility for Qualification:

B4.1 Non-specialized sampling and testing equipment is considered as a part of the laboratories identified in Section B3 even though the equipment may not be physically housed in the laboratory. Responsibility for qualification of the equipment is the same as in Section B3.

B4.2 Specialized sampling and testing equipment used for pay factor determination, material acceptance and/or material verification; that is, equipment not directly

associated with one of the laboratories identified in Section B3, shall be qualified by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory. Specialized equipment, such as profilographs and nuclear density gauges, will be identified by the Materials and Research Division.

B5. Laboratory Qualification Process – The laboratory authority identified in Section B3 shall perform the following functions:

B5.1 Accredited Laboratories (Laboratories accredited through the AASHTO Accreditation Program.):

B5.1.1 Verify that the accreditation is current and has occurred in the sampling and testing procedures performed.

B5.2 Non-Accredited Laboratories (All laboratories except accredited laboratories and field laboratory buildings.):

B5.2.1 Identify the scope of testing to be performed by the laboratory.

B5.2.2 Verify that manuals and/or test methods used to perform the tests are available and current.

B5.2.3 Document that the laboratory has the required equipment to perform the tests.

B5.2.4 Check the calibration/verification records for each piece of equipment to include:

B5.2.4.1 Description of the equipment.

B5.2.4.2 Identification or serial number of the equipment.

B5.2.4.3 Identification of any traceable standard used for calibration.

B5.2.4.4 Frequency of calibration.

B5.2.4.5 Date of last calibration.

B5.2.4.6 Date of next scheduled calibration.

B5.2.4.7 Procedure used to calibrate equipment.

B5.2.4.8 Procedure used to identify equipment not in compliance.

B5.2.5 In addition, all equipment may be subjected to calibration/verification by the qualifying authority.

B5.3 *Field Laboratories (Laboratory Building):*

B5.3.1 Verify that the laboratory building meets the requirements of the specification.

B5.3.2 Verify that the building, furnishings and utilities have been maintained to the extent that testing equipment and testing personnel will be adequately accommodated.

B6. Frequency for Laboratory Qualification:

B6.1 *Accredited Laboratories.*

B6.1.1 Accredited laboratories shall be qualified annually.

B6.1.2 If the laboratory has not previously been used by NDOR or has not been used within the past year, the laboratory must be qualified prior to performing any testing.

B6.2 *Non-Accredited Laboratories* – Laboratories that have not been accredited through the AASHTO Accreditation Program shall be qualified at an interval not to exceed two years.

B6.3 *Field Laboratories (Laboratory Building)* – Contractor provided laboratory buildings shall be qualified as described in Section B5 at intervals not to exceed two years.

B6.4 The owner of the laboratory shall have the responsibility for requesting laboratory qualification to meet the frequency schedule identified in Section B6.

B7. Laboratory Equipment – Calibration Procedures and Frequencies:

B7.1 The frequency and procedures for calibrating/verifying testing equipment is shown in Table B1.

B7.2 The calibration procedure and frequency of calibration are applicable to equipment used for quality control testing, verification testing and independent assurance testing.

B7.3 Calibration procedures and frequencies shown herein may vary from those established by the AASHTO Accreditation Program. Laboratories requesting AASHTO accreditation or accreditation by a comparable laboratory program approved by the Federal Highway Administration shall comply with accreditation program requirements for calibration frequencies and procedures.

B7.4 The qualifying authority identified in Section B3 has the right to require calibration/ verification of equipment at intervals more frequent than discussed herein if the performance of the equipment is suspect or if the equipment has been moved.

B8. Documentation.

B8.1 *Laboratory Qualification Records* – Copies of laboratory qualification records shall be kept on file as follows:

B8.1.1 One copy within the qualified laboratory.

B8.1.2 One copy by the qualifying authority as identified in Section B3.

B8.1.3 One copy by the Materials and Research Central Laboratory for any laboratory that is mobile or any commercial laboratory that may be performing testing in more than one District. It is the responsibility of the qualifying authority to submit documentation to the Materials and Research Central Laboratory.

B8.2 *Equipment Calibration/Verification Records:*

B8.2.1 Calibration/verification records for laboratory equipment shall be kept on file in the laboratory.

B8.2.2 Copies of calibration/verification records for NDOR owned equipment that is not normally a permanent part of a laboratory shall be kept on file as follows:

B8.2.2.1 One copy by the qualifying authority identified in Section B3.

B8.2.2.2 One copy by the District having ownership of the equipment.

B8.3 All laboratory qualification records and equipment calibration/verification records shall be kept on file for a period of three years.

B9. *Non-Compliance:*

B9.1 Laboratories must meet the above requirements to become qualified. Laboratories failing to maintain the requirements contained herein are subject to disqualification.

B9.2 Any equipment failing to meet specified calibration/verification requirements for a specific test method shall not be used for that test method.

B10. *Dispute Resolution* – Disputes concerning laboratory qualification or calibration/verification of equipment that cannot be resolved at the District level will be submitted to the Materials and Research Central Laboratory for resolution. The decision of the Materials and Research Central Laboratory will be final. The Materials and Research Central Laboratory may obtain the services of an AASHTO accredited independent commercial laboratory to aid in resolving a dispute. This independent commercial laboratory must be independent of the original process. The decision to utilize the services of an independent commercial laboratory rests solely with the Materials and Research Central Laboratory.

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

TABLE B1 – EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION AND VERIFICATION FREQUENCY

EQUIPMENT	REQUIREMENT	INTERVAL (Months)	METHOD
Stand, Funnel and Cylindrical Measure	Verify	12	AASHTO T 304
Conical Molds and Tampers	Check Critical Dimensions - Verify	12	AASHTO T 84
Sample Splitter	Verify	12	AASHTO T 248

Breaking Head	Check Critical Dimensions - Verify	12	AASHTO T 245
Compression Test Machine	Calibrate	12	AASHTO T 245
Ignition Oven	Verify	12	AASHTO T 308
Gyratory Compactors	Calibrate	12	AASHTO T 312
Gyratory Molds and Ram Heads	Verify	12	AASHTO T 312
Marshall Molds	Verify	12	AASHTO T 245
Vacuum System	Calibrate	12	AASHTO T 209
Manual and Mechanical Compactors (Marshall)	Verify	36	AASHTO T245

PCC Air Meters	Verify	12	ASTM C231
Bearing Blocks	Check Planeness - Verify	12	ASTM C 39
Compression Test Machines	Calibrate	12	ASTM C 39
Moist Rooms/Storage Tanks	Check Temp. and Humidity – Verify	12	ASTM C 39

EQUIPMENT	REQUIREMENT	INTERVAL (Months)	METHOD
Capping Material	Strength – Verify	Each Lot	ASTM C 109
PCC Unit Weight Measures	Verify	12	ASTM C 138

Liquid Limit Device	Wear and Critical Dimensions - Verify	12	AASHTO T 89
Grooving Tool	Critical Dimensions – Verify	12	AASHTO T 89
Manual Soil Rammers	Weight and Critical Dimensions - Verify	12	AASHTO T 99 and 180
Mechanical Soil Rammers	Weight and Critical Dimensions - Verify	12	AASHTO T 99 and 180
Soil Molds	Check Critical Dimension / Volume Verify	12	AASHTO T 99 and T 180
Straightedges	Planeness of Edges - Verify	12	AASHTO T 99 and T 180

Balances, Scales and Weights	Verify	12	AASHTO M231
Ovens	Temperature Settings - Verify	12	See Sheet B-7
Mechanical Shakers	Sieving Thoroughness – Verify	12	AASHTO T 27
Sieves	Check Physical Condition - Verify	12	AASHTO M 92
Thermometers	Verify	12	ASTM E 77
Nuclear Moisture/Density Gauges	Calibrate*	12	Manufacturer's Recommendation

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

APPENDIX C

**QUALITY CONTROL PROGRAM
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS**

C1. General – When required by the specifications a "Quality Control Program" must be developed by the contractor and submitted as required by the contract for approval. Minimum requirements for a Quality Control Program are identified herein. The specifications may require additional documentation or a more detailed Quality Control Program than these minimum requirements. The specification requirement takes precedent over the minimum requirements described herein.

C2. Minimum Quality Control Program Requirements:

C2.1 The contractor will provide, maintain and follow a quality control system that reasonably ensures the materials and work incorporated into the project conforms to the contract requirements.

C2.2 The contractor shall provide qualified sampling and testing personnel to perform quality control inspection, sampling and testing required by the contract

C2.3 The contractor will develop a Quality Control Plan and submit it to the Engineer for review and approval as identified in the specifications. The contractor's Quality Control Plan may include Quality Control Plans developed by subcontractors and/or vendors. As a minimum the Quality Control Plan will:

C2.3.1 Include the project number, signature and date of signing by the contractor's authorized representative.

C2.3.2 Identify the laboratory(s) to be used.

C2.3.3 Provide an organization structure identifying:

C2.3.3.1 The program administrator and names of sampling and testing personnel.

C2.3.3.2 The qualifications, experience and level of authority of the program administrator.

C2.3.3.3 The certificate numbers and duties of all sampling and testing personnel.

C2.3.3.4 Include a sampling, testing and analysis plan with frequencies, location of sampling and methods of testing and analysis.

C2.3.3.5 Include procedures for documenting quality control activities.

C2.3.3.6 Address corrective actions to be taken when quality control and/or acceptance criteria are not met.

C2.3.3.7 Address methods used to control product quality that cannot be adequately addressed by product testing.

C2.4 The provisions of the Quality Control Program apply to the material and construction furnished under the contract. The Quality Control Program must, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, deal with issues affecting the achievement of a quality product, including workmanship, construction methods, plant operations, and sampling and testing methods.

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

APPENDIX D

**ACCEPTABLE TOLERANCE LIMITS FOR INDEPENDENT ASSURANCE
SPLIT OR PROFICIENCY SAMPLES**

MATERIAL	TEST PROCEDURE	STANDARD	TEST METHOD	SPLIT SAMPLE TOLERANCE
Portland Cement Concrete Coarse Aggregate	Gradation > No. 4 ≤ No. 4	NDR T 27	Split or *Proficiency	± 5% ± 3%
Portland Cement Concrete Fine Aggregate	Gradation 3/8" thru No. 200	NDR T 27	Split or *Proficiency	± 3%
Portland Cement Concrete Fresh Concrete	Yield Slump Air Content Cylinder and Strength	ASTM C 138 ASTM C 143 ASTM C 138 ASTM C 31	Split or *Proficiency	± 3% ± 1.0 in. ± 1% 20% of the mean*

Embankment	In-Place Density	AASHTO T 238	Split or *Proficiency	± 2.5%
	In-Place Moisture	AASHTO T 239		± 1.5%
Subgrade	In-Place Density	AASHTO T 238	Split or *Proficiency	± 2.5%
	In-Place Moisture	AASHTO T 239		± 1.5%
Granular Foundation Course (Regular)	Gradation	NDR T 27	Split or *Proficiency	± 3%
	In-Place Density	AASHTO T 238		± 2.5%
	In-Place Moisture	AASHTO T 239		± 1.5%

APPENDIX D (CONTINUED)

MATERIAL	TEST PROCEDURE	STANDARD	TEST METHOD	SPLIT SAMPLE TOLERANCE												
Asphalt Concrete (Superpave) Coarse Aggregate	Coarse Aggregate Angularity	ASTM D 5821	Split or *Proficiency	± 10.0%												
Asphalt Concrete (Superpave) Fine Aggregate	Fine Aggregate Angularity	AASHTO T 304 (Method A)	Split or *Proficiency	± 0.5%												
Asphalt Concrete (Superpave) Combined Aggregate	Gradation	AASHTO T 30	Split or *Proficiency	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>**0 – 3.0</td> <td>± 2.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.1 – 10.0</td> <td>± 3.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10.1 – 20.0</td> <td>± 5.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20.1 – 30.0</td> <td>± 6.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30.1 – 40.0</td> <td>± 7.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>40.1 – 50.0</td> <td>± 9.0%</td> </tr> </table>	**0 – 3.0	± 2.0%	3.1 – 10.0	± 3.0%	10.1 – 20.0	± 5.0%	20.1 – 30.0	± 6.0%	30.1 – 40.0	± 7.0%	40.1 – 50.0	± 9.0%
**0 – 3.0	± 2.0%															
3.1 – 10.0	± 3.0%															
10.1 – 20.0	± 5.0%															
20.1 – 30.0	± 6.0%															
30.1 – 40.0	± 7.0%															
40.1 – 50.0	± 9.0%															
**Percent in size fraction between two consecutive aggregate sieves.																
Asphalt Concrete (Superpave) Complete Mixture	Asphalt Content	Ignition Oven AASHTO T 308	Split or *Proficiency	± 0.5%												
	Gyratory Compaction	AASHTO T 312		Visual Observation												
	Air Voids	AASHTO T 269		± 1.0%												
	Voids in Mineral Aggregate	Calculated		-1.00 to +1.25% From Min.												
	Bulk Specific Gravity	AASHTO T 166		± 0.020												
	Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity	AASHTO T 209		± 0.015												

Note: For specialty mixes see special provisions.

APPENDIX D (CONTINUED)

MATERIAL	TEST PROCEDURE	STANDARD	TEST METHOD	SPLIT SAMPLE TOLERANCE
Asphalt Concrete (Conventional) Combined Aggregate	Gradation >5/8" 5/8" thru No. 200 Passing No. 200	AASHTO T 30	Split or *Proficiency	± 5% ± 3% ± 1.5%
Asphalt Concrete (Conventional) Complete Mixture	Asphalt Content	Ignition Oven AASHTO T 308	Split or *Proficiency	± 0.5%
	Marshall Compaction	AASHTO T 245		Visual Observation
	Air Voids	AASHTO T 269		± 1.0%
	Voids in Mineral Aggregate	Calculated		-1.00 to +1.25 From Min.
	Bulk Specific Gravity	AASHTO T 166		± 0.020
	Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity	AASHTO T 209		± 0.015

*The Federal Proficiency Sample Testing Program rating scale will be used. The program uses a scale of 1 to 5. When a rating of 2 or lower is achieved corrective action shall be taken. The ratings have no valid standing beyond showing the difference between the individual's results and the average for a particular test.

Ratings	Range (Number of Standard Deviations)
5	Less than 1
4	1 to 1.5
3	1.5 to 2
2	2 to 2.5
1	Greater than 2.5

**The difference between compared test results shall not exceed the indicated percentage of the mean of the compared test results – the mean being the average of the two test results.

EXAMPLE: Portland Cement Concrete Compressive Strength

Job control test value	3000 psi
Independent Assurance test value	4000 psi
Mean	3500 psi
20% difference	700 psi

Both values are within 20% of the mean

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

APPENDIX E

LETTER OF CERTIFICATION BY STATE ENGINEER

Division Administrator
U. S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration
Lincoln, Nebraska

Date: _____
Nebraska Project No.: _____
Location: _____
Contractor: _____
Type of Work: _____

This is to certify that:

The results of the tests used in the acceptance program indicate that the materials incorporated in the construction work, and the construction operations controlled by sampling and testing, were in conformity with the approved plans and specifications. All independent assurance samples and tests are within tolerance limits of the samples and tests that are used in the acceptance program.

Exceptions to the plans and specifications are explained on the attached sheet.

Sincerely

Materials and Research Engineer

_____ Additional Materials Certifications will be required for this project.

_____ This is the only Materials Certification required for this project.

_____ This is the final Materials Certification required for this project. Previous certifications were sent on the dates indicated below.

Contractor	Type of Construction	Date Sent
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR CONSTRUCTION**

APPENDIX F

**Nebraska Department of Roads
Annual Report to FHWA On System Wide Approach of Independent Assurance Testing National Highway System
2010 Annual FHWA IA Program Report**

State and Federal Aid Projects Under Construction Between Jan 1, 2010 and Dec 31, 2010:

Project Type	Number of Projects
State and/or Federal Aid Project	
LPA Federal Aid Project	
Total	

Assessment of Lab Qualifications

Material	Lab Type	Number of Labs That Performed Sampling and/or Testing	Number of Labs That Performed Sampling and/or Testing and Were Qualified by NDOR or Maintain AASHTO Accreditation
Asphalt*	Contractor Labs		
	LPA Labs		
Soil	Consultant Labs		
	LPA Labs		
Concrete	Consultant labs		
	LPA Labs		

*The City of Lincoln does not use contractor QC tests in their acceptance decision. All other agencies use contractor QC test results in their acceptance decision.

Assessment of State and/or Federal Aid Projects

2010 projects that would require a certified technician:

Project Types	Number of Projects Assessed *
Asphalt	
Concrete	
Soils	

*LPA projects on the NHS system must meet the same certification and IA requirements as required for state projects, therefore, those types of projects will be reported in this section.

Assessment of Technician Certification Status

Project Types*	Required Certification	A Number of Technicians That Performed Sampling and/or Testing That Require Certification	B Number of Technicians That Performed Sampling and/or Testing and Were Certified	C Number of NDOR Technicians That Performed Sampling and/or Testing and Were Provisionally Certified	D Percent of Technicians That Were Certified to Perform Sampling and/or Testing They Performed in 2010 $((B+C)/A) \times 100$
Asphalt	Contractor Asphalt Concrete Test Tech *			0**	
	NDOR Asphalt Concrete Test Tech (NDOR Central and Branch Labs who IA certified contractor technicians)			0**	
Concrete	PCC Field Test Tech ACI				
	PCC Plant Inspector NDOR Level II			0**	
Soils	Earthwork Tech Level I (NDOR Field Technicians)				
	Earthwork Tech Level II (NDOR Central and Branch Labs who IA Certified NDOR technicians)			0**	

* The Nebraska Department of Roads utilizes contractor test results for acceptance on asphalt projects.

** Provisional certifications are not acceptable for these technicians.

Statewide Corrective Action: If less than 100% is reported in Column D, NDOR will report the percent of material placed which was accepted by a technician that was not certified.

Assessment of Technician IA Status

Project Types	Required Certification	E Number of Certified Technicians That Met System Approach Obligations for Independent Assurance*	F Percent of Certified Technicians That Performed Sampling and/or Testing and Met IA Obligations (E/(B+C)) X 100
Asphalt Projects	Asphalt Concrete Test Tech (Contractors)		
	Asphalt Concrete Test Tech (NDOR Central and Branch Labs who IA certified contractor technicians)		
Concrete Projects	PCC Field Test Tech ACI		
	PCC Plant Inspector NDOR Level II		
Soils Projects	Earthwork Tech Level I		100**
	Earthwork Tech Level II		100**

*Calibration of Equipment is checked through the IA

**All technicians were newly certified

Statewide Corrective Action: If less than 100% is reported in Column F, NDOR will report the percent of material placed which was accepted by a certified technician that was not IA'd.

Assessment of LPA Projects

LPA Projects that required a certified technician:

Project Types	Number of Projects Assessed
Asphalt	
Concrete	
Soils	

Assessment of Technician Certification Status

Project Types	Required Certification	G Number of Technicians That Performed Sam- pling and/or Testing duties That Require Certification	H Number of Technicians That Performed Sam- pling and/or Testing, and Were Certified	I Percent of technicians Who Were Certified to Perform Sampling and/or Testing They Performed (H/G) X 100
Asphalt	Asphalt Concrete Test Tech (Contractor)			
	Asphalt Concrete Test Tech*			
Concrete	PCC Field Test Tech ACI*			
	PCC Plant Inspector NDOR Level II*			
Soils	Earthwork Tech Level I*			
	Earthwork Tech Level II*			

*LPA and Consultant technicians are reported here.

Statewide Corrective Action:

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

Policies

Materials Sampling Guide, Section 29

Policy for Precast/Prestressed Concrete Plant Inspection NDOR Inspector

Required Certification: ACI Field Test Technician Grade 1; NDOR Field Technician; NDOR Plant Technician; PCI Quality Control Personnel Certification Level 1 and 2

Recommended Certification: ACI Strength Test Technician Grade 1

General: Refer to Section 705 in the 2007 Standard Specification for Highways, and all Supplements to the Standard Specifications.

Each inspector is expected to perform any or all tasks within the non-administrative area of prestressed concrete inspection and control. NDOR inspectors may observe and/or verify their assigned tasks. Production tasks may continue even though an NDOR inspector is not present to observe the task, provided the production schedule has been given to the NDOR inspector and the work is proceeding according to schedule. The definition of "Verify" is that NDOR inspectors will review Plant inspectors written documentation of the task or perform separate tests. All inspectors shall obtain the required certification and should obtain the recommended certification.

Inspectors shall comply with all of the safety programs prescribed by the facility. All personnel are required to wear safety hard hats, safety footwear and safety glasses while observing and/or verifying the work in the production area.

1. One sample of prestress strand twelve feet long from each reel shall be submitted to Materials and Research for testing 30 days before the anticipated time of use. (Sampling Guide, 705.02 paragraph 14)
2. Inspection and recording of tensioning.
 - A. The NDOR inspector shall observe and/or verify the tensioning of all strands.
 - B. A small number of broken wires are acceptable in a setup as long as the number is limited to not more than 2%.
 1. The area of broken wires shall not exceed 2% of the cross sectional area of the stressing strand.
 2. No more than 1 broken wire will be allowed in a single strand. (705.02 paragraphs 10 and 12)

General

1. Checking of dimensions of members, numbers, size and positions of tendons, reinforcing steel, other incorporated materials, opening, blockouts, etc.
 - A. After the Plant inspector has notified NDOR inspector the bed is ready to be reviewed the NDOR inspector may observe and/or verify the bed.
 - B. All reinforcing steel shall be observed or verified to ensure the bars are of the correct type and size and have been placed in the proper location.
 - C. The type, size, anchorage and location of all embedded items shall be observed and/or verified.
 - D. The NDOR inspector should perform checks as needed to verify the quality control department data.
2. Regular inspection of batching, mixing, conveying, placing, compacting, finishing and curing of concrete.

- A. A. Precast/Prestressed Portland cement concrete production facilities shall comply with the requirements in the Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI) for certified plants.
 1. Whenever there is reason to suspect a problem with the equipment, any or all of the equipment may be inspected.
- B. Precast plants that are not PCI certified will be NRMCA certified.
3. Preparation of concrete specimens for strength testing and performance of concrete tests (slump, air content, unit weight, etc.).
 - A. Concrete testing verification shall be the responsibility of the NDOR inspector. Table 705.03 shows the minimum required sampling and testing, the Engineer may make more correlation test samples if the quality of the plants testing is deemed inadequate.
 - B. The NDOR inspector shall observe and/or verify the sampling, fabrication and testing for all specimens.
4. Inspection of de-tensioning, product removal from beds, handling and storing operations.
 - A. The NDOR inspector shall observe and/or verify the detensioning.
 1. De-tensioning shall be accomplished before the temperatures of the units drop more than 60 degrees from the maximum cure strength temperature and while they are still moist. (705.03, 9)
 2. After De-tensioning prestressed concrete girder shall be inspected for cracking. If any cracks are discovered in the middle of the girder on the bottom flange face, the girder shall be rejected. (703.03,9.9.C)
 - B. Verifying of dimensions of members, camber, numbers, opening, blockouts, etc.
 1. The quality control department shall notify the NDOR inspector when the product is ready to be reviewed.
 2. The NDOR inspector may perform checks to verify the quality control department data.
 - C. Each precast/prestressed concrete structural unit shall be stamped or marked with an identification number and its manufacture date. (705.03 paragraph 8.10.g)
 - D. Initial camber should be recorded on all prestressed concrete products for which cylinders are made and initial camber measurement is appropriate.
 - E. Visual inspection of the product for strand slippage should be monitored and evaluated. If slippage occurs, the Construction Division shall be notified and the girder will be evaluated.
5. Final inspection of finished product prior to shipment.
 - A. Verified the product has been marked with a number and date related to shop drawings and product records for accurate identification. Green label is placed on end of girder for final approval.
 - B. Visual inspection of the product for general appearance should be made. Cracking is frequently indicative of incorrect procedures in design, production, or handling.
 - C. The NDOR inspector shall observe and/or verify the post-pour inspection.
6. General observation of plant equipment, working conditions, weather and other items, which have the potential for affecting the products.
7. All products sent to state projects shall be accompanied by a shipping ticket. The NDOR inspector will be given the opportunity to perform a final inspection before it leaves the plant.

Precast/Prestress Inspection Records and Reports

The filing pattern outlined below has been devised to ensure the integrity and uniformity of files kept in the inspector's plant file. It is expected that all such files will be kept in order and up to date.

1. Correspondence File material shall be filed by date with current data at the front of the file and cross referenced by date of letter, date received, person receiving, also those acting upon correspondence.
 - A. State of Nebraska
 - B. Producer
 - C. Miscellaneous
2. Materials and Tests Section
 - A. Field Gradations
 1. Fine Aggregate
 2. Coarse Aggregate
 - B. Sampling Identification material shall be filed by date/report number (Certifications are filed with report.)
 3. Fine Aggregate
 4. Coarse Aggregate
 5. Portland Cement
 6. Admixtures
 7. Prestressed Strand
 8. Concrete Reinforcing Steel
 9. Cold Rolled Steel
 10. Welded Steel Wire Fabric
 11. Neoprene Bearing Pads
 12. Miscellaneous
3. Materials and Research shall be sent reports on a regular basis and shall include:
 - A. Compressive Strength and Stress/Strain Data
 1. Project Number if known
 2. Unit Identification from plans
 3. Date Fabricated
 4. Proportioning Report Number
 5. Test Date
 6. Maximum Machine Load
 7. Compressive Strength
 8. Stress/ Strain Data
 - B. Shipping Report
 1. Project Number
 2. Unit Identification from plans
 3. Date Fabricated
 4. Date Shipped
 5. Length of each Pile

NDOR Inspector Checklist for Steam Curing

1. Verify temperature sensor or thermometer locations.
 - A. One approved continuous recording thermometer or sensor for each 115 feet of casting bed, with a minimum of 2 thermometers or sensors located in each enclosure.
2. Verify that steam jets are not directed at the forms.
3. Anything that causes the forms to heat up at a faster rate than the concrete can cause problems.
 - A. Verify that the temperature of the concrete is maintained near placement temperature until the concrete has reached initial set.
 - B. Verify that the temperature rate of rise does not exceed 60°F per hour after initial set.
 - C. Verify that the temperature did not exceed 175°F.

4. Verify that the relative humidity inside the enclosure is maintained between 70% and 100%.
5. Verify that the temperature in the concrete is maintained so that the difference between highest and lowest temperature station readings will not be more than 30°F.
 - A. A dial thermometer pushed through the holes in the tarp works well for checking the temperature along the unit(s).
 - B. There must be adequate room, 3 inches minimum, for the steam to circulate all the way around the forms.
 - C. Wind can blow the tarps against the forms and completely stop the steam from circulating around the units.
 - D. Make sure the end of the bed is well protected and that there is as much steam getting to the ends as the rest of the bed.
 - E. Wind blowing in the end of the bed can drastically reduce the temperature.

Elongation Instructions

Elongation shall follow the recommended practice of the Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute except as out lined below or stated on the plans. The plant inspector shall preform elongation calculations with a report submitted to the NDOR inspector for verification.

1. Calculate the elongations using the equation on page 36 of the PCI Quality Control Technician/Inspector Training Manual.
 - A. The Central Laboratory shall determine the Modulus of Elasticity.
 - B. Initial Tension should be from 5% to 25% of the final load, to pull the slack strand taut.
 - C. Strands are tensioned to approximately 70% of their ultimate capacity, except where the plans indicate otherwise.
 - D. Tolerance based on the PCI Quality Control Manual is $\pm 5\%$ from the desired value. This relates to the actual gage pressure and elongation verses the calculated values of each. It also relates to an algebraic comparison of the variation of the gage pressure to variations in elongations.
2. Tensioning Corrections for elongation and load are:
 - A. Strand Seating
 1. Dead End Seating
 2. Live End Seating
 3. Splice Chuck Seating
 - B. Bed Shortening for self-stressing beds
 - C. Abutment Rotation of movement of anchorages for fixed abutment beds
 - D. Elongation of abutment anchor rods
 - E. Thermal Effects
 - F. Drape

Elongation Worksheet

Project: _____ Pour ID: _____
 Station: _____ Date Elongated: _____
 Bed: _____ Time Elongated: _____

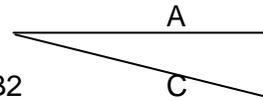
Theoretical Elongation: $E_T = (P \times L) / (A \times E)$

Where: P = Load Applied to Strand = Pf – Pi A = Area of Strand
 L = Length of Strand Between Anchorages E = Modulus of Elasticity of Strand
 The Physical Tests Laboratory shall determine the modulus of elasticity and area of strand.

Load Corrections

If draped strand are used, the applied load shall be corrected because the draping process will add load.

Change in elongation for draping $E_d = C - A$ $C = \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$



A correction for temperature will be made if the temperature increases 25°F or more from the time of stressing to the time of initial set.

Δ Elongation $E_t = 0.0000065 \times T \Delta \times L \times 12$ Corrected Load $P_t = (1 + E_t / E_T) \times P$
 < % Ultimate Strength

Corrected Elongation $E_C = E_T + E_t - E_d$ Target Load $P_T = (E_C \times A \times E) / L$
 1-8

Elongation Corrections

- Strand Seating = S = Dead End + Live End + Splice Chuck
- Bed Shortening = B
- Abutment Rotation, or Anchorage Movement = R
- Elongation of Abutment Anchor Rods = A
- Final Theoretical Elongation: $E_F = E_c + S + B + R + A$

Strand Load / Elongation Table

Strand	Load			Elongation		
	High	Actual	Low	High	Actual	Low

Computed By _____ Verified By _____
 (Plant Inspector) (NDOR Inspector)

Policy for Precast/Prestressed Concrete Plant Inspection Fabricator Inspector

Required Certification: ACI Field Test Technician Grade 1; NDOR Field Technician; NDOR Plant Technician; PCI Quality Control Personnel Certification Level 1 and 2

Recommended Certification: ACI Strength Test Technician Grade 1

General: Refer to Section 705 in the 2007 Standard Specification for Highways, and all Supplements to the Standard Specifications.

Each inspector is expected to perform any or all tasks within the non-administrative area of prestressed concrete inspection and control. Thus all inspectors shall obtain the required certification and should obtain the recommended certification.

1. Identification, examination, acceptance and plant testing of materials and subassemblies.
 - A. All precast/prestressed concrete structural units shall be produced in a Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI) certified plant.
 - B. The contractor shall provide the NDOR inspector a 4-week production schedule that is updated as necessary. If the NDOR inspector is given less than 1 NDR workdays notice of a schedule change, then the fabricator may not precede until the Engineer has reviewed the change. The Engineer may observe any or all of the procedures and shall have access to all reported data at any time during fabrication. The NDOR inspector shall report any inconsistencies to the job superintendent and note them in the plant diary. (705.03 paragraph 5)
 - C. Quality control records should be identified with the same job number, piece number, and project number if known and other information as used to identify the product after inspection.
 - D. One sample of prestress strand twelve feet long from each reel shall be submitted to the NDOR inspector for testing 30 days before the anticipated time of use. (Sampling Guide, 705.02 paragraph 14)
2. Inspection and recording of tensioning.
 - A. Tensioning of all strands shall be done in the presence of the NDOR inspector.
 - B. A small number of broken wires are acceptable in a setup as long as the number is limited to not more than 2%.
 1. The area of broken wires shall not exceed 2% of the cross sectional area of the stressing strand.
 2. No more than 1 broken wire will be allowed in a single strand. (705.02 paragraphs 10 and 12)
3. Inspection of beds and forms prior to concreting.
 - A. One of the most important inspection functions is the prepour inspection. It is much easier to make corrections before concrete is placed.
 - B. The overall length, width, thickness, and other basic dimensions should be checked on all sides of the form before concrete placement begins.
4. Checking of dimensions of members, numbers, size and positions of tendons, reinforcing steel, other incorporated materials, opening, blockouts, etc.
 - A. The quality control department shall notify the NDOR inspector when a set-up is ready to be reviewed.
 - B. All reinforcing steel shall be reviewed to ensure the bars are of the correct type and size and have been placed in the proper location.
 - C. The type, size, anchorage and location of all embedded items shall be checked.

- D. The NDOR inspector may occasionally perform checks to verify the quality control department data.
- 5. Regular inspection of batching, mixing, conveying, placing, compacting, finishing and curing of concrete.
 - A. Precast/Prestressed Portland cement concrete production facilities shall comply with the requirements in the Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI) for certified ready mix plants.
 - 1. Whenever there is reason to suspect a problem with the equipment, any or all of the equipment may be inspected.
 - B. B. Precast plants that are not PCI certified will be NRMCA certified
- 6. Preparation of concrete specimens for strength testing and performance of concrete tests (slump, air content, unit weight, etc.).
 - A. Concrete quality control shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Concrete shall be sampled and tested as shown in Table 705.03.
- 7. Inspection of detensioning, product removal from beds, handling and storing operations.
 - A. Detensioning shall be done in the presence of the NDOR inspector.
 - 1. Detensioning shall be accomplished before the temperatures of the units drop more than 60 degrees from the peak cure strength temperature and while they are still moist. (705.03 paragraph 9.b.(9))
 - 2. After Detensioning prestressed concrete girder shall be inspected for cracking. If any cracks are discovered between quarter points in the middle of the girder on the bottom flange face, the girder shall be rejected.
703.03,9.9.C)
 - B. Verifying of dimensions of members, camber, numbers, opening, block outs, etc.
 - 1. The quality control department shall notify the NDOR inspector when the product is ready to be reviewed.
 - 2. The NDOR inspector may occasionally perform checks to verify the quality control department data.
 - C. Before products are moved into storage, the NDOR inspector shall evaluate the product for deficiencies. This may be done while in the storage area if the NDOR inspector has complete access to the product.
 - D. To identify the condition of a product as it moves through plant operations, paint marks shall be placed on the ends of the girders by the NDOR inspector.
 - 1. Products marked with red paint are to identify reject items.
 - 2. Products marked with yellow paint should have their defects evaluated and repaired. Once the repair is complete and accepted, the yellow paint is covered with green paint.
 - 3. Products marked with green paint are approved for shipment at the appropriate time.
 - E. Each precast/prestressed concrete structural unit shall be stamped or marked with an identification number and its manufacture date, by the NDOR inspector. (705.03 paragraph 8.10.g)
 - F. Initial camber should be recorded on all prestressed concrete products for which cylinders are made and initial camber measurement is appropriate.
 - G. Visual inspection of the product for strand slippage should be monitored and evaluated. If slippage occurs, the Construction Division shall be notified and the girder will be evaluated.
- 8. Final inspection of finished product prior to shipment, by NDOR inspector.
 - A. Verified the product has been marked with a number and date related to shop drawings and product records for accurate identification. Green label is placed on end of girder for final approval.

- B. Visual inspection of the product for general appearance should be made. Cracking is frequently indicative of incorrect procedures in design, production, or handling.
- 9. General observation of plant equipment, working conditions, weather and other items, which have the potential for affecting the products.
- 10. All products sent to state projects shall be accompanied by a shipping ticket. The NDOR inspector shall confirm the shipment before it leaves the plant.

Elongation Instructions

Elongation shall follow the recommended practice of the Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute except as out lined below or stated on the plans. Elongation calculations shall be preformed by the plant inspector with a report submitted to the NDOR inspector for verification.

- 1. Calculate the elongations using the equation on page 36 of the PCI Quality Control Technician/Inspector Training Manual.
 - A. The Modulus of Elasticity shall be determined by the Central Laboratory.
 - B. Initial Tension should be from 5% to 25% of the final load, to pull the slack strand taut.
 - C. Strands are tensioned to approximately 70% of their ultimate capacity, except where the plans indicate otherwise.
 - D. Tolerance based on the PCI Quality Control Manual is $\pm 5\%$ from the desired value. This relates to the actual gage pressure and elongation verses the calculated values of each. It also relates to an algebraic comparison of the variation of the gage pressure to variations in elongations.
- 2. Tensioning Corrections for elongation and load are:
 - A. Strand Seating
 - 1. Dead End Seating
 - 2. Live End Seating
 - 3. Splice Chuck Seating
 - B. Bed Shortening for self-stressing beds
 - C. Abutment Rotation of movement of anchorages for fixed abutment beds
 - D. Elongation of abutment anchor rods
 - E. Thermal Effects
 - F. Drape

Elongation Worksheet

Project: _____ Pour ID: _____
 Station: _____ Date Elongated: _____
 Bed: _____ Time Elongated: _____

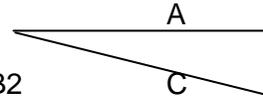
Theoretical Elongation: $E_T = (P \times L) / (A \times E)$

Where: P = Load Applied to Strand = Pf – Pi A = Area of Strand
 L = Length of Strand Between Anchorages E = Modulus of Elasticity of Strand
 The Physical Tests Laboratory shall determine the modulus of elasticity and area of strand.

Load Corrections

If draped strand are used, the applied load shall be corrected because the draping process will add load.

Change in elongation for draping $E_d = C - A$ $C = \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$



A correction for temperature will be made if the temperature increases 25°F or more from the time of stressing to the time of initial set.

Δ Elongation $E_t = 0.0000065 \times T \Delta \times L \times 12$ Corrected Load $P_t = (1 + E_t / E_T) \times P$
 < % Ultimate Strength

Corrected Elongation $E_C = E_T + E_t - E_d$ Target Load $P_T = (E_C \times A \times E) / L$
 1-8

Elongation Corrections

Strand Seating = S = Dead End + Live End + Splice Chuck
 Bed Shortening = B
 Abutment Rotation, or Anchorage Movement = R
 Elongation of Abutment Anchor Rods = A
 Final Theoretical Elongation: $E_F = E_c + S + B + R + A$

Strand Load / Elongation Table

Strand	Load			Elongation			
	Location	High	Actual	Low	High	Actual	Low

Computed By _____ (Plant Inspector) Verified By _____ (NDOR Inspector)

Policy for Grooming and Repair Procedures Precast/Prestressed Concrete Products

- * Prior to contractor beginning with any non-standard repair work, a NDOR inspector will review any grooming or repair work.
- * In this document, when the word manual is used, it is referring to the manual for the Evaluation and Repair of Precast, Prestressed Concrete Bridge Products- Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI)-Div.03 Concrete-030140.

Standard imperfections require grooming and/or repairs include:

1. Cracks less than 0.012 inches (0.30 mm) in width caused by design parameters or standard practices (such as diagonal cracking at the end of girders caused by prestress forces).
2. Spalls that do not expose reinforcement.
3. Irregular top surface finish textures.
4. Honeycombing less than ½ inches in depth and greater than 12 square inches, will require repair according to the manual.
5. Minor air voids about ½ inches in depth and greater than 12 square inches, will require repair according to the manual.
6. Pour lines that show no indication of de-bonding or cold jointing nothing needs to be done.

Non-Standard imperfections include:

1. Refer to the PCI's Manual
2. Anything not covered by the PCI's manual shall be approved by the Engineer.

Non-Standard Repair may commence upon the following:

1. The NDOR inspector(s) notify Contractor QC personnel of existing Non-Standard imperfections. (Or Contractor QC personnel notify NDOR inspector(s) of Non-Standard imperfections.)
2. Contractor will perform the repairs according to the PCI's manual
3. If contractor wants to modify the procedures found in the PCI's manual, must submit a request to Construction Division and Inspector in writing. Approval must be made prior to the beginning of any work.
4. Construction Division will approve in writing via email the submitted procedure or modification to the procedure after consulting Bridge Division.

Acceptance Policy for Cement and Blended Cements

General

These instructions cover the acceptance procedures for Portland and blended cements supplied for use in Nebraska State Highway construction and maintenance.

The State of Nebraska Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications, and Materials Sampling Guide for Highway Construction are a part of these instructions. This requirement includes all shipments by rail, truck, or barge supplied directly to contractors through suppliers or ready mix plants.

Certified Mill Analysis:

Portland and interground/blended cements mills are required to furnish the Materials and Research Division a copy of their certified mill analysis each time the cement produced for use in Nebraska Department of Roads (NDOR) projects. The certified mill analysis report shall include the location of the mill, brand name, type of cement, grinding period, and the results of the physical and chemical tests determined according to ASTM C-150 (Standard Specification for Cement) or C-595 (Standard Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements).

Approved Products List:

Portland and interground/blended cements on the NDOR's Approved Products list can be used on the project when accompanied by a manufacturer's certification. The requirements for being on the NDOR's Approved Products list approval are:

1. Twenty consecutive passing mill samples, and each sample will represent five separate grinds or blends. Each sample will be collected randomly to create a composite sample of ten pounds. The ten pound sample will be tested at the NDOR central laboratory.
 - A. Any change in the source of the pozzolan material (coal fly ash and raw or calcined natural) or Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBFS), ten consecutive passing mill samples will be required.
2. The mill analysis and the NDOR test results for the twenty consecutive passing samples shall conform to one of the following:
 - A. Portland cement shall conform to ASTM C 150
 - B. Total cementitious material replacement shall conform to the following:
 1. Interground/blended cements shall conform to ASTM C 595 and ASTM C 1567 specifications with expansion less than 0.10% at 28 days. To accommodate precision within multi-laboratory testing, expansion up to and including 0.13% will be accepted for use. If the expansion is above 0.13%, the material will be rejected.
 - a. Pozzolan Class F fly ash shall be 25⁺2 percent.
 - b. The combination of 20% + 2 of Pozzolan Class F fly ash and 20% + 2 of Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS).
 - c. 100% Platte River Gravel source will be used to make and test mortar bars according to the provisions of ASTM C 1567.
3. If the monthly mill sample, or any field sample, is out of tolerance, the mill will be notified by the Portland Cement Concrete Engineer. If a chemical test is out of tolerance, a check sample will be re-tested using ASTM C 114 as the referee method.
4. If tolerance problems are not corrected within 30 days following notification, the cement in question will be removed from NDOR Approved Products List.

5. With the approval of the Portland Cement Concrete Engineer, conditions for acceptance may also be met by furnishing test data from another state highway department provided the test were conducted within one year of application date.

Mill Sampling Procedure:

The sampling procedure requirement for cements is one 10-lb sample. The sample shall be taken on the first production day of each month for each type produced. The sample will be a composite of that day's production. Each Sample will be shipped in a leak and moisture resistant container, and will be identified with the location and name of the production mill, type of cement, date produced, and storage bin number. The accompanying paperwork, including the mill analysis shall be for the sample being submitted to NDOR, and placed in a sealed envelope.

Mill Sample Shipping:

The samples are to be shipped to the NDOR Materials and Research facility at one of the addresses below. The producer will be responsible for the cost of shipping.

When Using the U.S Post Service:

Portland Cement Concrete Laboratory
Nebraska Department of Roads
Materials and Research Division
P.O Box 94759
Lincoln, Nebraska 68509-4759

When using UPS:

Portland Cement Concrete Laboratory
Nebraska Department of Roads
Materials and Research Division
1400 Nebraska Highway 2
Lincoln, Nebraska 68509-4759

Certificates of Compliance:

Certificates of Compliance shall be issued by the producing mills. Copies of the certificates must accompany each load from a terminal. The forms must include the following:

- Name and Location of the producing cement mill
- Consignee and destination of the shipment
- Date shipped from the producing mill (not the date shipped from the terminal)
- Railroad car or truck identification number
- Brand and type of cement
- Quantity of cement shipped
- Certified test number, date, and bin or silo number

Each form for a truck shipment must include a non-repeated order number or identification number. The following signed certification statement or similar wording must also be included on the form.

This is to certify that this shipment of cement was taken from the bin indicated and that it meets the specification requirements of the Nebraska Department of Roads.

This certification must be signed at the mill loading site or at the terminal location. When cement is shipped from a terminal, a copy of the mill certification must accompany the load. The actual quantity shipped to a ready mix plant or job-site must be shown on the certification.

Sampling from Railroad Car or Truck:

Obtain samples of cement using a probe sampler (Figure 1). It shall be between 5 and 6 feet long and approximately 1 3/8 inch in outside diameter and consist of two polished brass telescopic tubes with registering slots that are opened or closed by rotation of the inner tube, the outer tube being provided with a sharp point to facilitate penetration. Take samples from well-distributed points and various depths of the cement so that the samples taken will represent the cement produced.

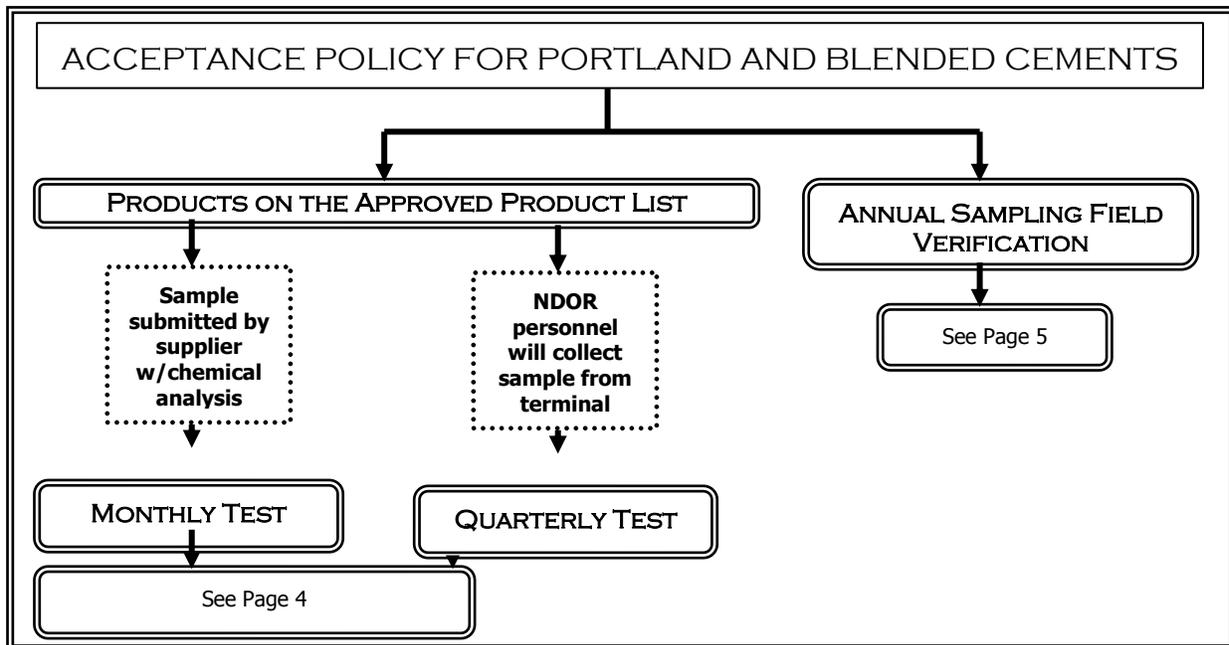


Figure1.- Probe Sampler for Bulk Cement

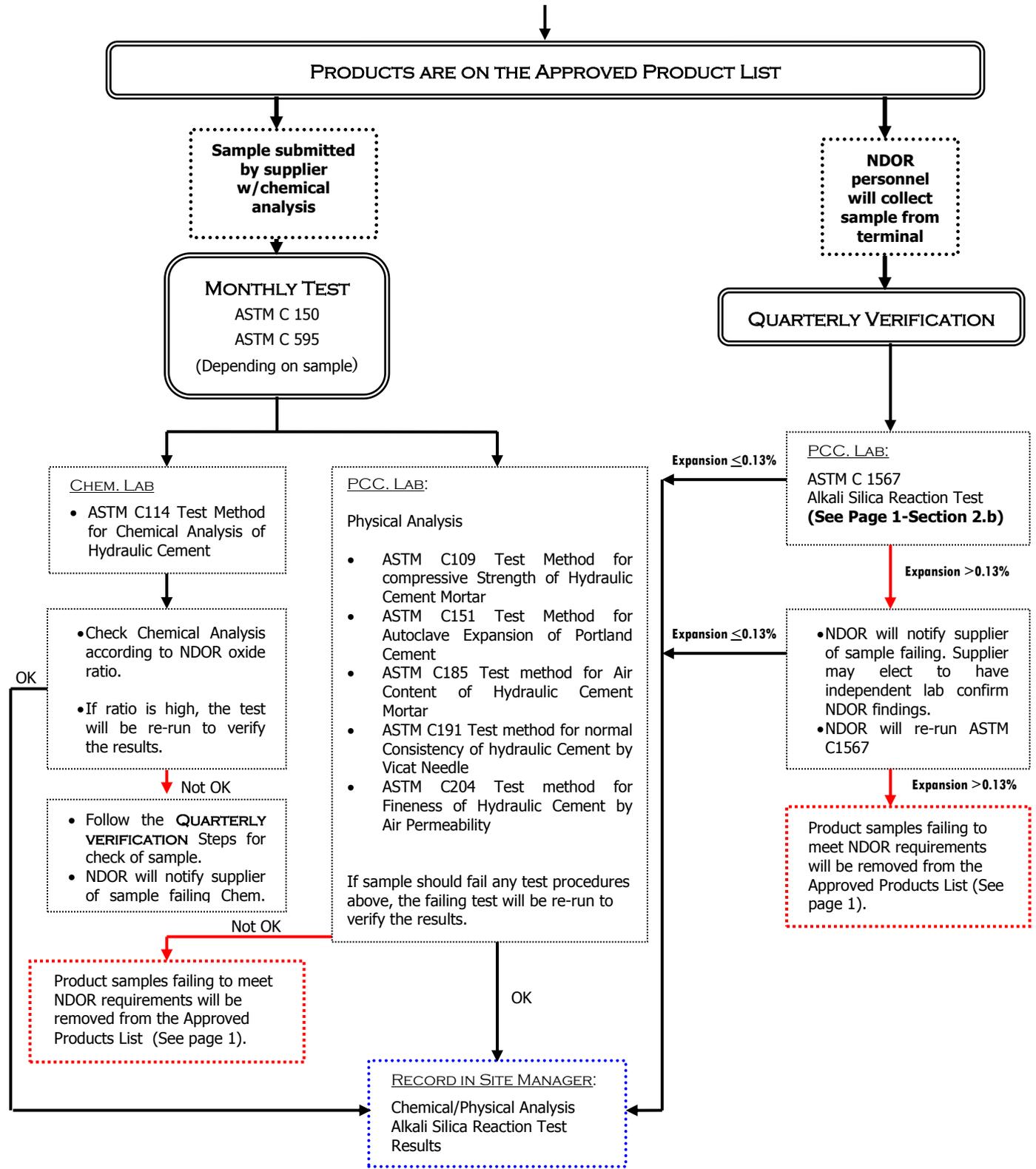
Protection of Samples:

Place samples directly in moisture-proof airtight containers to avoid moisture absorption. A 10 pound sample could be placed in a one gallon metal container in water proof bags. After placing the material in a moisture proof container, it shall be immediately sealed.

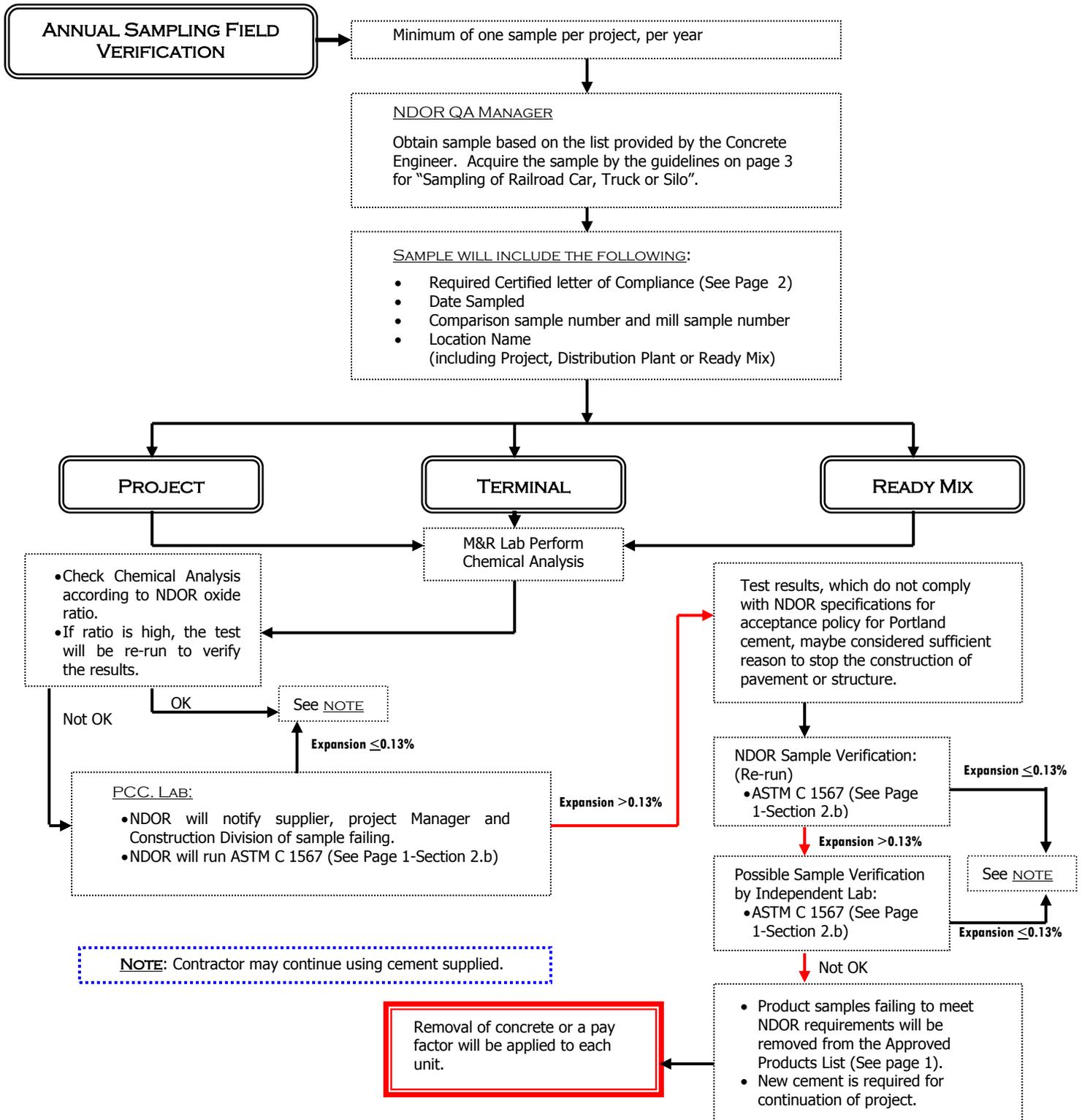
To establish procedures for inspecting, sampling, and accepting Portland and blended cements, the Materials and Research Division has established the following flow charts to represent the procedures for the acceptance policy of Portland and blended cement.



ACCEPTANCE POLICY FOR PORTLAND AND BLENDED CEMENTS



ACCEPTANCE POLICY FOR PORTLAND AND BLENDED CEMENTS



ACCEPTANCE POLICY FOR POZZOLANS (FLY ASH OR CALCINED NATURAL POZZOLAN)

General:

In this document, fly ash or calcined natural pozzolan will be referred to as a pozzolan.

These instructions cover the acceptance procedures for all fly ash or calcined natural pozzolan used in Portland cement concrete supplied for Nebraska State Highway construction and maintenance projects.

The State of Nebraska Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications, and Materials Sampling Guide for Highway Construction are a part of these instructions. Fly ash shall comply with Section 1008 of the Standard Specifications. Refer to the project Special Provisions for additional specifications for fly ash or calcined natural pozzolan. This requirement includes all shipments by rail, truck, or barge supplied directly to contractors through jobbers or ready-mix plants.

Certified Mill Analysis:

Pozzolan producers are required to furnish the Materials and Research Division a copy of their certified mill analysis each time the pozzolan produced may be shipped for use in a Nebraska Department of Roads (NDR) project. The certified mill analysis report shall include:

- name of the supplier
- source
- consignee and destination of the shipment
- project number if available
- date shipped
- railroad car or truck identification number
- weight of the shipment
- certified test number representing the material being shipped
- non-repeated order number or other identification number that will separately identify each shipment.

Approved Products List:

Pozzolans on the NDR Approved Products List can be used when specified within the special provisions. When received on the project the material shall be accompanied by the supplier's certification. The requirements for approval are:

1. Twenty consecutive passing samples. Each sample will represent plant production that exceeds 100 tons per day. The five pound sample will be collected at random locations within the day's production. The Pozzolans shall be sampled and tested

In accordance with ASTM C-618 at the NDR central laboratory, the five samples shall be obtained in a manner that will represent the entire production period.

2. Approved sources must submit composite samples representing each month's production to the NDR central laboratory for analysis prior to shipment. The pozzolan shall be sampled and tested in accordance with ASTM C-618. Each sample shall consist of at least 5 pounds of pozzolan.
3. If the monthly sample or any field sample is out of tolerance, the supplier shall be notified by the Concrete Materials Engineer. Shipments may not resume until the pozzolan is found to be in compliance with the specifications when tested by the Materials and Tests central laboratory.
4. Pozzolan in storage over 90 days must be sampled, tested by NDR, and approved prior to shipment. The samples will be considered grab samples and will consist of one 5 pound grab sample for each 400 tons of pozzolan. Authorization for shipment will be given if the pozzolan may be used in portland cement concrete.
5. If a producer requires testing more often than once per month to maintain shipments, samples may be tested at a certified commercial laboratory, at the producer's expense, and the results sent to Materials and Tests. The test results must be received by Materials and Research prior to shipment of the pozzolan.

PLANT SAMPLING PROCEDURE:

The sampling procedure requirement for pozzolans is one (1) sample for each month's production. The sample will be a composite of five samples taken from different locations so that the entire month's production is represented.

Each sample will be shipped in a leak and moisture resistant container, and will be identified with the location and name of the producing plant, type of pozzolan, and the date or dates of sampling. Grab samples shall be labeled as such.

The samples are to be shipped to the NDR at one of the addresses below. The producer will be responsible for the cost of shipping.

When using the U. S. Postal Service
Portland Cement Concrete Laboratory
Nebraska Dept. of Roads
Materials and Tests Division
P. O. Box 94759
Lincoln, NE 68502

When using UPS
Portland Cement Concrete Laboratory
Nebraska Dept. of Roads
Materials and Tests Division
1400 Nebraska Highway 2
Lincoln NE 68502

These guidelines must be strictly followed. If there is any reason this policy cannot be adhered to, contact the Concrete Materials Engineer at 402-479-4677.

CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE:

Certificates of compliance shall be issued by the producing plants. Copies of the certificates must accompany each load from a terminal. The forms must include the following:

- Name and location of the producing mill
- Consignee and destination of the shipment
- Date shipped from the producing mill (not the date shipped from the terminal)
- Railroad car or truck identification number
- Type of pozzolan
- Quantity of pozzolan shipped
- Certified test number, date, and bin or silo number

Each form for a truck shipment must include a non-repeated order number or identification number. The following signed certification statement or similar wording must also be included on the form.

This is to certify that this shipment of pozzolan was taken from the bin indicated and that it meets the specifications of the Nebraska Department of Roads.

Signed _____
For _____

The plant or terminal will send two shipment identification and certification of compliance forms with each shipment. The concrete producer will retain one copy of the certificate of compliance for their records and one will be collected by a state inspector if necessary.

Shipments of pozzolan may be randomly sampled by NDR personnel, as directed by the Materials and Tests Division, and tested at the central laboratory in Lincoln.

Acceptance Policy for Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS)

General:

These instructions cover the acceptance procedures for all ground granulated blast furnace slag (GGBFS) used in Portland cement concrete supplied for use in Nebraska State Highway construction and maintenance.

The State of Nebraska Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications, and Materials Sampling Guide for Highway Construction are a part of these instructions. The ground granulated blast furnace slag shall comply with the Special Provisions. This requirement includes all shipments by rail, truck, or barge supplied directly to contractors through small suppliers or ready mix plants.

Certified Mill Analysis:

GGBFS producers are required to furnish the Materials and Research Division a copy of their certified mill analysis each time the ground granulated blast furnace slag produced may be shipped for use in a Nebraska Department of Roads (NDOR) project. The certified mill analysis report shall include:

1. Name of the supplier
2. Source
3. Consignee and destination of the shipment
4. Project number if available
5. Date shipped
6. Railroad car or truck identification number
7. Weight of the shipment
8. Certified test number representing the material being shipped
9. Non-repeated order number or other identification number that will separately identify each shipment.

Approved Products List:

The ground granulated blast furnace slag on the NDOR's Approved Products List can be used when received on the project and accompanied by a supplier's certification. The requirements for approval are:

1. Twenty consecutive passing samples. Each sample will represent plant production that exceeds 100 tons per day. The five pound sample will be collected at random locations within the day's production. The GGBFS shall be sampled, tested in accordance with ASTM C-989 and tested at the NDOR central laboratory. The samples shall be obtained in a manner that will represent the entire production period.
2. Approved sources must submit composite samples representing each month's production to the NDOR central laboratory. The ground granulated blast furnace slag shall be sampled and tested in accordance with ASTM C-989 (Standard Specification for GGBFS), Grade 120. Each sample shall consist of at least 5 pounds of ground granulated blast furnace slag.

3. Approved sources must submit composite samples representing each month's production to the NDOR central laboratory. The ground granulated blast furnace slag shall be sampled and tested in accordance with ASTM C-989 (Standard Specification for GGBFS), Grade 120. Each sample shall consist of at least 5 pounds of ground granulated blast furnace slag.
4. If the monthly sample or any field sample is out of tolerance, the supplier shall be notified by the Pavement Cement Concrete Engineer. Shipments may not resume until the GGBFS is found to be in compliance with the specifications when tested by the NDOR central laboratory.
5. If a producer requires testing more often than once per month to maintain shipments, samples may be tested at a certified commercial laboratory, at the producer's expense, and the results sent to Materials and Research Division. The test results must be received by Materials and Research Division prior to shipment of the ground granulated blast furnace slag.

Mill Sampling Procedure:

The sampling procedure requirement for the GGBFS is one 5-lb sample. The sample shall be taken on the first production day of each month for the grade produced. The sample will be a composite of that day's production. Each Sample will be shipped in a leak and moisture resistant container, and will be identified with the location and name of the production mill, ground granulated blast furnace slag grade produced, date produced, and storage bin number. The accompanying paperwork, including the mill analysis shall be for the sample being submitted to NDOR, will be placed in an envelope to keep papers clean.

Mill Sample Shipping:

The samples are to be shipped to the NDOR central laboratory at one of the addresses below. The producer will be responsible for the cost of shipping.

When Using the U.S Post Service:

Portland Cement Concrete Laboratory
Nebraska Department of Roads
Materials and Research Division
P.O Box 94759
Lincoln, Nebraska 68509-4759

When using UPS:

Portland Cement Concrete Laboratory
Nebraska Department of Roads
Materials and Research Division
1400 Nebraska Highway 2
Lincoln, Nebraska 68509-4759

Certificates of Compliance:

Certificates of compliance shall be issued by the producing plants. Copies of the certificates must accompany each load from a terminal. The forms must include the following:

1. Name and location of the producing mill
2. Consignee and destination of the shipment
3. Date shipped from the producing mill (not the date shipped from the terminal)
4. Railroad car or truck identification number
5. Grade of ground granulated blast furnace slag
6. Quantity of ground granulated blast furnace slag shipped Certified test number, date, and bin or silo number

Each form for a truck shipment must include a non-repeated order number or identification number. The following signed certification statement or similar wording must also be included on the form.

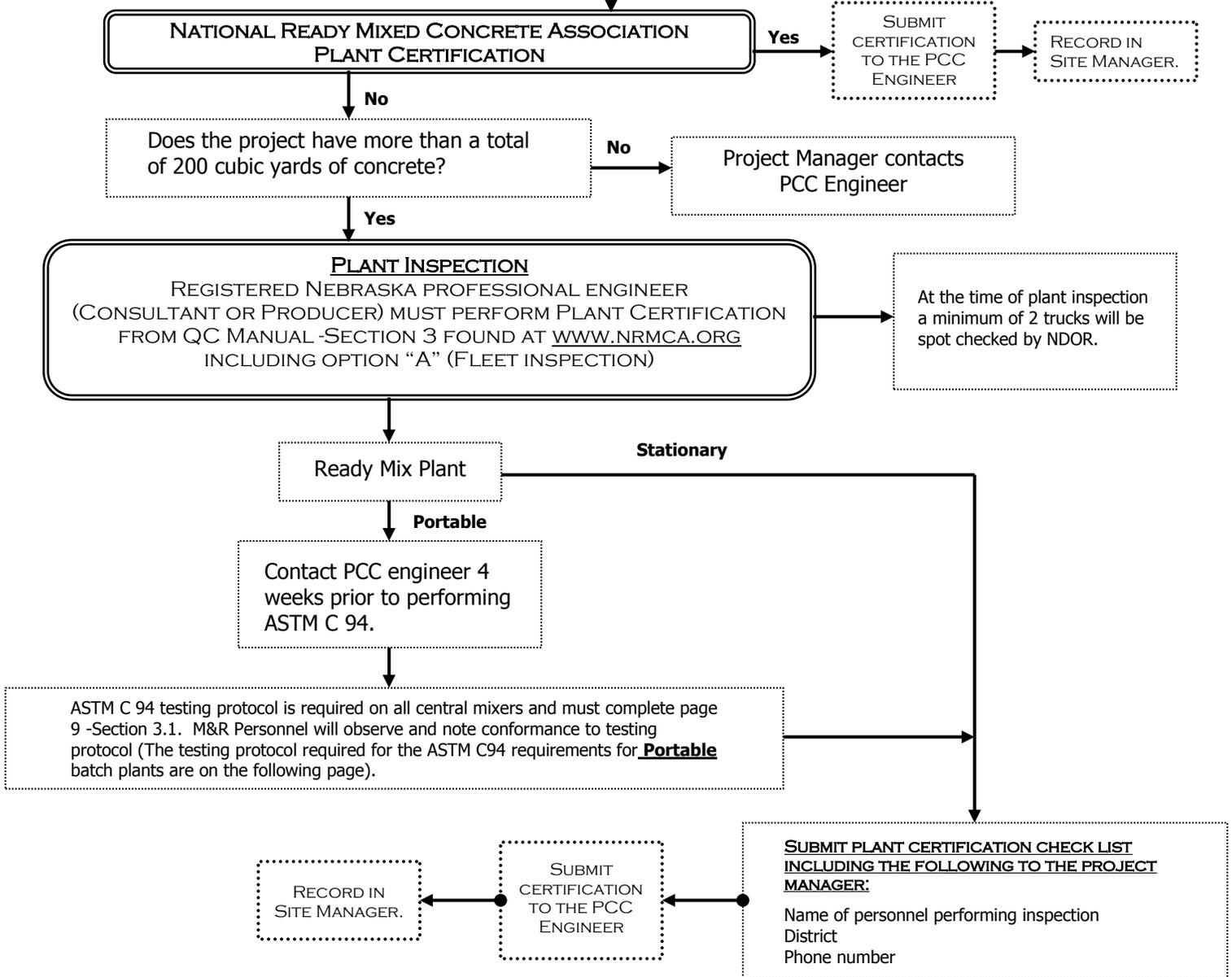
This is to certify that this shipment of GGBFS was taken from the bin indicated and that it meets the specifications of the Nebraska Department of Roads.

Signed _____
For _____

The plant or terminal will send two shipment identification and certification of compliance forms with each shipment. The concrete producer will retain one copy of the certificate of compliance for their records and one will be collected by a state inspector if necessary.

Shipments of GGBFS may be randomly sampled by NDOR personnel, as directed by the Materials and Research Division, and tested at the central laboratory in Lincoln.

POLICY FOR CERTIFICATION OF READY MIX PLANTS



NOTE:

1. Stationary Plants/Truck Certifications are required every two years.
 - a. During plant certification, if a plant is using washwater in the concrete mix, the washwater shall be tested. See Item 12 of this policy for required testing.
2. Portable plants require certification a minimum of once a year
 - a. Contact PCC Engineer for a possible waiver if:
 - i. Portable plants remain at the same location longer than one year.

ASTM C94 REQUIREMENTS FOR PORTABLE BATCH PLANTS

1. ASTM C94 shall be performed on all portable wet batch plants
2. Contractor is responsible to have testing performed by ACI certified Grade I Technician
3. Test results shall be certified and submitted to the project manager/ QA for the ASTM C-94 testing along with the plant certification check list.
4. NDOR Materials and Research will have personnel observing the testing and noting conformance to the testing protocol.
5. Testing shall be performed within the first three days of the concrete plant's production.
6. All plants shall be allowed to perform regular paving operations at minimum of 60 sec. mix time or at the plant manufacturers' recommended mixing time, whichever is greater.
7. Samples will be taken at the mixer, immediately after the mix time is completed.
8. There will be a need for two samples one at 15% and one at 85% of the batch, in loaders, wheel barrows, a storage location etc. The samples must be protected to maintain the quality of the sample.
9. Slump and Air should be performed within 15 min. of each sample.
10. As a minimum, the following 5 tests will be performed and 4 must pass for the mixer to be approved at that specified mixing time.
 1. Mass per cubic foot calculated to an air free basis, ($\frac{1}{4}$ cu. ft can be used)
 2. Air Content, volume % of concrete
 3. Slump
 4. Coarse aggregate content, portion by mass of each sample retained on #4 sieve, %
 5. Average compressive strength at 7 days for each sample, based on average strength of three test specimens, %

Optional – Mass per unit volume of air free mortar based on average for all comparative samples tested, % (If this is used in addition to the 5 above, a total of 5 of the 6 must pass the ASTM C94 tolerances)

Table A1.1 Requirements for Uniformity of Concrete (According to ASTM C94- Page 56-Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Vol. 05.02)

Test	Requirement, Expressed as Maximum permissible Difference in Results of Test of Samples taken from two Locations in the Concrete Batch
Mass per cubic foot calculated to an air-free basis, lb/ft ³	1.0
Air Content, volume % of concrete	1.0
Slump: If average Slump is 4 in or less, in If average slump is 4-6 in	1.0 1.5
Coarse Aggregate content, portion by mass of each sample retained on No. 4 sieve %	6.0
Mass per unit volume of air-free mortar ^A based on average for all comparative samples tested, %	1.6
Average compressive strength at 7 days for each sample, ^B based on average strength of all comparative test specimens, %	7.5 ^C

^A "Test for variability of Constituents in Concrete," Designation 26, Bureau of Reclamation Concrete Manual, 7th Edition.⁴

^B Not less than 3 cylinders will be molded and tested from each of the samples

^C Approval of the mixer shall be tentative, pending results of the 7 day compressive strength

11. If a mixer performance test fails immediately, and the contractor wants to continue a performance test at that particular mixing time, two consecutive tests must pass 4 or 5 ASTM C-94 uniformity requirements

12. Washwater Testing

The following tests may be completed by NDOR to pre-approve washwater that is to be used in a concrete mix:

- NDR1602 Mixing Water Used in the production of Hydraulic Cement Concrete
- ASTM C 1603 Measurement of Solids in water
- ASTM C 31 Making and curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field
- ASTM C 109 Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortar
- ASTM C 191 Time of Setting of Hydraulic Cement by Vicat Needle
- NDR D 512 Chloride Ion in Water – Method B
- NDR T 290 Determining Water – Soluble Ion in Soil – Method A
- NDR C 114 Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement- Testing (Alkalinity)

PIPE MATERIAL POLICY

Policy: This policy will replace all previous policies regarding the selection of pipe material for cross drains, drive pipe, drop pipe, storm sewers, and railroad pipe (refer to the commentary on page A-7 for supplementary information). Under this policy, designers will select the allowable pipe material options for each installation and must follow the [NDOR Drainage Design and Erosion Control Manual](#). The contractor will choose the final pipe material from the list of options provided.

The following topics are discussed in more depth:

- Types of pipe specified in this policy
- Maximum permissible diameter of standard pipe
- Design values for Manning Coefficient, (n)
- Flared end sections
- Minimum and maximum fill heights
- Excavation, bedding, and backfill requirements
- Functional use of different pipes
- Connections

Types of Pipe Specified in this Policy

RCSP	Reinforced Concrete Sewer Pipe	
RCP	Reinforced Concrete Pipe	
MCCMP	Metallic Coated Corrugated Metal Pipe, which includes:	
GCCMP		Galvanized (Zinc) Coated Corrugated Metal Pipe and
ACCMP		Aluminum Coated Corrugated Metal Pipe
PCCMP	Polymer Coated Corrugated Metal Pipe	
HDPE	High Density Polyethylene Pipe, which includes: HDPE-CI (Corrugated Interior) and HDPE-SI (Smooth Interior)	
PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe	

The numerical designations shown below will be used by designers for specifying the various types of pipe:

Type	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	RCSP	RCP	GCCMP	ACCMP	PCCMP	HDPE CI	SI	PVC

Designers shall identify all pipes by their corresponding Type number. For example, if RCSP, PCCMP and PVC are appropriate options, the designation would be 1-5-8. The Type "1" in this example is a RCSP.

Note: Normally, the contractor has the option of selecting the class of pipe, and type of installation in accordance with the fill height tables shown on the plans. However, for fill heights less than one foot, the designer must specify the class of pipe required. Refer to the Drainage Design and Erosion Control Manual for live load information. Use Attachment 2 for maximum fill height data.

Maximum Permissible Diameter of Standard Pipe

The maximum allowable inside diameter for the various pipes are shown in Attachment 2. These pipes are standard manufactured sizes. Sizes other than those shown are considered special designs that must be submitted to NDOR for approval.

Design Values for Manning Coefficient, (n)

The selected (n) value for design purposes when using corrugated pipe (MCCMP, PCCMP, and HDPE-CI) is 0.024. The design (n) value for smooth interior pipes (RCSP, RCP, PVC, and HDPE-SI) is 0.012. When it is necessary to determine the true magnitude of the pipe outlet flow velocity, designers should use the actual (n) value recommended by the manufacturer to perform computations. When designing for outlet control and *both* corrugated and smooth pipe are selected, the designer will use an (n) value of 0.024. A Manning (n) value of 0.012 shall be used when *only* smooth interior pipe are specified.

Flared End Sections

Use concrete flared end sections (CFES) for all concrete pipes. Specify metal flared end sections (MFES) for metal and plastic pipes when flared end sections are required. Flared end sections are not required for drive pipes unless they are to be installed within the clear zone. Safety flared end sections manufactured with a 10:1 slope and equipped with protective cross bars must be provided for the approach end of all drive pipes placed within the lateral obstacle clearance area.

Minimum and Maximum Fill Heights

Fill height determines the amount of dead load (or live load) that is imposed upon a culvert pipe. Minimum fill height is defined as the vertical distance measured from the top of the conduit to the bottom of the pavement or shoulder surfacing at its lowest point. Maximum fill height is defined as the vertical distance measured from the top of the conduit to the top of the pavement at its highest point. Minimum fill height for all culverts is one foot. The designer should review the live load computations as shown in the Drainage Design and Erosion Control Manual for special circumstances when this one foot minimum cannot be maintained. The maximum fill height that a pipe can withstand depends greatly on the type of bedding and backfill, pipe size, and pipe material. Refer to Attachment 2, along with the appropriate Special Plans, for guidelines in specifying various types of pipe.

Excavation, Bedding, and Backfill Requirements

Refer to Special Plan 4110, "Bedding and Backfill Requirements for Concrete Pipe", for installation details. Special Plan 4110, Sheet 4, "Bedding and Backfill Requirements for MCCMP, PCCMP, and Plastic Pipe", shows details for installing flexible pipe. Granular material is required for all flexible MCCMP, PCCMP, and plastic pipe installed under surfaced roadways. Unless special circumstances exist, granular material is not required for drive pipe, drop pipe, or temporary pipe installed outside the surfaced roadway prism.

On trench installations, the trench width depends on the outside diameter of the pipe and the side clearance requirement on each side of the pipe as shown on the Special Plans. Trench depth depends on the size of the pipe and the flow line location relative to the ground surface. On embankment installations, where the flowline of the pipe is above the natural ground, the culvert contractor is required to raise the ground along the centerline of the pipe to an appropriate elevation above the flowline (See Special Plan 4110). This embankment must be wide enough to excavate to the proper depth and install the pipe at the flowline shown on the cross sections. A contractor may choose to provide an embankment deep enough to use a trench installation. All excavations will be determined as established quantities using the method of measurement as shown in the current Nebraska Standard Specifications for Highway Construction.

Functional Use of Different Pipes

The functional usage of the various pipes that designers specify is summarized in Attachment 3. The plus sign shown in the Functional Usage table signifies that the use of a particular pipe material is acceptable for that function. The minus sign indicates where material use is prohibited. Designers may refer to the flow chart in Attachment 1 for assistance in the pipe selection process.

Connections

All RCP and RCSP connections under the roadway prism (or back-to-back of curb-line on urban projects) shall be Tongue and Groove (T&G) or modified T&G type, and have watertight joints (using cement mortar, fibered roof coating, or gaskets) in accordance with the Nebraska Standard Specifications for Highway Construction. All plastic and CMP pipe under the roadway prism (or back-to-back of curb-line) must be installed with approved watertight joints. CMP and plastic pipe outside the roadway prism (or back of curb-line) may be installed with soil tight connecting bands or other approved soil tight joints. All pipe used for sewer applications must be installed with approved watertight connections.

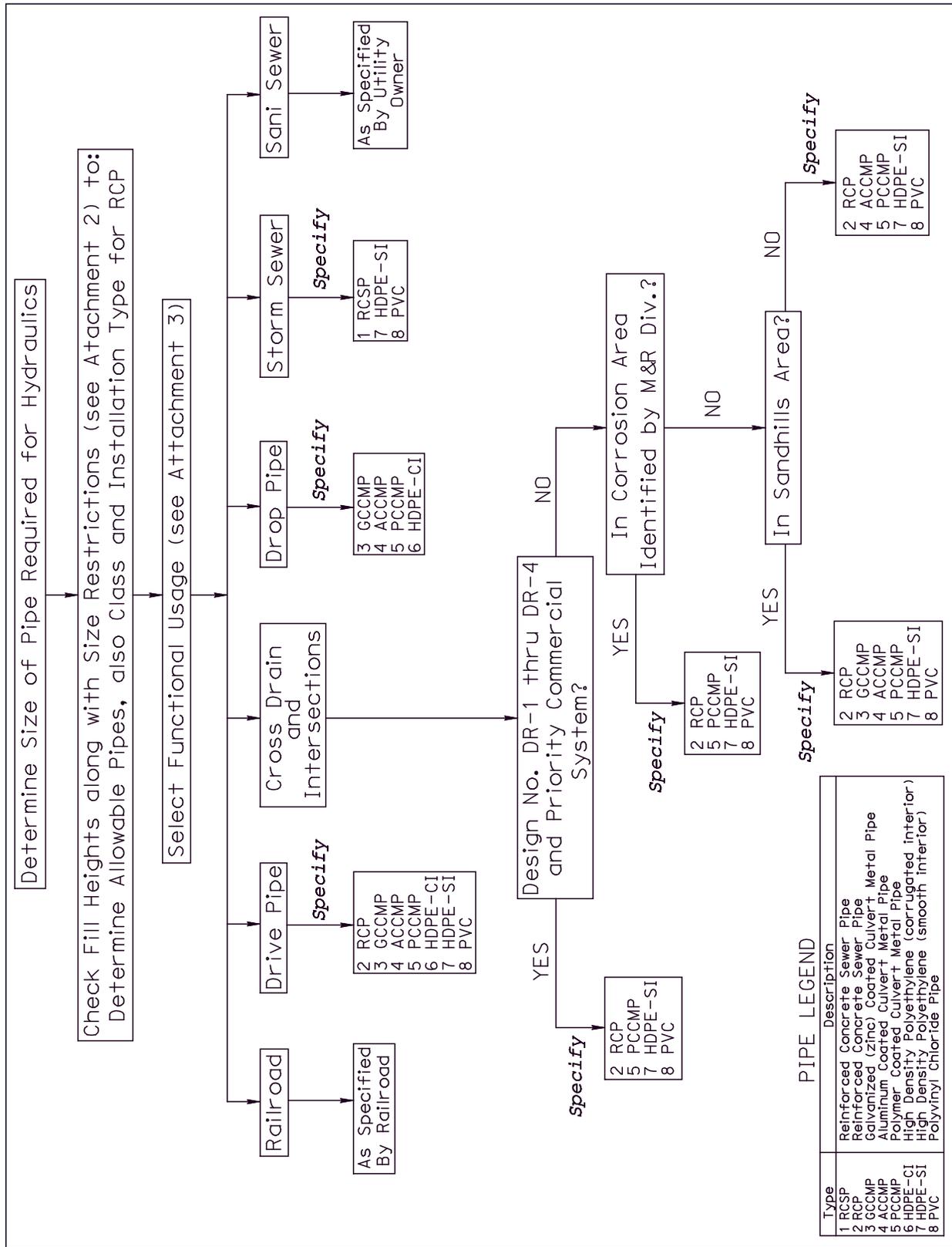
Culvert Extensions

Existing culverts will be extended using the same material as the existing structure. If the plans call for extension of Corrugated Metal Pipe Culvert, the pipes shall be connected by the contractor with an approved connecting band. When the plans designate the extension of a Concrete Pipe Culvert, the connection shall be made by enclosing the connecting joint with a concrete collar.

Temporary Pipe

The designer should contact the District to determine culvert type when temporary pipe is to be placed under a temporary (2 years or less) facility such as a temporary road or median crossover. If the pipe is to be furnished by the State, the construction note will call for INSTALLING the pipe. If the pipe is to be furnished by the contractor, the construction note will call for BUILDING the pipe. The District will also determine if the pipe will be salvaged to the State when the temporary roadway is removed. Corrugated metal pipe (Type 3, 4 or 5) will be allowed for temporary roadways. Granular backfill for temporary structures Type 3, 4 or 5 is not required.

ATTACHMENT 1 Pipe Selection Flow Chart



PIPE LEGEND

Type	Description
1 RCSP	Reinforced Concrete Sewer Pipe
2 RCP	Reinforced Concrete Sewer Pipe
3 GCCMP	Galvanized (zinc) Coated Culvert Metal Pipe
4 ACCMP	Aluminum Coated Culvert Metal Pipe
5 PCCMP	Polymer Coated Culvert Metal Pipe
6 HDPE-CI	High Density Polyethylene (corrugated interior)
7 HDPE-SI	High Density Polyethylene (smooth interior)
8 PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

ATTACHMENT 2 Pipe Size and Fill Height Requirements

Maximum Permissible Diameters Of Standard Pipe

The following interior pipe diameters (in inches) are considered maximum standard sizes. Larger sizes may be allowed by special design approved by NDOR.

Type	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	RCSP		RCP	GCCMP	ACCMP	PCCMP	HDPE		PVC
	III	IV	V				CI	SI	
	108	72	48	84	84	84	36	36	36

Maximum Fill Heights (feet) For Round Concrete Pipe

Pipe Size (in)	Installation Type 3			Installation Type 2			Installation Type 1		
	Class III	Class IV	Class V	Class III	Class IV	Class V	Class III	Class IV	Class V
15	12	15	21	15	19	26	23	28	40
18	12	17	24	16	22	30	24	32	45
21	13	19	26	16	24	32	25	37	48
24	13	19	26	17	24	33	25	32	45
27	13	17	26	17	21	34	23	26	51
30	12	14	25	15	17	32	20	21	49
36	10	16	24	13	21	31	20	31	47
42	10	15	23	13	19	29	20	29	44
48	10	14	22	13	18	29	20	28	43
54	10	14		13	17		20	27	
60	9	14		12	18		19	28	
66	9	14		12	18		19	28	
72	9	14		12	18		19	28	
78	9			12			19		
84	9			12			19		
90	9			12			20		
96	9			12			19		
102	10			13			20		
108	10			14			22		

The Type 3 Installation (shaded) is the NDOR Standard. See Special Plan 4110 (Bedding and Backfill for Concrete Pipe) for additional information about Table development and usage.

Maximum Fill Heights for Flexible Pipe

The maximum dead load fill height for HDPE, PVC, and CMP is set at 40 feet, using the bedding and backfill requirements as shown in Special Plan 4110. Consult with the pipe manufacturer when designing for fills greater than 40 feet, or when special situations are encountered that are beyond the scope of this policy. When installing flexible pipe outside the roadway prism (or back of curb-line on urban projects), and when granular materials are not used as shown in this policy, the maximum fill height is set at 20 feet (standard proctor test density for non-granular material must be greater than 95%).

ATTACHMENT 3 Pipe Design Applications and Examples

FUNCTIONAL USAGE

Type	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Functional Usage	RCSP (All Classes)	RCP (All Classes)	GCCMP Galvanized (Zinc) Coated CMP	ACCMP Aluminum Coated CMP	PCCMP Polymer Coated CMP	HDPE-CI Corrugated Interior	HDPE-SI Smooth Interior	PVC
Cross Drain and Intersections	+	+	See Footnotes		+	-	+	+
Drive Pipes	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Drop Pipe	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	-
Railroad	As Specified by the Railroad							
StormSewer	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	+
Sani. Sewer	As Specified by the Utility Owner							

Cross Drain and Intersection Footnotes:

- Galvanized CMP---Allowed for Design No. DR-5, DR-6 and DR-7 in the Sandhills, unless identified corrosion areas exist.
- Aluminum Coated CMP---Allowed for Design No. DR-5, DR-6 and DR-7, unless identified corrosion areas exist.

EXAMPLES OF CULVERT TYPES SPECIFIED

Pipe Dia. (in.)	Max. Fill Height (f.)	Pipe Function	Location	Type Specified
48	20	Cross drain pipe	S. Hills/DR-5/no corrosive areas	1
54	20	Cross drain	DR-6/corrosive area	2-5
36	24	Cross drain	Statewide/DR-3	2-5-7-8
30	5	Cross drain	Statewide/Priority/Commercial System	2-5-7-8
42	25	Cross drain	Not Sandhills/DR-7/no corrosion	2-4-5
54	5	Storm sewer	Statewide	1
36	5	Storm sewer	Statewide	1-7-8
48	15	Drive pipe	Statewide	2-3-4-5
24	15	Drive pipe	Statewide	2-3-4-5-6-7-8
24	5	Drop pipe	Statewide	3-4-5-6

PIPE LEGEND

Type	Description
1 RCSP	Reinforced Concrete Sewer Pipe
2 RCP	Reinforced Concrete Pipe
3 GCCMP	Galvanized (zinc) Coated Culvert Metal Pipe
4 ACCMP	Aluminum Coated Culvert Metal Pipe
5 PCCMP	Polymer Coated Culvert Metal Pipe
6 HDPE-CI	High Density Polyethylene (corrugated interior)
7 HDPE-SI	High Density Polyethylene (smooth interior)
8 PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

Commentary

Following is a summary of the major changes, additions and improvements incorporated in the 1997 Pipe Material Policy:

Plastic Pipe

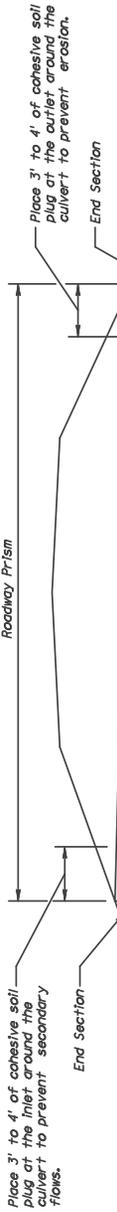
Past policy and Specifications limited the use of plastic pipe primarily for driveway, underdrain and sewer applications. As a result of research and field testing, the use of plastic pipe (HDPE and PVC) has been broadened to include roadway cross drain as well as other drainage applications. The new Special Plans for flexible pipe show: installation, material, and backfill requirements. Also, due to the non-corrosive nature of these materials, plastic pipe is included for use in areas where corrosion of metallic coated culverts is a concern.

Pipe Installations Under Pavement

In order to extend the design life (by improving structural performance, reducing settlement and joint movement etc.) of surfaced roadways, improved cross section details for all pipes (concrete, metal and plastic) have been developed. Flexible pipes require a granular material envelope to improve in-place structural performance, while reducing compaction effort and pipe movement during installation. Use of granular bedding and backfill with metallic coated pipes also has the benefit of reducing soil-side corrosion. Use of polymer coated CMP effectively reduces interior corrosion as well as exterior soil-side corrosion, and therefore, is allowed for use under all roadways.

New Special Plans for concrete pipe installations have been developed in order to provide more options for the designer, contractor, and pipe manufacturer in regard to pipe class selection and installation. Under this policy, the contractor will be allowed to select the type of installation, and class of pipe based upon available fill height information shown on the plans. Previous specifications required the culvert contractor to place concrete pipe upon a carefully shaped trench bottom. The new plans provide more options for bedding and backfill in order to utilize different classes of pipe, or to reduce labor during installation.

NDOR concrete pipe design procedures are currently being upgraded in order to take advantage of concrete pipe computer programs such as SIDD and PIPECAR. These programs are already being used by the concrete pipe industry, and are acceptable programs developed thru the efforts of ANSI, FHWA, and the Concrete Pipe Association. The new Special Plans for concrete pipe incorporate detailing to support and complement these industry accepted programs.



LIMITS OF BEDDING AND BACKFILL

Excavation, Bedding and Embankment Sequences

Trench Installation:

- (A) Determine the flow line and trench bottom elevations.
- (B) Determine the shape of trench. Decide if shoring is needed. Contractor is ultimately responsible for the safety of all workers, equipment and materials in the trench.
- (C) Place the bedding material (see Table 1) loosely.
- (D) Place pipe on the bedding and compact outer bedding. (see Table 1).
- (E) Place and compact the Lower side, Haunch and Overfill material at 6 in. intervals.

Embankment Installation:

- (A) Determine the flow line and Spring Line elevation.
- (B) If flow line is above the natural ground, place an embankment at least 30a wide with 3:1 foreslopes or flatter at Spring Line elevation, compacted at roadbed required compaction.
- (C) If the flow line is below the natural ground but the Spring Line is above the natural ground, place the embankment similar to the one in step B.
- (D) Excavate to proper elevation.
- (E) Place bedding material (see Table 1) loosely.
- (F) Place the pipe on the bedding material and compact Outer bedding material (see Table 1).
- (G) Place and compact the Haunch, Lower side and Overfill material at 6 in. intervals.

Notes for Trench Installations:

1. Compaction and soil symbols, i.e. 95% SW, refer to SW soil material with minimum Standard Proctor compaction of 95%.
2. The trench top elevation shall be no lower than 1 ft. below the bottom of the pavement base material.
3. Soil in bedding and haunch zones shall be compacted to at least the same compaction as specified for the majority of soil in the backfill zones.
4. The trench width shall be wider than shown if required for adequate space to attain the specified compaction in the haunch and bedding zones.
5. For trench walls that are within 10 degrees of vertical, the compaction or firmness of the soil in the trench walls and lower side zone need not be considered.
6. For trench walls with greater than 10 degree slopes that consist of embankment, the lower side shall be compacted to at least the same compaction as specified for the soil in the backfill zone.

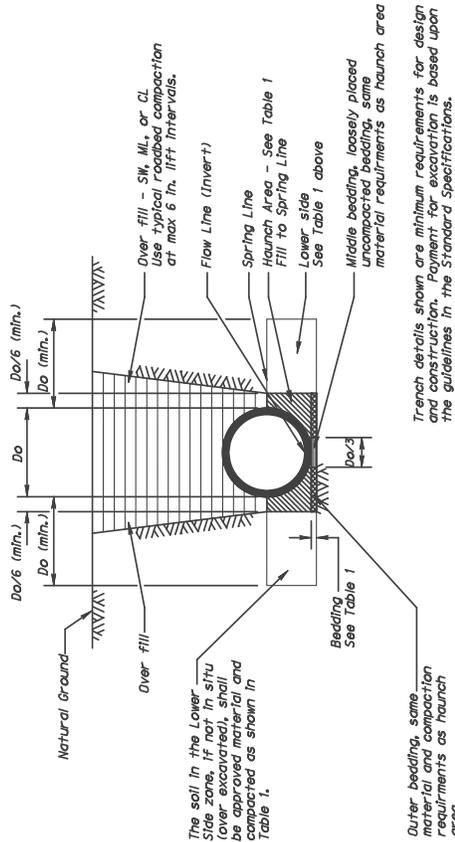
Table 1
Standard Installations, Soils and
Minimum Compaction Requirements

Installation Type	Bedding Thickness	Haunch and Outer Bedding	Lower Side
Type 1	Do/24 minimum, not less than 3 in. for rock foundations use Do/12 minimum, not less than 6 in.	95% SW	90% SW, 95% ML, 100% CL, or natural soils of equal firmness
Type 2		90% SW or 95% ML	85% SW, 90% ML, or natural soils of equal firmness
* Type 3		85% SW, 90% ML, or 95% CL	85% SW, 90% ML, 95% CL, or soils of equal firmness

Table 1 Notes:

* The Type 3 installation shown is the NDOR Minimum Standard, using either a shaped trench according to the Standard Specifications, or at the option of the contractor, the bedding with compactions as shown.

Allowable fill heights for the Type 1, 2, and 3 Installations are shown in Table 4.



Trenches shall be excavated in accordance with approved safety practice.

TYPICAL TRENCH INSTALLATION



BEDDING AND BACKFILL REQUIREMENTS
FOR CONCRETE PIPE
SHEET 1 OF 4
SPECIAL PLAN C

Table 1
Standard Installations, Soils and
Minimum Compaction Requirements

Installation Type	Bedding Thickness	Haunch and Outer Bedding	Lower Side
Type 1	Do/24 minimum, not less than 3 in. If rock foundation, use Do/12 minimum, not less than 6 in.	95% SW	90% SW, 95% ML, or 100% CL,
Type 2		90% SW 95% ML	85% SW, 90% ML, or 95% CL,
* Type 3		85% SW, 90% ML, or 95% CL,	85% SW, 90% ML, or 95% CL,

Table 1 Notes:
* The Type 3 Installation shown is the NDOR Minimum Standard, using either a spaced trench according to the Standard Specifications, or at the option of the contractor, the bedding with compactions as shown.
Allowable fill heights for the Type 1, 2, and 3 Installations are shown in Table 4.

Table 2
Pipe Dimensions

Nominal Pipe Diameter (Inches)	Standard Outside Pipe Diameter (Inches)	Standard Inside Pipe Diameter (Inches)	Standard Outside Pipe Diameter (Inches)	Standard Inside Pipe Diameter (Inches)
18	19.5	22.5	28.5	
21	26.5	31.5	36.5	
24	30	34.5	41	
27	33.5	43.25	45.5	
30	37	45.75	54	38
36	44	51.75	63	44
42	51	60.15	71	49
48	58	68.5	80	55
54	65	76	89	61
60	72	85	97	67
66	79	92	106	73
72	86	102	114	79
78	93	110	123	85
84	100	118		
90	107			
96	114			
102	121			
108	128			

Table 3
Soil Classification for Bedding & Backfill

ASTM Soil Group Symbol D 2487	Description	Percentage Passing Sieve Sizes	
		1 1/2 in. (40 mm)	No. 4 (4.75 mm) No. 200 (0.075 mm) Δ 50% of "Coarse Fraction" & 5%
SW	Well graded sands and gravelly-sands: little or no fines. Non Plastic	100%	100%
ML	Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey-fine-sands, silts with slight plasticity	100%	Δ 50%
CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly-clays, sandy-clays, silty-clays, lean clays		

Notes for Embankment Installations:

1. Compaction and soil symbols, i.e. 95% SW, refer to SW soil material with a minimum Standard Proctor compaction of 95%.
2. Soil in the outer bedding, haunch, and lower side zones, except within the Do/3 middle bedding, shall be compacted to at least the same compaction as the majority of the soil in the overfill zones.
3. Subtrenches
 - 3.1 A subtrench is defined as a trench with its top at an elevation lower than 1 ft below the bottom of the pavement base material.
 - 3.2 The minimum width of a subtrench shall be 1.370p, or wider if required for adequate space to attain the specified compaction in the haunch and bedding zones.
 - 3.3 For subtrenches with walls of natural soil, any portion of the lower side zone in the subtrench wall shall be at least as firm as an equivalent soil placed to the compaction requirements specified for the lower side zone, and as firm as the majority of soil in the overfill zone, or shall be removed and replaced with soil compacted to the specified level.

General Notes:

When in-situ lateral soil resistance is negligible, e.g. peat, muck, or highly expansive soil, embedment shall be placed and compacted at the direction of the Engineer.

To protect the pipe and backfill during construction, provide a minimum of 36 in. of compacted fill material over the top of the pipe before allowing any heavy equipment to transverse over the pipe. Extremely heavy equipment may require larger cover as determined by the contractor.

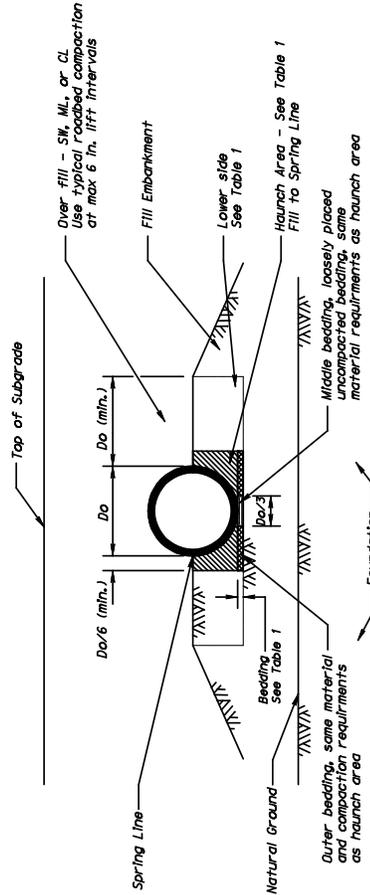
The pipe volume should not be subtracted from the volume of excavation.

These design standards are minimum. If a more restrictive design is required by the Engineer or culvert manufacturer, then these standards shall be modified. Changes to pay item quantities due to unforeseen site conditions shall be calculated and incorporated into the contract thru a change order.

Both ends of the pipe shall be sealed with cohesive soil (around the pipe extending 3 ft. to 4 ft. from each end) to protect against infiltration and erosion.

Bedding and backfill material is not paid for directly, but is subsidiary to the linear feet of culvert. Bedding and backfill material shall meet ASTM D 2487 (soil groups as shown in Table 3).

Percent compaction shall be determined in accordance with NDOR Standard Test Method T 99.



TYPICAL EMBANKMENT INSTALLATION



BEDDING AND BACKFILL REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE PIPE
SHEET 2 OF 4
SPECIAL PLAN C

Standard Installations, Soils and Minimum Compaction Requirements

Installation Type	Bedding Thickness	Haunch and Outer Bedding	Lower Side
Type 1	Do/24 minimum, 5 in. less than foundation*	95% SW	90% SW, 95% ML, or 100% CL
Type 2	Do/12 minimum, not less than 6 in.	90% SW or 95% ML	85% SW, 90% ML, or 95% CL
* Type 3		85% SW, 90% ML, or 95% CL	85% SW, 90% ML, or 95% CL

Notes:

* The Type 3 Installation (shaded) in Table 4 is the NDOR Standard, using either a shaped trench according to the Standard Specifications, or at the option of the contractor, the bedding with compactions as shown.

Installation Type 2 and Type 1 are improved methods in order to support higher fill heights using class III, IV, and circular concrete pipe. Installation Type 1 will provide the same bedding and backfill. The contractor will choose the installation type and class of pipe. Actual project fill heights must be known in order to use Table 4. Round equivalent, non-circular pipe such as arch or elliptical pipe, may be selected, provided such pipe are designed and manufactured to the same D-loads and ultimate strengths listed in Table 5, as the selected circular pipe from the fill height table.

**Table 4
Maximum Fill Heights (feet) For Standard Design (AASHTO M 170) Round Concrete Pipe**

Pipe Size (in.)	Installation Type 3* (NDOR Standard)		Installation Type 2		Installation Type 1	
	Class III	Class IV	Class III	Class IV	Class III	Class IV
15	12	15	15	19	23	28
18	12	17	16	22	24	32
21	13	19	16	24	25	37
24	13	19	17	24	25	32
27	13	17	17	21	23	26
30	12	14	15	17	20	21
36	10	16	13	21	20	31
42	10	15	13	19	20	29
48	10	14	13	18	20	28
54	10	14	13	17	20	27
60	9	14	12	18	19	28
66	9	14	12	18	19	28
72	9	14	12	18	19	28
78	9	14	12	18	19	28
84	9	14	12	18	19	28
90	9	14	12	18	19	28
96	9	14	12	18	19	28
102	10	14	13	18	20	28
108	10	14	14	18	22	28

General Notes:

Fill heights shown in Table 4 were developed using ASCE Standards for Direct Design of Buried Precast Concrete Pipe, manufactured in accordance with AASHTO M 170 specification requirements (see Table 4 footnote for exceptions). Fill heights shown are for rigid pipe installed under rigid conditions, used under rigid and flexible pavements, with soil over-fill weighing 120 pounds per cubic foot. Under special circumstances (where pavement is not used and live load becomes critical, or different soil density is encountered, or the one foot minimum clearance from the bottom of the pipe to the top of the pipe cannot be maintained), the fill heights may be modified. Deeper Fill Heights may be used by Submitting a Special Standard Installation Direct Design (SIDD) for NDOR Approval. Concrete pipe designs that are not shown in applicable AASHTO specifications will be considered special designs that must be submitted to NDOR for approval.

Table 4 Notes:

AASHTO M 170 specifications are modified as follows:
Only single inner cage, circular reinforcing is allowed for class III, IV, 18, 21, and 24 in. round RCP as shown.

Pipe Size (in.)	Class	Minimum Circumferential Reinforcing (in. ² /ft. of Pipe Wall)
15	III	0.08
18	III	0.10
21	III	0.12
24	III	0.14

Applicable Specifications:

- AASHTO M 170---Round RCP
- AASHTO M 206---Arch RCP
- AASHTO M 207---Elliptical RCP

**Table 5
D-Loads For Concrete Pipe**

Pipe Class	III	IV	V
D-Load to produce a 0.01-in. crack	1350	2000	3000
D-Load to produce the ultimate load	2000	3000	3750

Notes:

Load on Pipe in pounds per linear foot = D-load x inside span in feet
D-load = Test load expressed in pounds-force per linear foot per foot of diameter

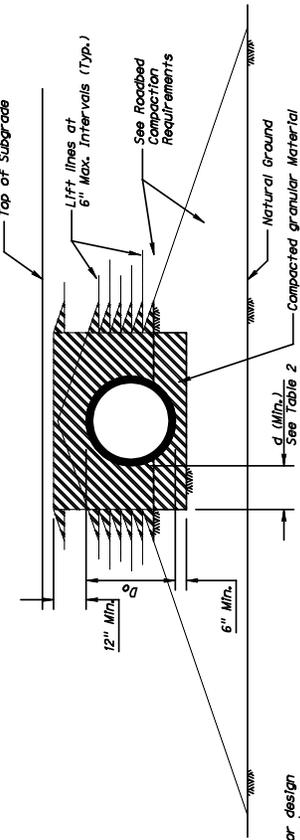


BEDDING AND BACKFILL REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE PIPE

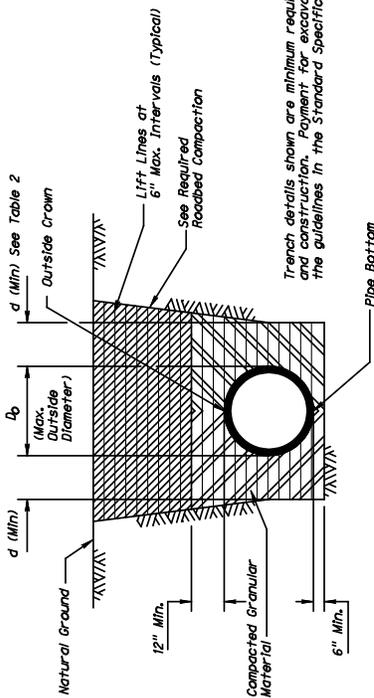
SHEET 3 OF 4

SPECIAL PLAN C

3 of 4 4110 1 E 01



TYPICAL EMBANKMENT INSTALLATION



TYPICAL TRENCH INSTALLATION

Trenches shall be excavated in accordance with approved safety practice.

Trench details shown are minimum requirements for design and construction. Payment for excavation is based upon the guidelines in the Standard Specifications.

Notes:

Installations as shown are required under all surfaced roadways. Bedding and backfill for drive pipe or other pipe outside the roadway prism (or back of curb-line for urban projects) may be installed using suitable existing soil, placed and compacted in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

Where in-situ lateral soil resistance is negligible e.g. peat, muck, or highly expansive soil, embankment shall be placed and compacted at the direction of the Engineer.

To protect the pipe and backfill during construction, provide a minimum of 36" of compacted fill material over the top of the pipe before allowing any heavy equipment to traverse over the pipe. Extremely heavy equipment may require larger cover as determined by the contractor.

Pipe volume should not be subtracted from the volume of excavation.

These design standards are minimum. If a more restrictive design is required by the Engineer or the contractor, the design shall be calculated and incorporated into the contract by a change order.

Exposed ends of the pipe shall be sealed with cohesive soil (around the pipe extending 3' to 4' from each end) to protect against infiltration and erosion.

Granular fill material is not paid for directly, but is subsidiary to the linear feet of culvert.

Granular material shall meet ASTM D 2487 (soil group as shown in Table 1). Material shall be compacted to at least 90% proctor test density.

Percent compaction shall be determined in accordance with NDOR Standard Test Method T 99.

Table 2
Minimum d (inches)

Nominal Pipe Diameter (Inches)	Trench Installation		Embankment Installation	
	Metal Pipe	Plastic Pipe	Metal Pipe	Plastic Pipe
15	8	8	15	15
18	9	9	18	18
24	9	9	24	24
30	10	10	24	24
36	11	11	24	24
42	11	11	24	24
48	12	12	24	24
54	12	12	24	24
60	12	12	24	24
66	12	12	24	24
72	12	12	24	24
78	12	12	24	24
84	12	12	24	24

Table 1
Soil Classification for Granular Fill Material

Soil Group Symbol D 2487	Description	% Passing Sieve Sizes	
		1/2 in.	No. 4
GW	Well graded gravel and gravel-sand mixtures; little or no fines.	100%	50%
GP	Poorly graded gravel and gravel-sand mixtures; little or no fines.	100%	5%
SW	Well graded sand and gravel-sands; little or no fines.	100%	50%
SP	Poorly graded sand and gravel-sands; little or no fines.	100%	50%
e.g. GW-GC, SP-SM	Sand and gravels which are border line between clean and with fines.	100%	varies
GM	Silty gravel, gravel-sand-silt mixtures.	100%	5% to 12%
GC	Clayey-gravel, gravel-sand-clay mixtures.	100%	50% of coarse fraction
SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures.	100%	50% of coarse fraction



LIMITS OF BEDDING AND BACKFILL



BEDDING AND BACKFILL REQUIREMENTS FOR
MCCMP, PCCMP AND PLASTIC PIPE
SHEET 4 OF 4
SPECIAL PLAN C

Policy Concerning Concrete Pipe Plant Certification Including Testing, Inspection and Approval of Reinforced Concrete Culvert and Sewer Pipe and Concrete Flared-End Sections

General:

Concrete pipe manufacturers performing work for NDOR projects must be certified by the American Concrete Pipe Association (ACPA) or the National Precast Concrete Association (NPCA). The ACPA or NCPA certified facility must submit documentation of this certification to the Nebraska Department of Roads, Materials and Research Division on an annual basis for review. NDOR must receive a copy of any and all ACPA or NCPA audit reports, including a list of quality control personnel, certifications, noted deficiencies and corrective actions taken by the manufacturer.

In addition to the ACPA or NCPA certification, NDOR reserves the right to perform quality assurance testing, at any time, to ensure compliance with NDOR Specifications. Said testing will be conducted under the supervision of the Materials and Research Division at the pipe manufacturer's plant using the department's portable testing equipment and an approved testing frame provided by the pipe manufacturer. When considered desirable by the Materials and Research Division, tests may be conducted at the department's central laboratory. Certified suppliers must agree to allow NDOR inspectors free and reasonable access to all appropriate manufacturing and processing facilities. NDOR will notify manufacturers, in writing, when deviations from specifications have occurred which may potentially jeopardize a manufacturer's certification status.

Once a concrete pipe manufacturing plant has been qualified for NDOR work, it will be placed on the Nebraska Qualified Materials Vendor (NQMV) list, maintained by the Materials and Research Division. This NQMV list is subject to change at the discretion of the Nebraska Department of Roads.

Specifications and Test Methods:

The requirements of AASHTO Specification M 170-95, M 206-95 and M207-95 and the test methods designated therein, will govern for reinforced concrete pipe. Requirements for the class of pipe shall be as specified by department policies, plans, and the State of Nebraska Standard Specifications for Highway Construction. Concrete flared-end sections will be required to conform to the requirements of the department's standard designs and to the applicable requirements of AASHTO Specification M 170-95, M 206-95, or M 207-95, Class II, Class A-II or Class HE-II respectively.

NDOR Assurance Testing and Reporting:

NDOR assurance testing of Class III, IV, and V pipe and flared ends will be based on the results of drilled core strength testing and/or three-edge-bearing strength tests; by conformance with the design prescribed in the specifications; and by freedom from defects as determined by visual inspection. Pipe that fails to meet the strength requirements as determined by the selected test type may not be retested in order to pass assurance testing using one of the other test options aforementioned.

NDOR will maintain records of the size, type, linear footage, or quantity of pipe and flared ends supplied for Nebraska projects. Assurance testing frequency may be based upon several factors, including the quantity of pipe shipped by the plant, ACPA or NCPA reports and past assurance test results at a particular manufacturing facility. NDOR will notify the manufacturer not less than 5 working days prior to conducting assurance testing. Test results from NDOR will be reported and kept on file by the Materials and Research Division as part of an on-going quality assurance program.

Disqualification of a Concrete Pipe Manufacturer

DOR may disqualify a concrete pipe manufacturer from supplying pipe products under the following conditions:

- 1) The manufacturer is no longer ACPA or NCPA certified, or
- 2) NDOR assurance testing has identified major production deficiencies.

Once a manufacturer is removed from the NQMV list, pipe products produced by the manufacturer will not be accepted on NDOR projects. Upon taking corrective actions to resolve the major production deficiencies, the manufacturer may ask to be put back on the NQMV list. Before reinstatement is granted, the Materials and Research Division will re-qualify the manufacturer to confirm that the production deficiencies have been resolved.

Special Designs:

Pipe designs that are not shown in AASHTO specifications (modified or special designs) will be approved on the basis of three-edge-bearing strength tests for the load to produce the 0.01 inch crack and ultimate load; by conformance with the design requirements; and by freedom from defects as determined by visual inspection. Testing of these modified or special designed pipes will be conducted by NDOR. Design computations must be submitted to NDOR for review a minimum of five working days before tests will be conducted.

Manufacturer Responsibilities:

The manufacturer must provide a signed shipment report to cover all reinforced concrete pipe and concrete flared-end sections supplied for use on Nebraska projects. Approved shipping report forms will be supplied by NDOR. Said shipping report is to be signed by the manufacturer indicating that the supplied material is in full compliance with NDOR project contract requirements and that all steel incorporated in the manufacture of the pipe or flared-ends complies with current Federal "Buy America Act" provisions.

All reinforced concrete pipe and flared ends supplied by the certified plant for use on NDOR projects shall be marked by the manufacturer as required in the Nebraska Standard Specification for Highway Construction, Section 1037.02.

Pipe or flared-end sections scheduled for use on Nebraska projects may be shipped at anytime by the certified manufacturing plant. However, pipe or flared-end sections that have failed assurance testing will be culled from the manufacturers stock under the supervision of an NDOR inspector. All rejected or culled pipe will be clearly marked on the section interior by the manufacturer (using permanent ink marking) stating that the pipe is "NOT FOR NDOR USE". Such rejected pipe will not be allowed for use on Nebraska projects (or any other projects under the authority of NDOR).

No section of pipe or flared ends will be allowed for shipment by the manufacturer which contains any of the defects or does not meet specification requirements as follows:

1. Fractures or cracks passing through the shell except for a single end crack that does not exceed the depth of the joint.
2. Defects that indicate imperfect proportioning, mixing, and molding.
3. Surface defects indicating a honeycombed or open texture.
4. Damaged ends where such damage would prevent making a satisfactory joint.
5. Exposed steel reinforcement (exposed ends of stirrups or spacers used to position reinforcement is not cause for rejection).
6. Pipe does not include the required manufacturer's markings as per Nebraska Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, Section 1037.02.

This policy is considered in good faith and cooperation between the Nebraska Department of Roads and Concrete Pipe Manufacturers regarding testing, inspection, and reporting of reinforced concrete pipe products for state use. This policy, with its terms and conditions, is to be adhered to by each pipe manufacturer performing work and manufacturing products destined for State of Nebraska projects.